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THE RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT PROCESS

AND ITS IMPACT ON AGRICULTURAL LAND

A thesis submitted for the Degree of
Doctor of Philosophy
in the
University of Durham

bу

Jeanne Bateson

(in two volumes)

VOLUME II

November, 1989.



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TABLES



Table 1.1 CITY OF DURHAM DISTRICT, POPULATION TRENDS

	Resi	dent Popula	% i	ncrease	
	1961	1971	1981	61-71	71-81
City of Durham District	75.0	80.1	83.7	0.7	0.4
County Durham	605.3	607.4	607.4	0.3	0
England & Wales	46229.0	48934.0	49176.7	0.6	0.5

Source: 1971 and 1981 Censuses

Table 4.1 THE POLITICAL COMPOSITION OF THE COUNCILS WHICH HAVE ADMINISTERED DURHAM DISTRICT DURING THE PERIOD 1967-1980

Year / Council	No. of Labour	Councillors in ea		cal Party Conservative		otal
1967-68						
Durham MBC	8	13				21
Durham RDC	21	8				29
Brandon & Byshottles UDC	13	8				21
Durham County C. (1967)	69	9		8		86
1970-71						
Durham MBC	9	12				21
Durham RDC	23	8				31
Brandon & Byshottles UDC	14	7				21
Durham County C. (1970)	67	9	1	1		78
<u>1973</u> ⁺						
City of Durham C.	41	13	7			61
Durham County C.	56	7	6	2		72 (1 vacant)
1976-77						
City of Durham C.	34	19	7		1	61
Durham County C. (1977) 1979-81	41	10	7	14		72
City of Durham C.	23	14	5	4	1	47
Durham County C. (1981)	53	6	6	7		72

⁺ Councils elected to take control following local government re-organization on April 1st, 1974.

Sources: City of Durham District Council and Durham County Council.

^{*} Re-organized ward boundaries.

Table 4.2 DURHAM DISTRICT COUNCILLORS - LENGTH OF SERVICE

No. of Years as a Councillor	No. of Councillors
1–5	10
6-10	5
11-15	5
16-20	3
20+	2

Source: Survey of Durham District Councillors, 1974.

Table 4.3 DURHAM DISTRICT COUNCILLORS - BY SOCIO-ECONOMIC GROUP

Socio-Economic Group	No. of Councillors	Political Party
Employers & Managers	4	4 Independent
(1, 2 & 13)		
Professional (3 & 4)	2	2 Liberal
Non-Manual (5 & 6)	10	8 Labour 1 Liberal 1 Independent
Skilled Manual	5	4 Labour 1 Independen
(8,9, 12 & 14)		
Semi-skilled	2	1 Labour 1 Independent
(7, 10 & 15)		•
Unskilled (11)	1	1 Labour
Inadequately described	1	1 Independent

Source: Survey of Durham District Councillors, 1974.

Table 5.1 PREVIOUS RESIDENCES OF HOUSE PURCHASERS ON FIVE HOUSING
ESTATES IN DURHAM DISTRICT

Previous Residence	Estate	es				•				
	Newto	on Hall	High	n Grange	Gilesgate Riverside				Cha ffe Pa	ase ark
	No.	*	No.	% *	No.	% *	No.	% *	No.	% *
Framwellgate Moor (incl. Newton Hall)	185	12	9	2	1	2	2	6	-	_
Belmont	_	_	14	3	5	9	2	6	15	17
Total Durham City (incl. above)	305	19	71	17	12	22	6	18	22	25
Remainder Durham District	69	4	42	10	4	7	_	_	15	17
Total Durham District	374	24	113	28	16	30	6	18	37	43
Easington District	6	0.4	13	3	4	7	-	_	4	5
Teesdale and Wear Valley Districts	33	2	9	2	. 1	2	-	-	3	3
Sedgefield and Darlington Districts	30	2	8	2	1	2	-	-	2	2
Chester le Street District	84	5	11	3	1	2	2	6	2	2
Derwentside District	61	4	14	3	3	6	_	-	1	1
North East New Towns incl. Newton Aycliffe, Peterlee and Washington	96	6	26	6	6	11	1	3	7	8
Total County Durham (incl. Washington)	310	20	81	20	16	30	3	9	19	22
Sunderland	127	8	59	15	3	6	2	6	14	16
South Tyneside	273	17	37	9	4	7	1	3	3	3
North Tyneside	267	17	25	6	4	7	2	6	2	2
Teesside	29	2	10	2	2	4	1	3	1	1
Northumberland	34	2	10	2	-	-	_	-	1	1
Yorkshire	49	3	12	3	-	-	2	6	2	2
North West (incl. Cumbria and Lancashire)	35	2	8	2	2	4	1	3	_	_
Midlands E. & W.	15	1	9	2	1	2	2	6	_	_
South East	39	2	20	5	2	4	6	18	4	5
Remainder of England and Wales	15	1	18	4	3	6	5	15	3	3
Scotland	10	2	4	1	1	2	2	6	1	1
Total 1	,577		406		54		33		87	

^{*}Percentages do not add up to 100 because of rounding.

Source: Estate records supplied by property developers.

Table 5.2 HOUSE PURCHASERS BY SOCIO-ECONOMIC GROUP

Socio-Economic Group of Purchaser	Estates: Newton Hall		High Grange		Gilesgate Riverside		High Shincliffe	
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
Employers and Managers (1,2 & 13)	67	12	70	17	10	18	19	56
Professional (3 & 4)	72	13	61	15	19	35	7	21
Non-Manual (5 & 6)	219	40	161	40	12	22	3	9
Skilled Manual (8,9, 12 & 14)	87	16	65	16	3	5	0	-
Semi-Skilled (7,10 & 15)	4	1	5	1	0	-	0	-
Unskilled (11)	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-
Unclassified	100	18	43	11	11	20	5	15
Total	549		405		55		34	

Source: Estate records supplied by property developers.

Table 5.3 DURHAM DISTRICT COUNCIL HOUSE WAITING LIST, SEPTEMBER, 1978

	Resident App Aged Persons Accommodation	licants Other	Out of District Applicants
No. 1			
Esh Winning, New Brancepe Brandon, Meadowfield	eth, 113	43	55
No. 2			
Ushaw Moor, Bearpark	45	20	28
No. 3			
Crossgate, Pity Me, Framwellgate Moor, Nevilles Cross, Kimblesworth and Brasside Witton Gilbert	e, 124	60	_
No. 4			
Elvet, Claypath, Gilesgat Gilesgate Moor, Sherburn Road, Carrville, West Rainton	te , 124	69	-
No. 5			
Sherburn Village, Sherbur Hill, Shadforth, Pitting Littletown, Ludworth		33	42
No. 6			
Bowburn, Cassop, Coxhoe, Kelloe, Quarrington Hill Sunderland Bridge	137	48	47
Total	595	273	172

Source: Durham District Council, 1979 Report of Survey.

Table 6.1 DEVELOPERS' INFORMATION SOURCES AT THE LAND SEARCH STAGE

Source	No. of Times Cited	
Landowners	6	
Estate Agents	4	
Local Authority Officers	4	
Media	3	
Estate Managers	2	
Auctioneers	2	
Solicitors	1	
Other Developers	1	
Consultants	1	
Building Society Managers	1	

Source: Developer Survey, 1974.

Table 6.2 LOCATIONAL CRITERIA MENTIONED BY DEVELOPERS

Criteria			Deve.	lope	rs (S	Size	Cate	egory	7)	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	(M)	(S)	(S)	(L)	(S)	(S)	(S)	(L)	(L)	(L)
Proximity to Schools	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+
Proximity to Employment	-	-	_	+	+	* +	+	+	+	+*
Access to a Major Centre		+						+		
Good Accessibility to Major Roads			+					+	+	+
Visual Appearance of Site	+	+	+	-	* +	+	+	-	+	+
Visual Quality of Access	+					+			+	+
Accessibility to Public Transport		+	-	+	-	+*	+	+*	-*	+
Quality of Existing Housing in Area	+	+	+		+	+		+		
Proximity of Local Authority Housing	+				+	+	+	* +	* +	* +
Proximity to Shops	+			+				+		
Proximity to Recreation Facilities								+		-

⁺ Important Factor

Size Categories:

(L) Large

(M) Medium

(S) Small

Source: Developer Survey, 1974.

⁻ Unimportant Factor

^{*} Denotes a qualified statement, e.g. proximity to housing is important only for lower priced housing schemes.

Table 6.3 DURHAM DISTRICT - SETTLEMENT CLASSIFICATIONS

Settlement	Classification Category							
	1951	1964	1972	1981 Structure Plan Policy Nos. 7 and 8				
Bearpark	В	1	1	7				
Bowburn	Α	1	1	7				
Brancepeth	В	3	3	8				
Brandon	Α	1	1	7				
Brandon Colliery	D	4	4	-				
Brandon Village	В	4	3	-				
Broom	D	4	4	8				
Browney Colliery	D	· _	-	-				
Carrville	Α	1	1	6				
Cassop Colliery	D	-	-	8				
Coxhoe	С	1	1	7				
Croxdale	В	1	1	8				
Croxdale Colliery	В	4	4	8				
Durham	Α	1	1	6				
Esh Winning	Α	1	1	7				
Framwellgate Moor	Α	1	1	6				
Hamilton Row	D	-	-	8				
Hett	В	3	3	8				
High Pittington	В	1	1	7				
Kelloe	Α	1	1	7				
Kimblesworth	D	1	1	7				
Langley Moor	D	4	4	+				
Littleburn	D	4	4	-				
Littletown	D	4	4	-				
Low Pittington	D	3	3	8				
Ludworth	В	4	4	8				
Meadowfield	D	4	4	+				
New Brancepeth	D	4	1	7				
Pity Me	D	1	1	6				
Quarrington Hill	Α	1	1	7				
Shadforth	В	3	3	8				
Sherburn	Α	1	1	7				
Sherburn Hill	D	4	4	8				

DURHAM DISTRICT - SETTLEMENT CLASSIFICATIONS (contd.)

Settlement		Classi	fication Ca	tegory
	1951	1964	1972	1981 Structure Plan Policy Nos. 7 and 8
Shincliffe Village	А	3	3	8
Shincliffe Bank Top	D	1	1	7
Sunderland Bridge	В	3	3	8
Ushaw Moor	Α	1	1	7
Waterhouses	D	4	4	8
West Rainton	А	1	1	7
Witton Gilbert	Α	1	1	7

⁺ A decision on settlement classification awaits the outcome of a local plan.

For definitions of each category see:

1951: County Council of Durham, 1951. County Development Plan, Written Analysis, 77.

1969: County Council of Durham, 1969. County Development Plan, Amendment No. 39. Written Statement, Appendix A, 10-14.

1981: Durham County Council, 1981. Durham County Structure Plan and Darlington Urban Structure Plan, 35-36.

Table 6.4 SETTLEMENTS WITHIN DURHAM DISTRICT - OPINIONS ON THE SUITABLE SCALE OF FUTURE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT

Settlement	County Council Structure Plan Categories	District Planners'2 Opinions	District Plan Categories	Developers' (NFBTE) 4 Opinions
Central Urban Area	no major land release	substantial	substantial	substantial
Bearpark	general	moderate	restricted	limited
Bowburn	general	moderate	limited	moderate
Brancepeth	limited infill	restricted	restricted	restricted
Brandon	general	moderate	moderate	substantial
Broompark	limited infill	limited	limited	limited
Cassop	limited infill	limited	restricted	restricted
Coxhoe	general	moderate	moderate	moderate
Croxdale / Sunderland	limited infill	limited	limited	moderate
Bridge		restricted	restricted	restricted
Esh Winning	general	moderate	limited	limited
Hett	limited infill	restricted	restricted	moderate
High Pittington	general	moderate	moderate	substantial
High Shincliffe	general	moderate	limited	moderate
Kelloe	general	moderate	restricted	restricted
Kimblesworth	general	restricted	restricted	restricted
Langley Moor	no decision	moderate	substantial	moderate
Littletown	not recognised	limited	limited	moderate
Low Pittington	limited infill	restricted	restricted	limited
Ludworth	limited infill	restricted	restricted	limited
Meadowfield	no decision	moderate	moderate	substantial
New Brancepeth	general	limited	limited	restricted
Quarrington Hill	general	moderate	restricted	restricted
Shadforth	limited infill	restricted	restricted	substantial
Sherburn	general	substantial	limited	substantial
Sherburn Hill	limited infill	moderate	limited	moderate
Shincliffe Village	limited infill	restricted	restricted	limited
Ushaw Moor	general	moderate	limited	limited
West Rainton	general	moderate	limited	substantial
Witton Gilbert	general	limited	limited	restricted

Table 6.4 SETTLEMENTS WITHIN DURHAM DISTRICT - OPINIONS ON THE SUITABLE SCALE OF FUTURE HOUSING DEVELOPMENT (cont.)

- 1. County Structure Plan categories (identified in the early consultation stages) do not reflect a defined scale of development, merely the principle of suitability for very limited infill or more sizeable general development.
- 2. The opinions of the interviewed planners were expressed in terms of general principles, but could be interpreted to correspond with the categories used in the District Council / NFBTE liaison survey (1979): substantial > 300 houses; moderate 100-300; limited 30-100; restricted < 30.</p>
- 3. District Plan proposals were translated into the above categories by aggregating proposed site capacities within each settlement. The differences between these categories and those in column 2 indicate the extent to which the District planners' have had to modify their 'opinions' to accommodate public opinion and political decisions.
- 4. As expressed in the District Council/NFBTE survey.
 This survey included all but one of the developers interviewed by the author.

Table 7.1 MEAN PROCESSING TIMES FOR PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL APPLICATIONS
BY YEAR, 1968-1979

MIL IN	11, 190021979
Year	Mean Processing Time months
1968	3.5
1969	4.4
1970	3.2
1971	3.3
1972	3.4
197 3	4.8
1974	4.8
1975	3.3
1976	3.3
1977	3.9
1978	3.3
1979	4.6

The mean includes the time taken to process both outline and full applications but reserved matter applications are excluded.

Source: Durham County Council and City of Durham Council, planning application registers.

Table 7.2. PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL APPLICATION DECISIONS BY YEAR, 1968-1979

Year		Durha	m Cit	-y		Re	est of	Dist	rict			Durham District				
	Appr	rovals	Refu	usals	Total	Appr	rovals	Refu	usals	Total	Total Approvals			Rëfusals		
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	No.	%	No.	%	No.	No.	%	No.	%	No.	
1968	5	55.5	4	44.5	9	4	50.0	4	50.0	8	9	52.9	8	47.1	17	
1969	6	85.7	1	14.3	7	5	50.0	5	50.0	10	11	64.7	6	35.3	17	
1970	3	75.0	1	25.0	4	7	70.0	3	30.0	10	10	71.4	4	28.6	14	
1971	4	44.4	5	55.6	9	10	71.4	4	28.6	14	14	60.9	9	39.1	23	
1972	6	46.2	7	53.8	13	16	40.0	24	60.0	40	22	41.5	31	58.5	53	
1973	9	69.2	4	30.8	13	10	37.0	17	63.0	27	19	47.5	21	52.5	40	
1974	6	75.0	2	25.0	8	7	46.7	8	53.3	15	13	56.5	10	43.5	23	
1975	10	76.9	3	23.1	13	11	64.7	6	35.3	17	21	70.0	9	30.0	30	
1976	2	50.0	2	50.0	4	8	53.3	7	46.7	15	10	52.6	9	47.4	19	
1977	3	75.0	·1	25.0	4	4	57.1	3	42.9	7	7	63.6	4	36.4	11	
1978	0		0		0	3	37.5	5	62.5	8	3	37.5	5	62.5	8	
1979	2	50.0	2	50.0	4	7	36.8	12	63.2	19	9	39.1	14	60.9	23	
Total	56	63.6	32	36.4	88	92	48.4	98	51.6	190	148	53.2	130	46.8	278	

⁺ Durham City is defined on the basis of the District Council's 'central urban area' (CDC,1986). Source: Durham County Council and City of Durham Council, planning application registers.

Table 8.1 COST BREAKDOWN FOR A PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL SCHEME - 1974

Cost Elements	<pre>% Development Cost</pre>							
Construction Costs of which, labour materials	60-70 30-50 50-70							
Overheads	10-15							
Profits (on basis of one respondent)	approx. 15							
Land	15-25							

Source: Developer Survey, 1974.

Table 8.2 COST BREAKDOWN FOR COUNCIL HOUSING CONSTRUCTION - 1976/77

Cost Elements	Cost per average England and Wale	e unit built in es (Excl. London)
	%	£
Construction of dwellings		
(controlled by yardstick)	66	8200
Elements not included in Yardstick		
Land	10	1200
Site development works	8	1000
Professional services	7	900
Interest on land	4	500
Interest on building in progress	5	600
Total	100	12400

Source:

DOE, 1978. Value for Money in Local Authority Housebuilding

Programmes.

Table 11.1. HOLDINGS BY SIZE, DURHAM DISTRICT, COUNTY DURHAM AND ENGLAND AND WALES, 1973

MAFF Size Classification	on	Durham District Sample	County Durham	England and Wales
hectares	(acres)	% holdings	% holdings	% holdings
<8.1	(< 20)	3.7	1.7	2.1
8.1 - 12.0	(20-29 ³ /4)	2.4	1.5	1.6
12.1 - 20.1	(30 - 49 ³ /4)	8.5	3.3	4.0
20.2 - 40.4	(50 - 99 ³ /4)	18.3	12.5	12.8
40.5 - 60.6	(100 - 149 ³ /4)	9.8	14.4	12.3
60.7 -121.3	(150 - 299 ³ /4)	30.5	33.4	25.5
121.4 -202.2	(300 - 499 ³ /4)	19.5	18.1	17.0
> 202.3	(> 500)	7.3	15.1	24.7

The interviewed farmers were simply asked the total size of their holdings and thus the survey figures may include land given over to buildings, ancillary uses and woodland. The MAFF figures for County Durham and England and Wales are based upon the area of crops and grass only.

Source: Durham District data - Farm Survey, 1973. County and national data - MAFF, 1973. Agricultural Statistics for England and Wales. HMSO.

Table 11.2 HOLDINGS BY TYPE

Туре		No.	%
Category	Description		
1	Mixed	6	7.3
2	Arable	9	11.0
3	Dairy	22	26.8
4	Principally arable with some livestock rearing	18	22.0
5	Principally livestock rearing with some arable	11	13.4
6	Beef and grass	8	9.8
7	Pigs and poultry	2	2.5
8	Vegetables	1	1.2
9	Other (including pasture only)	5	6.1

Table 11.3 HOLDINGS BY TYPE AND SIZE

Туре	Size	(hectares)					
Category	<8.1	8.1-12.0	12.1-20.1	20.2-40.4	40.5-60.6	60.7-121.3	>121.4
1				1	1	1	3
2		1	2	1		3	2
3			2	8	4	8	
4				2	1	6	9
5						7	4
6			2	2	2		2
7		1	1		÷		
8	1						
9	2			1			2
Total	3	2	7	15	8	25	22

Table 11.4 HOLDINGS BY TENURE, DURHAM DISTRICT, COUNTY DURHAM AND ENGLAND, 1973

Tenure		District ople	Count	y Durham	England			
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%		
Tenant	25	30.5	1143	40.2	52895	29.4		
Owner-Occupier	32	39.0	1054	37.1	79583	44.2		
Mixed, tenant with additional land owned	12	14.6	255	9.0	18732	10.4		
Mixed, owner with additional land rented	13	15.9	389	13.7	28 6 63	15.9		

Source: Durham District data - Farm Survey, 1973; County and national data - MAFF, 1973. Agricultural Statistics for England and Wales. HMSO.

Table 11.5 OCCUPATIONAL STATUS OF FARMERS

Occupational Status	No.	%
Full-time farmers	56	68.3
Full-time farmers with an additional job	9	11.0
Part-time farmers	17	20.7

Table 11.6 OCCUPATIONAL STATUS BY SIZE OF HOLDING

Occupational Status	Size <8.1		(hectares 8.1-12.0) 12.1 - 20.1		20.2-40.4		40.5-60.6		60.7-121.3		>121.4	
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	<u>%</u>	
Full-time					4	57	6	40	7	87	21	84	18	82	
Full-time with an additional job							5	33			3	12	1	4	
Part-time	3	100	2	100	3	43	4	27	1	13	1	4	3	14	
Total	3	100	2	100	7	100	15	100	8	100	25	100	22	100	

Table 11.7 OCCUPATIONAL STATUS BY TYPE OF HOLDING

Occupational]	уре	gory													
Status 1		1	2		3			4		5		6		7	8	}	9	
	No.	. %	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	. %	No.	%	No.	%
Full-time	5	83	5	56	15	68	16	89	11	100	3	38	1	50				
Full-time with an additional job			1	11	4	18	2	11									1	20
Part-time	1	17	3	33	3	14					5	62	1	50	1	100	4	80
Total	6	100	9	100	22	100	18	100	11	100	8	100	2	100	1	100	5	100

Table 11.8 AGE OF FARMER BY TENURE

Under 45	Over 45	Total	
12	13	25	
15	17	32	
6	6	12	
6	7	13	
39	43	82	
FARMER BY TYPE O	F HOLDING		
No. of Farmers	aged:		
Under 45	Over 45	Total	
2	4	6	
5	4	9	
9	13	22	
10	8	18	
5	6	11	
6	2	8	
-	2	2	
-	1	1	
2	3	5	
39	43	82	
FARMER BY OCCUP	ATIONAL STATUS		
No. of Farmers a	aged:		
	12 15 6 6 39 FARMER BY TYPE OF No. of Farmers Under 45 2 5 9 10 5 6 2 39 FARMER BY OCCUPA	12 13 15 17 6 6 6 7 39 43 FARMER BY TYPE OF HOLDING No. of Farmers aged: Under 45 Over 45 2 4 5 4 9 13 10 8 5 6 6 2 - 2 - 1 2 3	

Occupational Status	No. of Farmers aged:				
504045	Under 45	Over 45	Total		
Full-time	28	28	56		
Full-time with an additional job	5	4	9		
Part-time	5	12	17		

Table 11.11 NUMBER OF RESPONDENTS BY LENGTH OF TIME THEY HAD LIVED ON,

AND MANAGED, THEIR HOLDINGS

Years	Lived	on	Managed		
	No.	%	No.	%	
<10	8	10	17	21	
10-20	21	26	36	44	
21-30	14	17	19	23	
31-40	23	28	8	10	
41-50	9	11	2	2	
51-60	5	6	-	-	
> 60	2	2	_	-	

Table 11.12 AGRICULTURAL LAND DISPLACEMENT BY AFTER USE

After Use	Area Lost	% of Total Area	Lost to:	
	(hectares)	Urban Uses	All Uses	
Residential	90	34	23	
(private)	(61)	(23)	(16)	
(local authority)	(29)	(11)	(7)	
Roads	89	34	23	
(motorway)	(64)	(24)	(16)	
(other)	(25)	(10)	(7)	
Minerals	35	13	9	
Recreation and Education	28	11	7	
Industry	14	5	4	
Institutions	8	3	2	
Total Urban Uses	264	100	67	
Agriculture	130		33	
Total all uses	394		100	

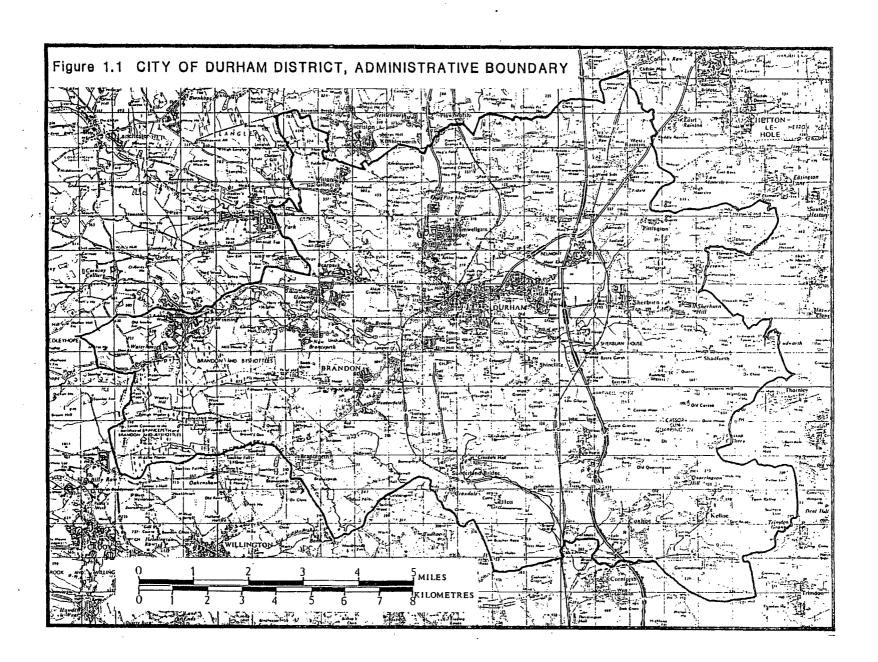
Source: Farm Survey, 1973

Table 11.13 THE INCIDENCE OF DIFFERENT TYPES OF URBAN INTERFERENCE

Type	No. of Farmers Affected			
Trespass	61			
Vandalism	37			
Dumping	31			
Theft and Poaching	28			
Dog Worrying	11			
Others	7			

Source: Farm Survey, 1973

FIGURES



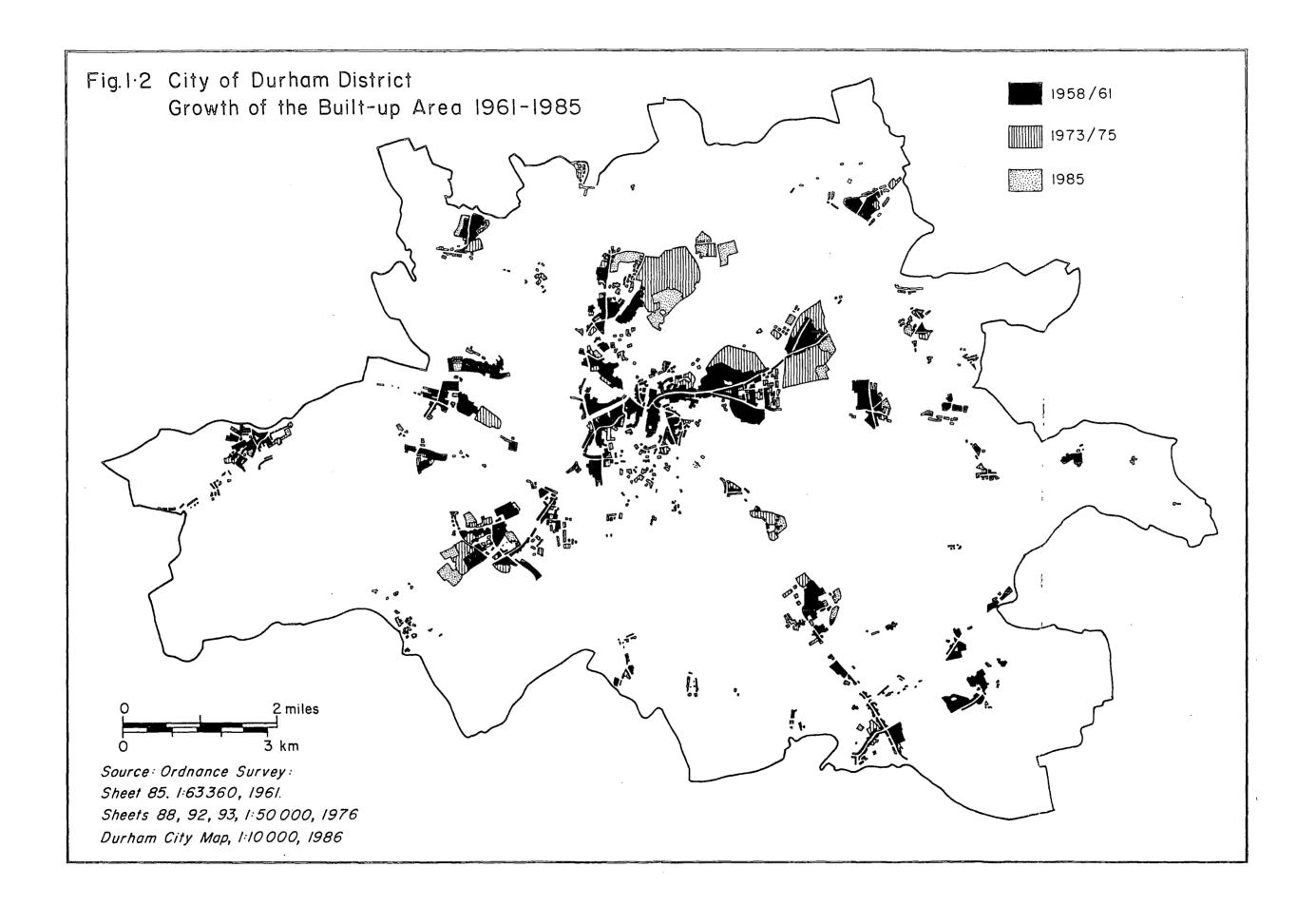
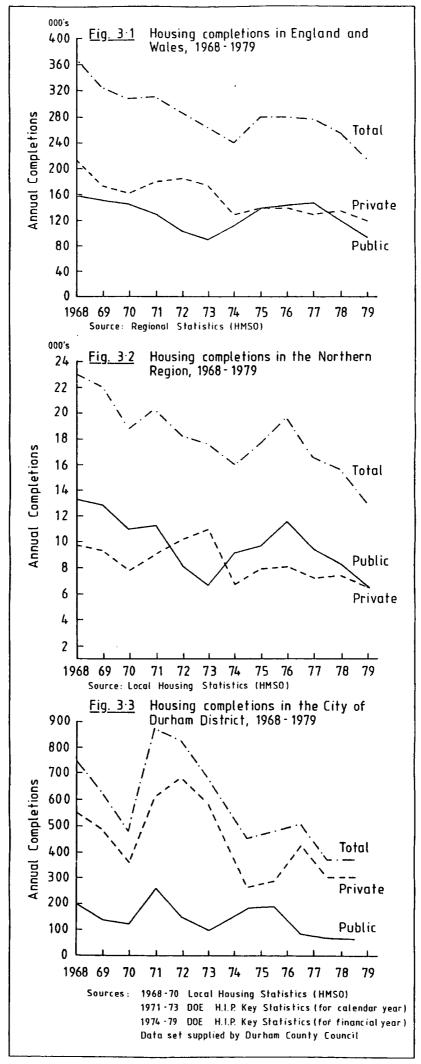
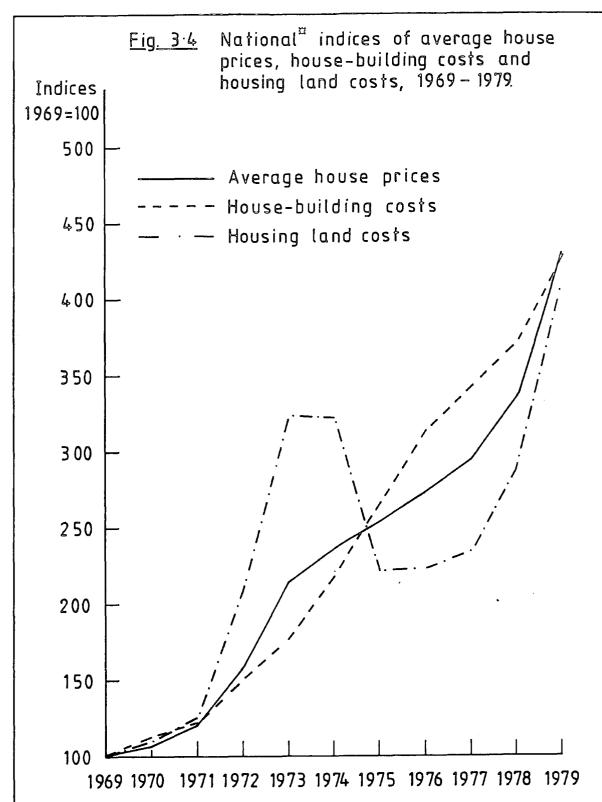


Figure 2.1. THE RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT PROCESS

STAGES OF DEVELOPMENT*	INTERACTION OF SEQUENCES								
LAND USE STATES	Agriculture or non-urban use	į	Urban Shadow low productivity agricultural use, multiple use idle				Under Residential Construction	Residential Land Use	
ACTIVITY STAGES	Į.	Urban Int	erest		for Development		Programmed for Development	Active Development	Residence
ACTION	Agricultural management, non-urban use or idle	Change of use: inten- sif- ication, multiple use or idle	Recognition of potentifor development	al pla re	ontact with lanners agents e planning ermission		Physical Development of land		Purchase of property and occupation
INTERACTION STAGES	Informal into with State go ment and sta bodies	overn-	- action with		with star statutory financie	teraction ce government, y bodies, rs, local nt officials owners	Informal interaction with suppliers of materials sub-contrac- tors and financiers	Formal inter- action with suppliers of materials, sub-contrac- tors and financiers	Formal and informal interaction with financiers, estate agents and consumers
DECISION CHAINS KEY DECISIONS	Decision Dec						Purchase		
KEY DECISION MAKERS		Developer/Landowner Developer/Landowner Developer Developer/Consumer							oer/Consumer
SUPPORTING DECISION MAKERS	Planners/Councillors Financiers Estate Agents			ors Planners/Councillors Planners/ Financiers Financiers Financiers Estate Agents Estate Agents					
FORMING THESIS	Recog- of	sessment		Planning Control	Economic Appraisal	Land Acquisition	Detailed Development Appraisal	Construction	Disposal
	Chapter 5		Chapter 6	Chapter	7 Chapter	8 Chapter 9	Chapter 10		

^{*} The stages of development are in part based upon the works of Weiss et al (1966); Drewett (1969) and Harmer and Webb (1978).





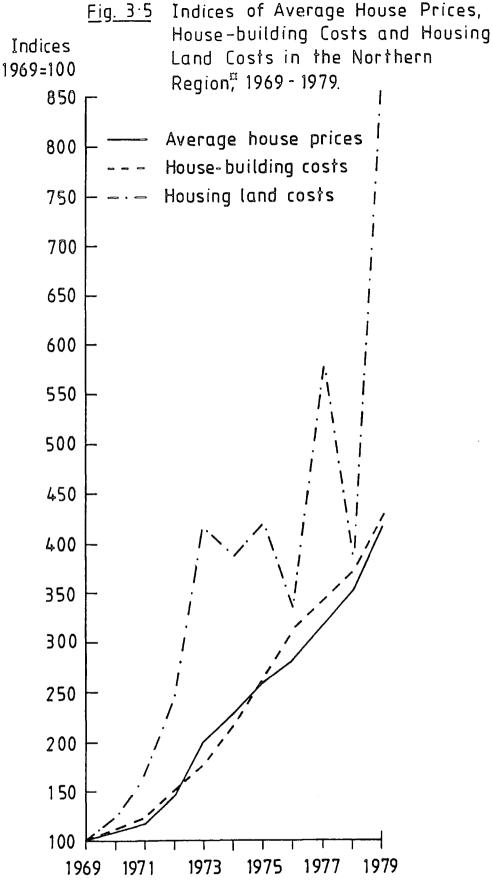
 The house price and house-building cost indices are for the United Kingdom, whilst the housing land cost index is for England and Wales.

NOTES: Average house prices are based upon new mortgages on all dwellings for owner occupation.

House - building costs reflect variations in prices of materials and nationally negotiated wage rates.

Housing land costs are based upon weighted average prices per plot.

SOURCES: Housing and Construction Statistics, HMSO
Nationwide Building Society Bulletins



The house-building cost is for the United Kingdom.

NOTES: Average house prices are based upon new mortgages on all dwellings for owner occupation.

House-building costs reflect variations in prices of materials and nationally negotiated wage rates.

Housing land costs are based upon weighted average prices per plot.

SOURCES: Housing and Construction Statistics, HMSO.

Nationwide Building Society Bulletins.

33

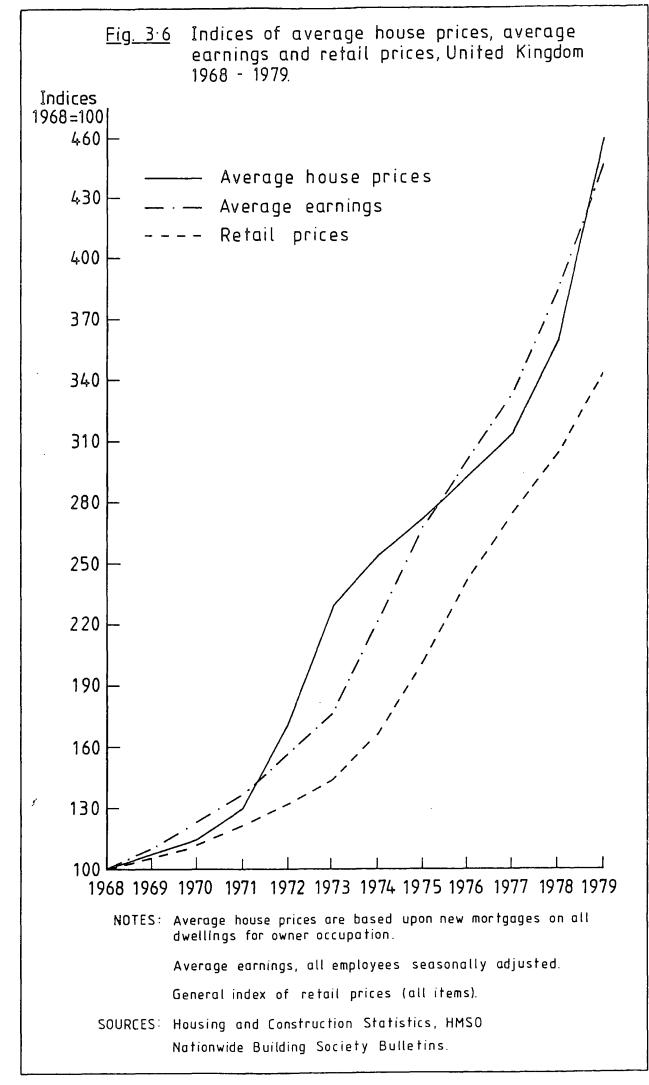


Table 4.1. PARTICIPANT GROUP ROLES AT EACH STAGE IN THE RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT PROCESS

	-					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Participant Groups Process Stages	Stimuli Recognition	Assessment of Demand	Land Search and Site Selection	Planning Control	Economic Appraisal	Land Acquisition	Detailed Development Appraisal	Construction	Disposal
PROPERTY DEVELOPERS Suppliers of:	Initiative to start the process	Information, expertise, staff time and finance						Labour, materials, finance	Finished housing units, sales expertise, mortgage credit arrangements
Intermediaries between:	Potential housing consumers and planners / councillors / financiers		Potential housing consumers and landowners (incl. local authorities)	Landowners and planners	Potential housing consumers and landowners / financiers		Potential housing consumers and financiers	Potential housing consumers and local authority decision-makers	Potential housing consumers and financiers
Consumers of:	External stimuli and information on the housing market	Information on specific require- ments	Information on possible sites and their technical feasibility/ marketability	Planning Permission	development,	development,	Planning, legal and technical advice, financial assistance	Labour, materials, credit	Financial return from sale or rental, external sales expertise, mortgage credit arrangement
PLANNERS Suppliers of:	Initiative to start the process, often as a result of government directive	Information on require- ments from various planning surveys, staff time and expertise	Information on available /acceptable housing sites, plus expertise and staff time	Recommend- ations on planning applica- tions/ enquiries, expertise and staff time	guidance on site development	advice and information on planning	Information and recommend-ations on any revised plans or applications	sometimes advice and sanction regarding the imple- mentation of planning conditions and building regulations	Permission to advertise completed properties
Intermediaries between:	Potential hou consumers and councillors / developers		Potential housing consumers / councillors and landowners / developers	Developers councillors	/ landowner	s and		Developers and	councillors
	stimuli	requirements	on 'market- ability' and spatial patterns of demand	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	detailed ; site development;	possibly pertinent to a compulsory	Some revised appregarding layout details, informations compliance with building regulat and on rates of	or design ation on planning/ cions,	Information on sales performance and lettings

Participant Groups Process Stages	Stimuli Recognition	Assessment of Demand	Land Search and Site Selection	Planning Control	Economic Appraisal	Land Acquisition	Detailed Development Appraisal	Construction	Disposal
COUNCILLORS Suppliers of:	Initiative to start the process	Information on local needs / demand, personal /collective council time	on available acceptable housing sites and	Permission to develop personal / collective council time	experience local	Finance and political judgement	Information, political judgement and time	Finance, labour (DLO), materials	Completed housing units for sale or rental, decisions re letting and mortgage allocations policies re credit
Intermediaries between:	Potential housing consumers (electorate) and central government/ developers	Potential housing consumers and planners/ developers/ central government	Landowners and planners	Landowners and developers or other prospective purchasers	Potential housing consumers and developers/ sub- contractors government financiers		Potential hous and developers contractors /	/ sub-	Potential housing consumers and central government
Consumers of:	External economic and political stimuli at national and local levels	Information from planners, other officers and electorate plus directives from central government	Information from electorate and recommendations from planners and other officers	Recommend- ations from planners, external groups, and political party members	Information and recommendations from planners, financial and other technical officers, government directives	Information and assistance from the District Valuer and Estate Department Officers plus legal advisers	Information from technical and financial advisers	Labour, materials, government loans and private finance	Financial returns from rental or sale of completed housing units, external sales expertise
LANDOWNERS Suppliers of:	Initiative to start the process by offering land for sale	9	Information on available land, agreements.on option arrangements general cooperation in land assessment activities	Agreements on app- lications for planning consent although landowner permission not legally required	Details of acceptable price levels, access for land survey activities	Proprietary rights over land	access for detailed survey t		Rights of occupation to purchasers if freehold retained
Intermediaries between:	Potential housing consumers and developers		Potential housing consumers and developers/ local authority decision - makers	Developers or other applicants and planners/ councillors	Developers/ local authority decision- makers and financiers	Developers or local authority purchasers and financiers	Developers / LA decision- makers / financiers and legal advisers (if freehold retained or control maintained over easements) Potential housing consumers and developers (if freeh rights retained)		consumers and developers (if freehold
Consumers of:	Information on the state of the land market and advice on oppor- tunities for sale	Information on consumer demand mainly from developers	Finance obtained through the sale of option agreements	Planning permission if they apply themselves or via an agent	on land values and the state of the market	Legal advice, financial returns from the sale of proprietary rights over land	Legal advice, financial returns if easement agreements negotiated, information on detailed design stage and construction progress if freehold retained		from ground rents if

Participant Groups Process Stages		Assessment of Demand	Land Search and Site Selection	Planning Control	Economic Appraisal	Land Acquisition	Detailed Development Appraisal	Construction	Disposal
ESTATE AGENTS Suppliers of:	Initiative to start the process by generating the interest of developers and landowners	Information on demand for private sector housing and competitive sales in the secondhand market	on available	Staff time and expertise if submit own applications or act as an intermediary for landowners or prospective purchasers	Occasion- ally act as land agents when supply information on accept- able price levels, or act as com- missioned surveyors	Expertise and experience when acting as agents for landowners	Detailed information on sales performance of particular layouts and house types, recommendations if commissioned as surveyors	Advice on NHBC and building regulations	Expertise in selling finished properties, information on, and negotiation skills in, the procurement of mortgages
Intermediaries between:	Fotential housing consumers and developers / landowners / planners			Landowners and planners / councillors	developers		Potential housing consumers and developers	Local authority decision- makers and developers	Developers / financiers and potential housing consumers
Consumers of:	Information credit avail and the over of the marke nationally a locally	ability all state t	Information on avail- able land and land values from recent sales	Planning permission, fees if secure planning permission on behalf of land- owner or pros- pective purchaser		Commission on the sale of land	Detailed information on sales performance, financial returns for surveying services	Information on the completed properties	Commission on the sale of completed properties, information on general sales performance, commission on mortgage negotiation
FINANCIAL INTERMEDIARIES Suppliers of:	Indirect initiative through credit supply stimulating both consumer demand and the desire to satisfy that demand	Information on the levels of effective demand within particular localities and consumer groups based on mortgage application data			Information on avail- ability and cost of credit for construc- tion	Loans to purchase land	Further information on credit availability - timing and cost	Loans for the purchase of materials and payment of labour and professional fees	Mortgage loans for the purchase of completed properties
Intermediaries between:	Potential housing consumers and developers/ local authority decision-makers/ government	Potential housing consumers and developers / planners / councillors			Landowners and developers/ local authority decision- makers		Potential housing consumers and developers/ planners / councillors		Developers / local authority decision-makers and consumers
Consumers of:	Information on the property and finance markets, direct or indirect stimuli from government	Information or retail price; values, consicosts, proper finance, and government poon credit sujinterest rate	s, land truction rty on olicies pply and		property		Information on the demand for particular types of development and on the credit worthiness of companies	Interest on money loaned to finance development, especially if phased	Interest on money borrowed to finance house purchase and on continuing loans granted for land purchase or construction, returned capital borrowed for the project

Figure 5.1. A four-way classification of housing demand.

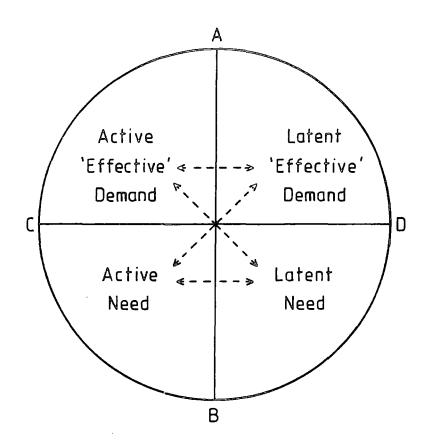


Figure 6.1. DURHAM CITY, EXPANSION OPTIONS: DURHAM COUNTY COUNCIL PUBLIC PARTICIPATION LEAFLET

SHOULD DURHAM CITY EXPAND FURTHER?

Durham City has grown rapidly, because its central position in the County and good facilities have attracted people to live there. The population in most of the surrounding villages has declined. For the future the choice is whether or not this should continue.

A. Continuing the expansion of the City could:

- * involve possible loss of good agricultural land
- * worsen traffic congestion
- * require additional schools and other services

B. Diverting the growth to the large surrounding villages could:

- * involve little or no loss of good agricultural land
- * avoid making traffic congestion worse
- enable new houses to be built where sufficient schools and other services are expected to be available.

QUESTION 5: WHERE SHOULD MOST NEW HOUSE-BUILDING AROUND DURHAM CITY BE ALLOWED?

- A. ON THE OUTSKIRTS OF THE CITY ITSELF
- B. IN SOME OF THE SURROUNDING VILLAGES
- C. NO OPINION

Source: Durham County Council. 1978. Your County. The Years Ahead.

Figure 6.3 CONSTRAINTS TO DEVELOPMENT WITHIN THE CITY OF DURHAM DISTRICT **Durham District** SIEVE MAP I 79 West Rainton Gilbert Existing built-up areas Grade 2 Agricultural Bearpark 7 City Land liable to flooding Moor Sherburn Land likely to be affected by subsidence Esh Winning Brancepeth **X** Shadforth Commercial forestry 爱 Brandon Area of Great Landscape Value Village Bowburn Existing and proposed sites of Special Scientific Interest Brandon X Brancepeth Other sites of ecological importance 5 *Existing and proposed Coxhoe Conservation Areas M **Ancient Monuments**

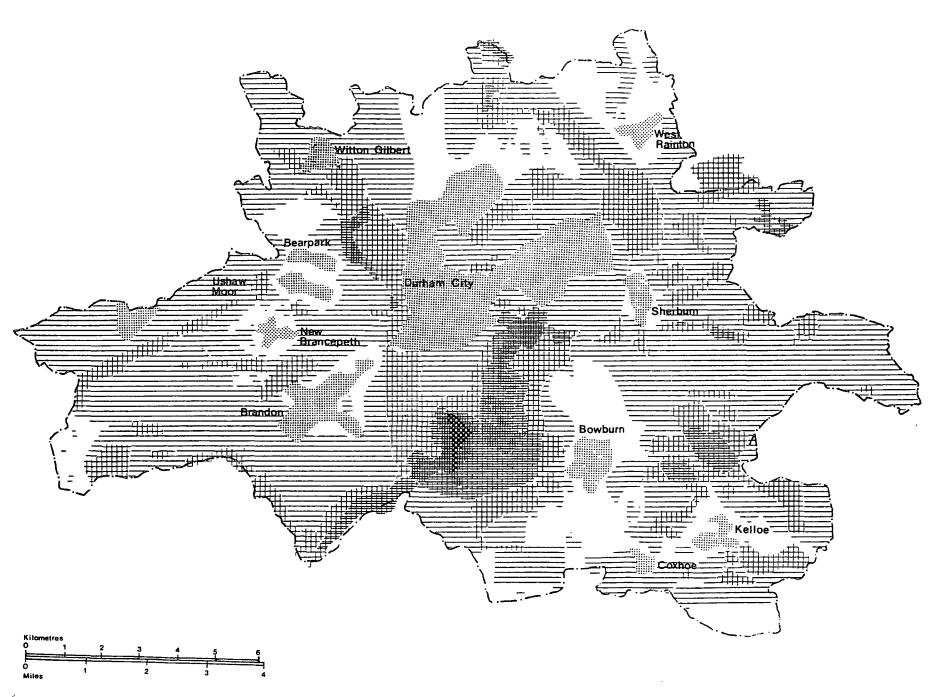
Constraints 1

Source: Durham County Council

Figure 6.4 CONSTRAINTS TO DEVELOPMENT WITHIN THE CITY OF DURHAM DISTRICT Constraints 2 **Durham District** SIEVE MAP II 80 Witton Gilbert Existing built-up areas Derelict land Durham ⊜ Bearpark Golf courses City Sherburn :..Ushaw Moor 111. Active mineral workings Esh Winning New Mineral deposits-areas with Brancepeth planning permission Mineral deposits - Reserve Areas and Areas Protected from Sterilisation Brandon Active collieries Bowburn Existing and proposed trunk gas pipelines Overhead transmission lines - existing and possible future routes of "supergrid" lines. Coxhoe

Source: Durham County Council

Figure 6.5 CONSTRAINTS TO DEVELOPMENT WITHIN THE CITY OF DURHAM DISTRICT COMPOSITE SIEVE MAP



Source: Durham County Council

Summary of Constraints.

Durham District

8

One Constraint	
Two Constraints	
Three Constraints	
Four Constraints	
Five Constraints	
Areas free from physical constraints	
Existing built-up areas	
This is a summary of ph streints; certain constrain be mapped in this way of incidence of air pollution it should not be assumed development could or shiplace in the white areas.	ts cannot eg the n. Therefore d that ould take

Source: Durham County Council

Figure 7.1. STAGES IN THE DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PROCEDURE OF DURHAM COUNTY COUNCIL

Pre 1974

Action by Local Authority (i.e. Durham MBC, Durham RDC, and Brandon and Byshottles UDC). Action by Durham County Council Application received Acknowledge receipt of application Request any extra information which is necessary to make the application valid Record in statutory register - the application then becomes valid Copy of application sent to County Council Application received by County Planning Officer Application date stamped, and passed on to an Area Planning Officer Application entered in register and plotted on a map Delegation of application to an individual planning officer for processing; scnedules marked to indicate appropriate Consultees Assessment procedure:Check on status of application - query whether proposed development does need planning permission If proposal is out of accord with existing plans, send out advertisements to inform the public and ascertain the extent of objections Check previous history of site; any previous applications and decisions Additional information requested from the applicant if necessary Consultations (by letter) to fulfil statutory obligations and to obtain comments from those external bodies whose views are considered relevant Internal consultations on policy, design and landscape implications

Site visit to examine the location of the site, access, physical and environmental characteristics; this may involve other interested GCC planning officers and 'on site' meetings with the applicant Receipt of written replies to consultations Receipt of representations made in response to advertisements Assess all material collected Planning officer drafts a refusal or approval certificate with specified reasons for decision and any extra conditions which it is considered should be imposed Draft decision passed to Area Planning Officer If the decision is significantly out of accord with the County Development Plan Area Planning Officer drafts a full report on the application If the decision is not significantly out of accord with the County Development Plan Despatch the certificate to the Local Authority concerned. (clerk or surveyor) Report presented to the County Council Planning Committee Decision by Committee to either ratify or reject the report Certificate received from County Planning Officer \leftarrow Any necessary amendments made to certificate Certificate despatched to Local Authority hecommended decision certificate presented to Committee If local authority committee reject the decision If local authority committee accept the decision Certificate signed by the Clerk of the Council letter sent to applicant enclosing -c-decision certificate County Planning Officer given a chance to change his recommendations

If conflict remains, application must be placed before an Area Planning Committee Comments sent to the County Planning Officer -Decision entered in register If Area Committee upholds County Planning Officer's recommendations If Area Committee rejects County Planning Officer's recommendation and supports the local authority Copy of signed certificate sent to the County Planning Officer Local Authority directed to issue the decision certificate Application referred to the County Planning Committee If the County Council Planning Committee Upholds the County Flanning Officer's recommendation Rejects the County Planning Officer's recommendation mendments must be made and the certificate is sent to the local

The local authority is directed to issue the decision certificate.

APPEAL PROCEEDINGS PRE 1974

Applicant appeals to the Secretary of

Action by Local Authority

Action by Durham County Council

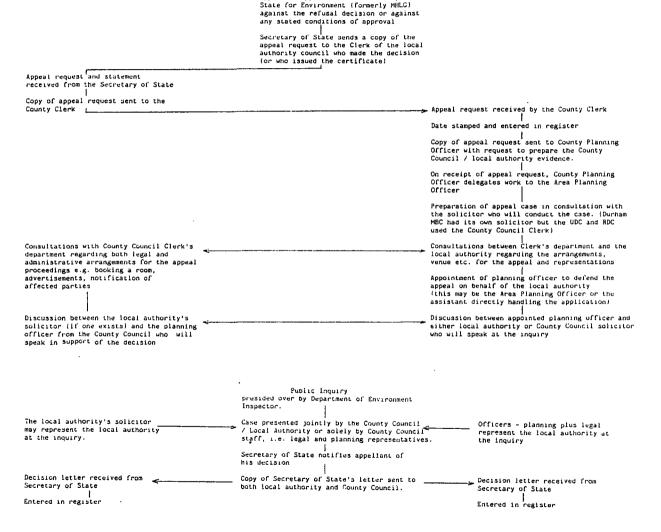


Figure 7.2. STAGES IN THE DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PROCEDURE OF DURHAM COUNTY COUNCIL, POST 1974 Action by Local Authority (City of Durnam District Council) Durham County Council Application received Acknowledge receipt of application Request any extra information which is necessary to make the application valid Record in register and plot on map Senior planning officer takes decision on classification of application Copy of application sent to County Council together with the District Planning Officer's views as to whether it constitutes a District or County matter Copy of application plus proposed classification received by County Planning Officer Proposed classification is considered by a group of senior planning officers If disagree with District Planning Officer If agree with District Planning Officer Receipt of County Planning Officer's comments on the disputed classification District Planning Officer or senior officers re-examine the application Hotify District Planning Officer of the dispute and reasons for disagreement Proceed with agreed method of determining the application Decision to accept the County Planning Officer's comments and decision Decision to maintain his position and not accept the County Planning Officer's decision Notify County Planning Officer of decision | Proceed with agreed method of determining the application Notify County Planning Officer of decision Receipt of District Planning Officer's intention to pursue the dispute County Planning Officer places dispute before the County Council Development Control Sub-Committee Decision taken by Committee as to whether application is a matter to be dealt with by the County or District Council If determined a County If determined a District If determined a County Matter, District Planning Officer notified and informed of County Council decision to invoke its powers of direction over the final decision Matter, District Planning Officer notified Receipt of County Council's decision regarding method of processing the application and the division of Proceed with agreed method of determining the application responsibilities Proceed with agreed / imposed method of determining the application Proceed with legal method of determining the application Procedure for determining applications under direction Procedure for County Matters Procedure for District Matters Delegation of application to an individual planning officer for processing Check status; arrange necessary publicity and consultations; site history, site visit etc. Recommendation submitted to District Planning Officer Delegation of application to an individual planning officer in the County Council for processing the Check status; arrange necessary publicity and consultations; site history; site visit; consideration of views of the District Planning Officer Notify applicant that the application is to be dealt with by the County Planning Officer Record in register and plot on map Delegation of application to an individual planning officer for processing Check status; arrange necessary publicity and consultations site history; site visits etc. Recommendation submitted to the Assistant County Planning Officer (Development Control) Recommendation submitted to the Assistant County Planning Officer (Development Control) Decision Presented to District Council If disagree Recommended decision reported to the County Environment Development Control Sub-Committee. Committee informed of District Planning Officer's views If agree District Planning Officer to re-examine application or directed by Committee to reverse decision Recommended decision reported to the County Environment Development Control Sub-Committee If disagree County Planning Officer to re-examine application or directed to reverse the decision and inform District Planning Officer of Committee's decision If disagree County Planning Officer to re-examine application or directed by Committee to reverse the decision If agree County Planning Officer instructed to inform the District Planning Officer of the Committee's decision Final decision certificate sent to applicant If agree County Planning Officer instructed to semi out decision certificate Copy of certificate sent to County Planning Officer and to parish council Officer ... decision Final decision certificate sent to applicant Notify District Planning Officer of decision and certificate sent for District Council to issue under direction from County Council Receipt of County Council decision and certificate Copy of certificate sent to Distric: Planning Officer and to parish council Despatched to applicant with clause inserted issued under direction Copy of final certificate sent to County Planning Officer and parish council

APPEAL PROCEEDINGS, POST 1974

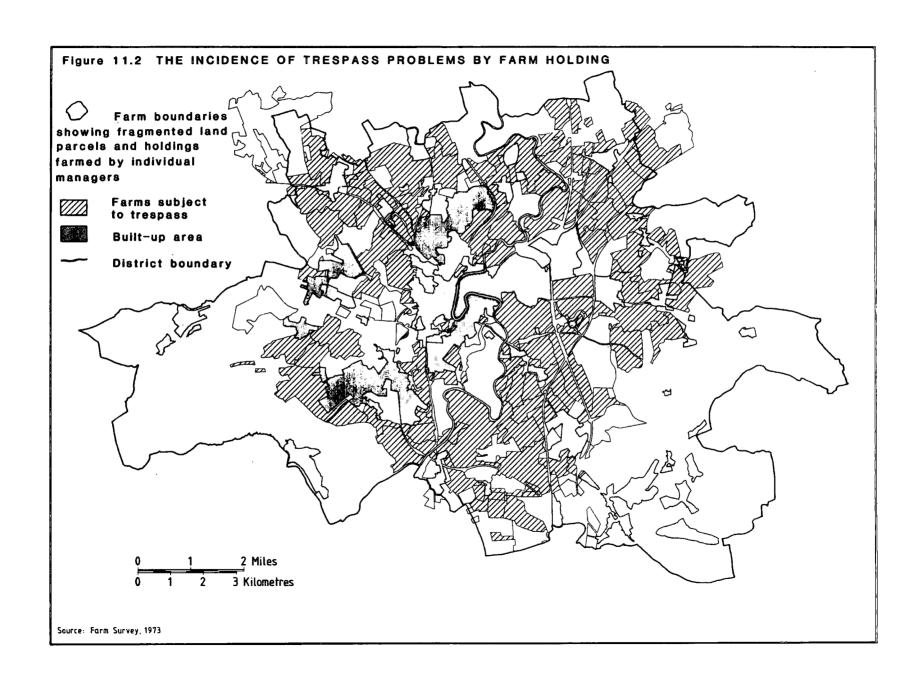
Applications determined as a District Matter

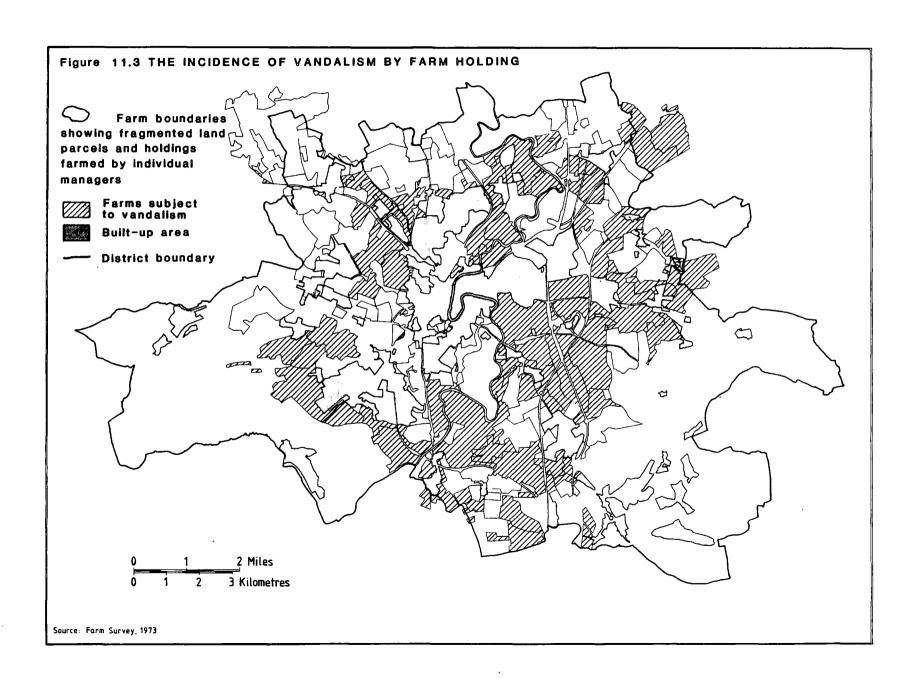
Appeals procedure basically as pre 1974 but handled entirely by the District Planning Officer and District legal staff. Applications determined under direction

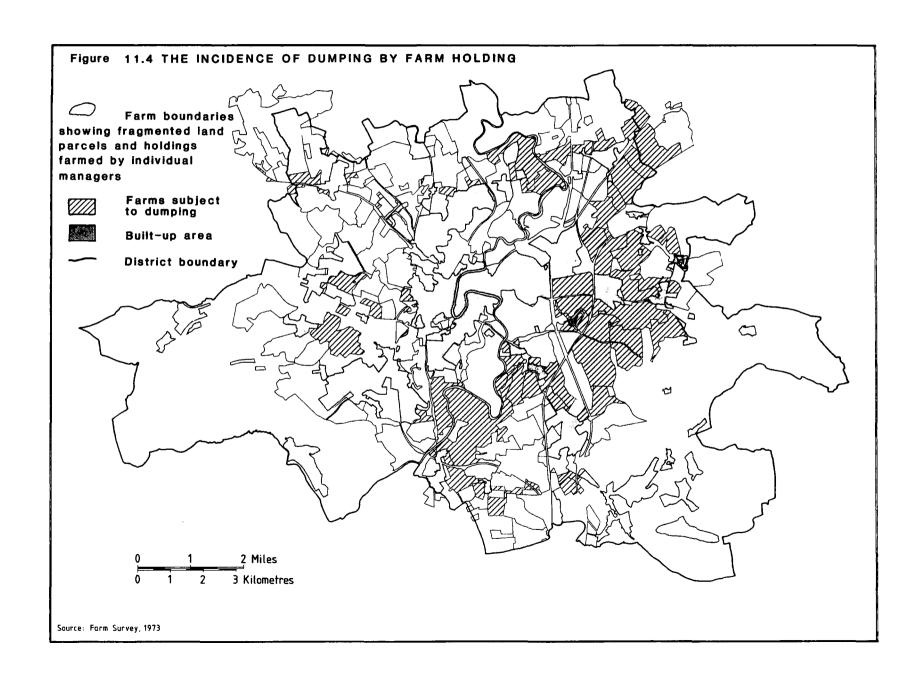
Appeals procedure basically as pre 1974 but normally handled entirely by the County Planning Officer and County legal staff with nominal representation from the District Council. Applications determined as a County Matter

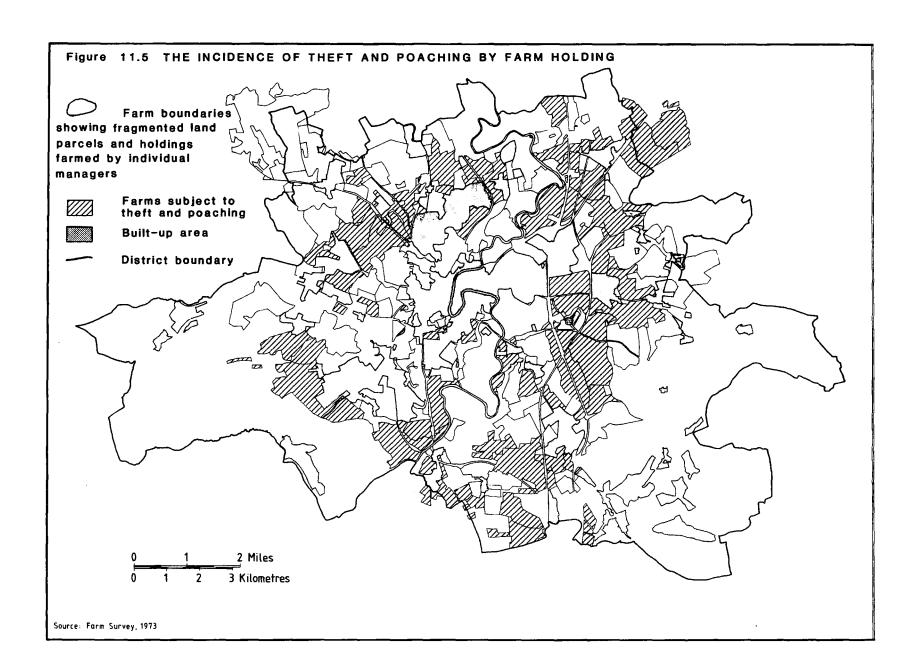
Appeals procedure basically ac pre 1974 but handled entirely by the County Planning Officer and County legal staff.

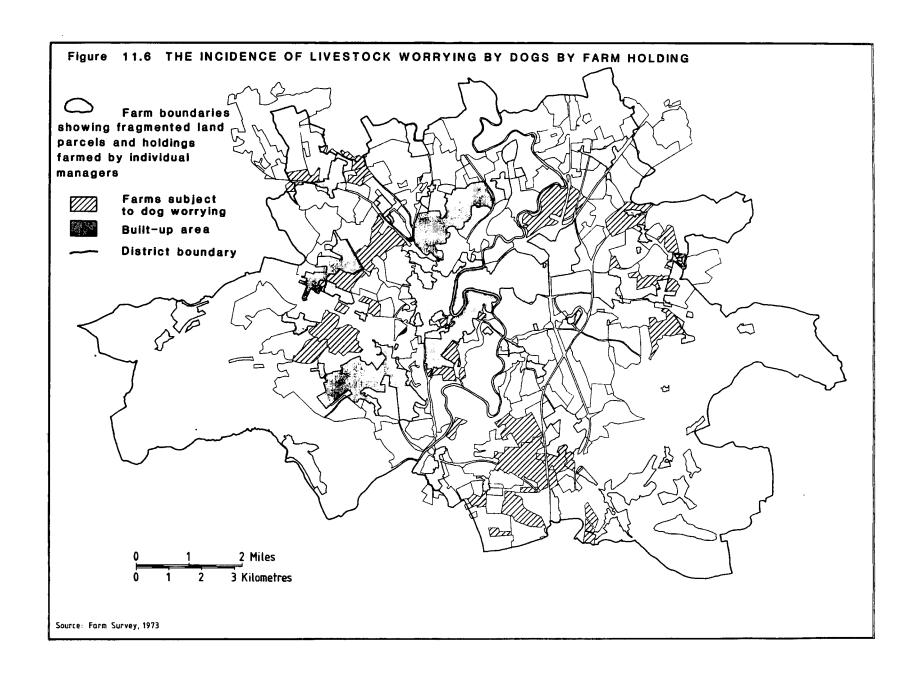
Trends in land values for different sub-market Fig. 8·1 categories within Durham District, 1968 - 1980. £,000's[£000's 3 / **L**, **L**, Average value for a 'normal' lot (2.5 acres) to be developed at average density with no abnormal development costs 40 36 2/ 32 80 78 1968 70 72 74 76 28 24 20 SUB-MARKET AREAS 16 1. Durham City centre 2. Large estates on the periphery 12 of Durham City Attractive former agricultural 8 villages Larger villages with a mixed history 4 Former mining villages generally considered 0 unattractive by 1978 1970 1972 1976 1980 1968 1974 developers SOURCE: Inland Revenue Data











APPENDICES

APPENDIX 1 DEVELOPER QUESTIONNAIRE

University of Durham Department of Geography

Science Laboratories, South Road, Durham, DH1 3LE, England Telephone: Durham 64971 (STD code 0385)

Professor W B Fisher, D De L'Univ Professor H Bowen-Jones MA Professor J I Clarke MA, PhD

12th August, 1974.

Dear Sir.

I am a research student at the University of Durham, doing a Ph.D. on the Rural Urban Fringe in Durham District, under the supervision of Professor J.I. Clarke.

A major part of my work involves looking at urban expansion around Durham City over the last 5 years. I am particularly interested in studying the process of private residential development in the area from the viewpoint of both the builders and the planners.

I have obtained some useful information about housing development in the area from published reports and statistics and from the N.F.B.T.E. However, as much of this information is fairly general and theoretical, my main aim is to find out how decisions are actually made by people involved in residential development in the Durham area.

In order to acquire more detailed information, I have interviewed planners, landowners, land agents, and other groups interested in housing development in the area. However, the people who strongly influence and often initiate residential expansion are the builders, and therefore, I intend to do a small survey, by means of personal interview, of all the major builders operating in the Durham area. I am especially interested in obtaining information on the amount and type of housing development in the area, and on the factors influencing builders' decisions on site selection, land acquisition, assessment of demand, and forward planning of development projects. All information obtained at these interviews will be aggregated and throughout will remain strictly confidential.

I have discussed my questionnaire with Mr. P. Shapcott, of the N.F.B.T.E., who suggested that you might be able to help me with my enquiries. The questionnaire is necessarily detailed in order to get a balanced view of the development process, but I realize the value of your time, and the length of any interview will of course, be limited to whatever time you have available. I should be extremely grateful for an opportunity to discuss these topics with you and would appreciate any advice you can give me on this subject.

Yours sincerely,

MISS J. BATESON

SURVEY OF HOUSE-BUILDING COMPANIES OPERATING IN DURHAM DISTRICT, 1974							
Date							
Code Number							
GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE STRUCTURE OR ORGANIZATION							
OF THE COMPANY							
1. Where is the headquarters of the Company located							
Town							
2. Does the Company have any other local or regional offices in the							
North East							
Regional offices							
Local offices							
3. Did the Company originate in the North East. YES/NO							
If NO - please state where it originated and when it began to							
operate in the North East.							
Town of origin							
Year began to operate in North East							
Year began to operate in Durham District							
4. Approximately what % of the Company's business is in private							
residential development							
Have you concentrated on house-building in the past and do you propose to continue to do so.							
5. What was the approximate rate of housing completions by the							
Company last year - 1973							

6. Is the Company fully integrated, i.e. does it undertake all aspects of the residential development process from demand assessment and site selection to land acquisition, construction and marketing. YES/NO

If NO - at what stages in the process do you employ external professionals and contractors.

7. Does the Company specialize in any particular type of residential development:

```
size - large scale, medium density / small scale, low density /
```

- medium scale and density / small infill developments /
- individual plot developments;

Which occupation groups generate the most demand for your properties:

professionals / executives /

clerical and administrative /

skilled manual.

PAST DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITY WITHIN DURHAM DISTRICT

- 8. Would you please indicate on the map the locations of your housing developments at present under construction or completed within the past 5 years within Durham District.
- 9. What was the approximate rate of housing completions by the Company in Durham District last year - 1973
 Has the rate of completions in Durham District fluctuated
 much over the past 5 years.

10. Private housing completions in general have decreased within Durham District during 1973, what would you say have been the main factors contributing to this trend:

Factors affecting the building industry nationally, i.e. restrictions on the availability of credit and mortgages; shortage of skilled labour in the construction industry; reduced demand because of the widespread availability of grants for home improvements; delays in planning permissions; shortage of developable land.

Lack of adequate service provision in Durham District, i.e. sewerage / water / roads / schools / public transport.

RESIDENTIAL DEMAND AND POTENTIAL WITHIN DURHAM DISTRICT

11. What kinds of information do you use to aid assessment of demand for housing in the area.

Do you undertake your own market research

Which of the following provide useful information sources:

published information in various surveys and planning reports;

consultation with: planners / estate agents /

local planning consultants / solicitors.

If the Company does undertake market research, have any surveys been done on the new occupants of your houses regarding:

previous residence - location and type / workplace / occupation / migration motivation / length of residence on the estate / movement between houses within the estate.

12. What do you think are the main factors influencing the demand for residential development in Durham District:

population (natural increase) / migration into the area / housing renewal / creation of job opportunities in the area / increasing aspiration for owner-occupation in the area / earlier marriage and increased rate of household formation.

- 13. Does the nature of demand in Durham District differ significantly from elsewhere in County Durham and the North East.
- 14. For what type of residential development is there the greatest demand in Durham District:

large scale estates of semis/detached, e.g. Newton
Hall, Belmont;

medium-sized developments, e.g. the Sands, Archery
Rise;

small-scale developments, e.g. Shincliffe Village.

Is there greater demand for sites:

adjacent to the built-up area of Durham City; in nearby villages.

15. Which areas in Durham District do you feel have the most potential for future residential development.

How do ex-mining villages compare in their potential with former agricultural villages, e.g. Bearpark and Hett.

Which areas within Durham City and the peripheral villages have the greatest potential for prestige housing development.

HOUSING LAND AVAILABILITY

16. In relation to present demand, is the land designated by the planners as available for residential development under Circular 102/72:

adequate in amount; YES/NO suitable in type and location; YES/NO enough to sustain present rates of completions over the next 5 years. YES/NO

- 17. Approximately how much land do you need in the land bank to be able to safeguard continuity of future operations and maintain a full labour force.
- 18. Do you think that the planning objectives of containment, e.g. policies on green belts, areas of high landscape value, and on the preservation of the historic town environment, are realistic in terms of the present pressure for development.

Do you feel that there are any specific areas around Durham City where these policies should be reviewed.

19. Where do you think that residential development would have been located around Durham City if there had been no post-war planning controls in operation.

SITE SELECTION AND LAND ACQUISITION

20. What procedures of land assembly do you use.

What methods of land search are employed:

use internal land scouts;

contact the local planning office to find out

where available land is located;

get information on available sites from estate

agents;

other.

21. What features do you look for in site selection.

What characteristics would enhance the value and sales potential of a site for residential development:

proximity to an employment centre;

proximity to schools - primary / secondary;

well landscaped location - good aspect;

good accessibility to major roads / motorway;

good accessibility to public transport;

availability of services on the site - water /

electricity / gas / sewerage;

proximity to existing private housing.

What types of sites would you always tend to avoid.

22. Planning status - do you prefer to:

buy land which has already got outline/detailed

planning permission for residential development;

buy agricultural land which has development

potential;

put options on agricultural land pending

planning application;

buy lots on serviced sites designated for housing development.

Do you ever buy agricultural land for investment purposes rather than for its development potential.

If you own land which has not got planning permission for development or is held for investment, do you lease the land to a farmer on a 364 day licence or more permanent tenancy arrangement.

- 23. Do you ever buy land for residential development which is: derelict or requires clearance work; has already been reclaimed.
- 24. Builders have been criticized for always taking the best agricultural land - do you make any attempt to avoid developing good quality agricultural land or is this consideration not feasible in economic terms.
- 25. How important are landownership and land tenure patterns in determining the location of development.

What are the most frequent problems relating to ownership which arise during land acquisition and site assembly:

owners not willing to sell;

land not available with vacant possession the tenant farmer;

problems with public rights of way across
the land;

other.

Much of the land in Durham District is owned by large institutions, e.g. the Church, University and the NCB, or by fairly large family estates, does this affect the availability of land for sale and development in the area.

26. In land purchase negotiations do you:

purchase land by direct negotiation with the landowner;

purchase land through local solicitors, land agents or building societies; acquire land by taking-over other builders with sizeable land banks; buy land at public auctions.

27. Is there much competition for land in Durham District. YES/NO
If YES - is the competition mainly from other builders.
Are there instances of land being bought for investment
purposes by industry and insurance companies.

FINANCIAL APPRAISAL OF A PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT PROJECT

28. In your financial appraisal of a proposed project, do you undertake sophisticated cost benefit type analyses of various alternative sites or does competitive pressure and the necessity for quick action result in decisions being taken on the basis of experience and intuition. 29. What are the main cost elements in any residential development project:

Construction / legal fees / utility provision / professional fees / interest payments / land / overheads

At the moment, what proportion of the development cost is represented by land costs (an approximate % for a medium sized, medium density estate).

Has this % changed over the past 5 years.

30. What do you think have been the main causes of the steeply rising land values during the early 1970s.

Have there been any special factors operative within Durham District.

31. What has been your response to increases in land values and in overall construction costs:

reduce the size of dwelling units, e.g. size of rooms, number of rooms;

increase the density of development;
reduce the space standards per house, e.g. size
of garden;

reduce the standard of internal fittings;

reduce the range of development projects that

the Company undertakes, e.g. the tendency to

concentrate on smaller, higher priced developments

for which there is a steadier demand.

32. How do small and large-scale development schemes compare in terms of profitability.

What are the economies and diseconomies of large-scale developments on the periphery of the built-up area.

Are large-scale comprehensively planned estates with shops, schools and recreation areas economically attractive to develop.

Comment has been made on the undesirability of social segregation on large peripheral estates, do you think that a greater mix of houses in type and price would be economically viable to develop and attractive to the buyers.

ATTITUDES TOWARDS THE PLANNING SYSTEM

33. Do you think that the planning system of land development controls is:

efficient YES/NO

successful YES/NO

- 34. What is your opinion of the reorganization of local government.

 Do you think that the transfer of authority for dealing

 with local planning applications to district level will

 increase the efficiency and speed of the system.

 Do you think that the new districts are realistic planning
- 35. What is your opinion of the development control and planning appeal system.

units, in particular Durham District.

Approximately what % of your applications for residential

development - generally / in Durham District - are accepted.

What is your Company policy regarding land which has been refused development permission, do you:

either sell or decide not to purchase the land; wait and reapply at a later date.

Approximately what % of refusals get through on appeal.

36. In relation to residential development in general, do you think the main function of the planners is to:

guide / direct / suppress / stimulate development.

37. What are your opinions on the new structure planning system.

Do you think that structure plans will lead to more open participation and greater flexibility.

Durham City has never had a statutory Town Map - do you feel that this has made any difference in site selection, or have prevailing planning policies been made sufficienty explicit in informal discussions and planning appeal statements.

38. How much consultation is there between house-builders and planners.

At what stages in the development process does consultation occur.

Is there enough information flow between planners and builders - If NO - how could this be improved.

Do you think that consultation at the policy formulation stages would be beneficial to both planners

and builders - in what ways could builders contribute.

GENERAL INFORMATION ON THE STATE OF THE HOUSE-BUILDING INDUSTRY

- 39. What do you feel have been the main contributory factors to the present slump in the house-building industry.
- 40. What is your opinion of the Labour Government's proposals to 'nationalize' land ripe for development.
- 41. Do you think that there will be more collaboration between private house-builders and local authorities in future housing schemes.
- 42. How will the private house-building industry be affected if the present trend of establishing increasing numbers of housing associations is continued or accelerated in the future.

THE FUTURE OF THE HOUSE-BUILDING INDUSTRY IN THE NORTH EAST

43. What do you think will be the best pattern of future urban expansion in the North East:

peripheral development adjacent to the built-up area of the existing conurbations (Tyneside and Teesside); expansion in villages near to the conurbations; more new town development; concentrate on a few expanded town schemes; infilling and central area redevelopment of existing settlements.

44. Any further general information on new housing in the North East.

Comment upon the profitability of developing in the North

East compared with elsewhere in the country.

Comment upon the differential in new house prices between the North East and other regions in the country.

Thank you very much indeed for your assistance.

Jeanne Bateson

APPENDIX 2 TOWN PLANNERS (COUNTY / DISTRICT COUNCILS) CHECKLIST OF TOPICS FOR DISCUSSION (1973-1975)

DEPARTMENTAL CONTEXT

- 1. Local Authority
- 2. Position of the respondent within the Planning Department.
- Scope of activities / functions carried out within the department.
- Comment on the interaction and complementarity of planning activities at the county, district, regional and national levels.
- Involvement in planning the provision of private and local authority housing - policy making and development control.

HOUSING POLICY

- 6. Is housing a major issue in the local authority general comment on past and present trends.
- 7. Discussion on housing provision within Durham District during the past 5 years -

Type and location of significant developments in the city and surrounding villages.

Trends in demand for private and local authority housing, i.e. by size and price range - what have been the major influences.

Impact of major policies, e.g. containment and settlement policies.

- 8. Overall, have past planning policies focussed upon stimulating or restricting residential development in Durham District.
- 9. What has been the major impact of past policies would the current pattern of residential land use be very different if no planning controls had been applied.
- 10. How are housing policies formulated what procedures are used for:

calculating housing demand / need; identifying housing land availability; determining appropriate tenure balance; deciding appropriate design criteria.

- 11. What has been the main impact of local government reorganization on housing policy formulation and implementation.
- 12. In terms of housing or housing-related developments, identify the major problems facing the authority over the next 10 years.
- 13. Should future housing development be concentrated in the city or surrounding villages.
- 14. What areas have the most potential to accommodate future development in both the private and public sectors.

DEVELOPMENT CONTROL

15. What are the procedures for dealing with a residential development planning application - could these be improved.

LAND POLICY

16. Comment upon the planning implications of the government's White Paper on Land.

INTERACTION WITH OTHER GROUPS

- 17. Comment upon the relationship between planning officers and councillors - discussion on planning within a political framework.
- 18. Amount of contact with property developers at what stages in the development process does this take place and is the level of contact satisfactory.
- 19. Amount of contact with landowners do landownership patterns in Durham District promote or inhibit policies on residential development.
- 20. Amount of public participation in policy formulation on housing issues - what procedures are used.

FURTHER INFORMATION

21. Discussion on the availability and accessibility of data on housing construction, housing land availability and planning applications.

Thank you very much for your assistance.

Jeanne Bateson

APPENDIX 3 COUNCILLOR QUESTIONNAIRE

University of Durham Department of Geography

Science Laboratories, South Road, Durham, DH1 3LE, England Telephone: Durham 64971 (STD code 0385)

Professor W B Fisher D De L'Univ

Professor H Bowen-Jones MA

Professor J I Clarke MA, PhD 25th October 1974

Dear

I am doing a Ph.D. at the University of Durham, on the Rural Urban Fringe in Durham District, under the supervision of Professor J.I. Clarke.

A major part of my work involves looking at urban expansion around Durham City over the last 5 years. I am particularly interested in studying the process of residential development in Durham District.

I have obtained some useful information about housing development in the area from published planning reports and statistics and from the N.F.B.T.E. However, much of this information is fairly general and theoretical and my main aim is to find out how decisions are actually made by people involved in residential development in the area.

In order to acquire more detailed information, I have interviewed planners, landowners, land agents, builders and other groups interested in housing development. However, the people who strongly influence, often initiate and take the final decisions on all residential development are the Councillors, and therefore I hope to do a small survey, by means of personal interview, of Councillors who serve on the Housing, and Land and Buildings Sub-Committees. I am especially interested in hearing your opinion on both local authority and private housing provision in the District. All information obtained at these interviews will be aggregated and throughout will remain strictly confidential.

I realize the heavy time commitment of Council work, but I would appreciate any information and advice you could give me on this subject. I should be extremely grateful if you would agree to see me for a short time. I will contact you in the near future to see if this is acceptable, and to arrange a time which will be most convenient for you.

Yours sincerely,

MISS J. BATESON

SURVEY OF DURHAM DISTRICT COUNCILLORS - 1974

Dat	e
Cod	e Number
RES	PONDENT CHARACTERISTICS
1.	Which ward were you elected to represent on the Council,
	Ward
2.	Which political party do you belong to
3.	How long have you served on the Council in this area
	Did you previously serve on Durham MBC / Durham RDC /
	or Brandon and Byshottles UDC prior to April, 1974.
	Have you ever been a member / are you at present a
	member of Durham County Council. YES/NO
4.	Have you always lived in the Durham area.
	If NO - where was your previous residence
5.	What is your occupation
6.	Which committes are you a member of.
	What is the main function of each of these committees.
7.	How often are committee meetings held.

8. How long have you served on committees dealing with planning and new development, particularly new private and local authority housing.

PRIORITIES FOR THE FUTURE OF DURHAM DISTRICT

9. With regard to the overall provision of facilities in the District and to financial limitations, where do you think the main priorities should lie in the future (i.e. next 5 to 10 years).

Industrial employment / office employment / housing
(private / local authority) / schools / shopping
facilities / welfare facilities / roads

10. The County Council is preparing an urban plan for Durham District (under Regulation 8 of the structure planning legislation).

What is your opinion on this and what should its main aims be.

Any other comments upon the future development of Durham City and its surrounding villages.

HOUSING ISSUES

- 11. What is your opinion of the record of housing provision within the District over the past 5 years.
 - Private development in particular, what is your opinion of the past decisions allowing large scale development at Newton Hall and Belmont.
 - Local authority development.

12. Since local government reorganization, housing has been primarily the concern of district councils, do you think that this will help to reduce the delay in dealing with housing (and all) applications which is a major criticism of builders and applicants.

Have there been any conflicts between the District and the County Council about who should deal with housing applications.

13. Is there a need at the moment for more housing development in Durham District.

For what type of housing is the need greatest.

In which area(s) within the District is the need greatest.

Where should the priorities in the current housing programme lie - new local authority housing / new private housing / revitalization.

What are the best short-term solutions to identified housing problems.

14. Do you anticipate a large demand for more housing in the future within Durham District.

If YES - for what type of housing

- in which areas

Private housing demand - which group of people do you think will create the greatest demand.

Existing residents of the District - owner-occupiers / tenants

People moving into the District from elsewhere in the County

People moving into the District from outside the County

Newly married couples

Other

15. What do you think will be the best long-term solution to the problem of future housing provision within the District.

Type of development

Scale of development

Location of development

Do you think that there will be more co-operation between local authorities and private developers in the future.

What do you see as the future role of housing associations.

- 16. Do you think that future private housing development should be concentrated in Durham City or in the surrounding villages.
- 17. What effect has the 'category D' policy had on overall housing provision within the District over the past 20 years.

The County Council's settlement policy is to be reviewed as part of the structure plan evaluation of existing policies - do you think that this policy should be retained and incorporated into the structure plan.

HOUSING LAND AVAILABILITY

18. In your opinion, is the amount of land designated as

available for residential development adequate to meet demand within the next 5 years.

Is it adequate in amount, type and location

19. What is your opinion of the government's recent White Paper on Land.

Implementation of the proposals that local authorities should acquire development land will impose a burden upon both officers and councillors - do you think that under the present circumstances the local authority will be able to cope with this.

Do you think that land acquisition should be done by the County or District Council.

What do you think will be the main effects of the 'nationalization' of development land within Durham District.

In the past, have landownership patterns restricted development in any way.

HOUSING DEVELOPMENT AND AGRICULTURAL LAND

- 20. In your opinion, how much consideration should be given to the preservation of agricultural land when decisions are made on development proposals.
- 21. For Councillors representing 'rural wards' -

Do farmers in your ward ever come to you with complaints about the problems of farming adjacent to urban areas (especially housing estates).

What are the main problems you encounter

How do you deal with such complaints and what advice
would you give in that kind of situation.

COUNCIL DECISION-MAKING PROCEDURES

- 22. How are policy decisions made by the Council, are they made by the whole Council or by individual sub-committees.
- 23. When a decision is made by one sub-committee regarding a proposal to build a housing estate, e.g. Development

 Services, how much liaison is there with other sub-committees dealing with housing and associated facility provision, e.g. schools, roads, shops and public works.
- 24. How are decisions taken where there are several competing and conflicting proposed uses for a piece of land.
- 25. What is the Council's procedure for handling an application to develop a piece of land, in particular to convert agricultural land to housing.
- 26. How much personal contact do you have with officers in the Planning Department and in other departments, e.g. Highways, Housing,

At what level is this contact - is it only with the chief officers.

Essentially what role should planning officers play in the development process.

What exactly is the councillor's role in relation to new development within the District.

27. What is your opinion of increased public participation in planning.

Is more participation necessary when there are councillors to represent public opinion.

How do you make decisions in a situation such as the proposal to build a new housing estate where, the claims of existing residents opposing more development, conflict with the unheard claims of the potential residents who may wish to move into the area.

How much contact do you have with residents in your ward - who usually initiates contact and for what purposes.

28. Any other comments upon the work of a councillor or on the decision-making structure of Durham District Council.

Thank you very much indeed for your help.

Jeanne Bateson

APPENDIX 4 LANDOWNERS (OR THEIR AGENTS) CHECKLIST OF TOPICS FOR DISCUSSION (1973-1974).

DET	TAILS OF LANDOWNER
1.	Landowner Name (Code Number)
2.	Land Agent (if any)
	Name / Firm
	Extent of his duties, i.e. transactions, estate
	management.
3.	Total area of land owned in:
	Durham District
	County Durham
4.	Location of land held (reference to map).
5.	Total number of separate holdings in:
	Durham District
	County Durham
б.	Amount of land sub-let to the NCB or other agencies.
7.	Number of tenant farmers
Э.	Amount of land and number of holdings on which land
	is leased on a 364 day licence.
Θ.	Amount of property held - what are your policies on
	tied cottages.

LANDOWNERSHIP POLICIES

- 10. What is the primary purpose of owning land.
- 11. What are your opinions on owning land solely as an investment.
- 12. Comment on trends in land values within Durham District what have been the major influences.
- 13. General comment on policies regarding land acquisition and disposal.

Amount of land lost / sold since 1968 in:

Durham District

County Durham

14. What are your policies on:

the amalgamation of farm holdings;

the succession of tenants;

farm management practice.

SALE OF LAND FOR RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT

15. What proportion of land disposed of since 1968 was sold for:

private residential development %acres

local authority residential development % acres.

Details of the size and location of plots sold within Durham District.

16. General discussion on attitudes towards the sale of land for residential development.

Main reasons for sale

Have these been influenced by government legislation on taxation measures, e.g. capital gains tax, wealth tax, gift tax.

Is the capital received from sales normally reinvested in land elsewhere.

17. What are the main methods of disposal for development.

Is the initiative usually taken by yourself / agent /
by a prospective purchaser (developer / intermediary) /
or by the local authority.

Is much land disposed of via auctions.

- 18. Is any of your land subject to an option for development is this arrangement beneficial to the landowner.
- 19. How do you assess the development potential of your land through:

knowledge of relevant planning policies; or contact with planners / builders / other agencies.

Is the level of contact made with other groups in the residential development process satisfactory.

20. Which areas of land owned are considered to have the highest potential for residential development.

- 21. Do you generally submit your own applications for planning permission for residential / other development, or leave this task to the prospective purchaser (i.e. is land with potential sold at full development or hope value).
- 22. Do you consider the planning system regarding land development controls to be efficient / successful. Are planning policies operative within Durham District over or under protective towards agricultural land.
- 23. Do you directly undertake any residential development schemes on your land either alone or in conjunction with a builder.
- 24. Do you anticipate many future land sales for residential development in:
 Durham District
 County Durham
- 25. Any further comments on landownership and disposal policies or upon the future prospects of residential development in Durham District.

Thank you very much for your assistance.

Jeanne Bateson

APPENDIX 5 ESTATE AGENT QUESTIONNAIRE

University of Durham Department of Geography

Science Laboratories, South Road, Durham, DH1 3LE, England Telephone: Durham 64971 (STD code 0385)

Professor W B Fisher D De L'Univ

Professor H Bowen-Jones MA

Professor J I Clarke MA, PhD

3rd September, 1974.

Dear Sir,

I am a research student at the University of Durham, doing a Ph.D. on The Rural Urban Fringe in Durham District, under the supervision of Professor J.I. Clarke.

A major part of my work involves looking at urban expansion around Durham City over the last 5 years. I am particularly interested in studying the process of private residential development in the area from the viewpoint of both the builders and the planners.

I have obtained some useful general information about housing development in the area from published reports and statistics and from the N.F.B.T.E. However, as much of this information is fairly general and theoretical, my main aim is to find out how decisions are actually made by people involved in residential development in the Durham area.

In order to acquire more detailed information, I have interviewed planners, landowners, land agents, and other groups interested in housing development in the area. However, the people who are in the best position to assess demand and hence to evaluate the existing rate of housing provision in an area are the estate agents, who are in direct contact with consumers. Therefore, I intend to do a small survey of the major estate agents operating in Durham District. I am especially interested in obtaining information on the types and locations of developments which are particularly in demand, both by people already residing in Durham District and by those migrating in from elsewhere.

I should be extremely grateful for an opportunity to discuss these topics with you and would appreciate any advice you can give me on this subject.

Yours sincerely,

MISS J. BATESON

SURVEY OF ESTATE AGENTS OPERATING IN DURHAM DISTRICT - 1974

Date
Code Number
GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE STRUCTURE & ORGANIZATION OF THE FIRM
1. Over what area does the firm operate.
2. What % of your transactions are in:
private houses;
commercial property, i.e. offices and shops;
land;
other.
Do you specialize in any particular type of land or property.
3. If land transactions are negotiated:
what acreage of land for development (housing / other)
do you currently have on offer;
what acreage of farmland do you currently have on offer.
THE HOUSING MARKET WITHIN DURHAM DISTRICT
4. What is the state of the current house buying market:
in general;
within Durham District.
What are present selling rates like in Durham District.
Have you currently more or less new / second-hand houses
on offer than average.

5. From your experience of the sale of housing in Durham District, what do you think are the main factors influencing the demand for new residential development:

population - natural increase;

people with growing families wanting to move into

larger houses;

earlier marriage and increased rate of household formation;

migration into the area;

creation of job opportunities in the area;

increasing aspiration for owner-occupation;

housing renewal.

6. Approximately what % of your clients (seeking to buy houses) and what % of enquiries are from people from:

outside the North East;

Tyneside;

Teesside;

Elsewhere in County Durham;

local, i.e. Durham District (existing owner occupiers /
tenants of local authority estates / other).

Are these groups associated with any particular type, age, or location of housing.

7. Approximately what % of your clients are:

existing home-owners;
newly married couples;
private or local authority tenants;
other.

8. Does the demand for new/second-hand property come principally from specific socio-economic groups:

professionals / executives / clerical and administrative /
skilled manual / other.

Does the nature of demand in Durham District differ significantly from elsewhere in County Durham.

9. For what type of residential development is there the greatest demand in Durham District:

large-scale estates of semis, detached, e.g. Newton Hall,
Belmont;

medium-sized developments, e.g. the Sands, Archery Rise; small-scale developments, e.g. Shincliffe Village.

10. Private housing completions have decreased within Durham District, what would you say have been the main factors contributing to this trend:

Factors affecting the building industry nationally, e.g. restrictions on the availability of credit and mortgages; shortages of skilled labour in the construction industry; reduced demand because of the widespread availability of grants for home improvements; delays in planning permissions; shortage of developable land.

Lack of adequate service provision in Durham District, i.e. sewerage / water / roads / schools / public transport.

12. How do house prices for the various main types of housing within

Durham District compare with the prices of similar housing

elsewhere in the North East / the country.

SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION OF DEMAND

- 13. Is there a greater demand for houses / sites : adjacent to or within the built-up area of Durham City; in the nearby villages.
- 14. Which areas within Durham District do you feel have the most potential for new residential development.

How do ex-mining villages compare in their potential with former agricultural villages, e.g. Bearpark and Hett.

Which areas within Durham City and the peripheral villages have the greatest potential for prestige housing development.

HOUSING LAND AVAILABILITY / SITE SELECTION

15. For what size of residential development site is there the greatest demand from builders.

Does this vary according to the size of the building company, or to the location of its headquarters, i.e. within the region or elsewhere.

16. In relation to present demand, do you think that the land designated for future residential development within Durham District is:

adequate in amount; suitable in type and location.

17. Do you think that the planning objectives of containment, e.g. policies on green belts, areas of high landscape value, and on the preservation of the historic town environment, are realistic in terms of the present pressure for development.

Do you feel that there are any specific areas around Durham City where these policies should be reviewed.

18. What features enhance the value and sales potential of a housing site or completed house:

proximity to an employment centre;
proximity to schools - primary / secondary;
well landscaped location - good aspect;
good accessibility to major roads / motorway;
good accessibility to public transport;
availability of services on the site - water /
electricity / gas / sewerage;
proximity to existing private housing.

What features tend to detract from the value of a site or completed house.

19. Does landownership, e.g. leasehold or freehold conditions attached to a site or house, affect its market attraction.

- 20. A significant proportion of the land within Durham District is owned by large institutions, e.g. the Church, university, or by the NCB, family estates and the local authority, does this affect the availability of land for sale and development.
- 21. Land values have risen steeply during the early 1970s, what do you think have been the main causes of this especially in Durham District.

What effects has this had upon the prices of new and second-hand houses.

Do you think that rising land costs have affected the type and quality of new housing constructed.

22. What is your opinion of the government's proposals to 'nationalize' land ripe for development.

CONTACT WITH BUILDERS

23. How much contact do you have with house-builders.

Do they come to you to get information on:

available sites;

areas of high demand;

sales of second-hand or new properties in the area; other.

24. How much consultation is there between estate agents and planners

At what stages in the residential development process or

plan preparation process does this occur.

How much information flow is there between you and the

planners.

25. Do you think that the planning system of land development controls is:

efficient YES/NO

successful YES/NO

Do you think that local government reorganization will increase the speed and efficiency of the system.

26. What is your opinion of the new structure planning system.

THE STATE OF THE HOUSE-BUILDING INDUSTRY

27. What do you feel have been the main contributory factors to the present slump in the house-building industry.

How has this affected estate agents.

THE FUTURE OF THE HOUSE-BUILDING INDUSTRY IN THE NORTH EAST

28. What do you think will be the best pattern of future urban expansion in the North East.

> peripheral development adjacent to the built-up area of the existing conurbations (Tyneside and Teesside);

expansion in villages near to the conurbations;
more new town development;
concentrate on a few expanded town schemes;
infilling and central area redevelopment of existing
settlements.

29. Any further general information on new housing development in the North East and Durham District in particular.

Thank you very much indeed for your assistance,

Jeanne Bateson

APPENDIX 6 DEVELOPER'S LAND SEARCH PRO FORMA

LAND REPORT FOR SPECULATIVE BUILDING

	RE	GION	LOCATIO	N	FILE NO.	
1.	SOU	RCE OF INTRODU	JCTION			
	(a)	Address of si	te (Provide D	rawing and	l state O.S. pa	rcel
		number).				
	(b)	Name, Address	and Telephon	e Number o	of:	
		(i) Owner	(iii) Is Agen	t retained by	Vendor?
		(ii) Agent	(iv)	If not,	what is his s	tatus?
	(c)	Is property o	offered by Pri	vate Treat	y, Public Auct	ion or
		Tender?				
		(Copy of A	auction or Ten	der partic	ulars to be pro	ovided)
	(d)				hether this is	the lowest
		offer that th	e Vendor will	accept.		
		,		1 110		
	(e)	Is the site F	reenold or Le	asenold?		
	(£)	Acreage				
	(1)	ncreage				
	(g)	Can the whole	acreage be d	eveloped?	If not, state	why and
	•	give reasons.	-	-	•	-

- (h) Give known details of any recent land transactions in the area not involving this Company.
- (i) Give details of any tenancies.

2. PLANNING AUTHORITIES

- (a) Name, Address and Telephone Number of Local and County

 Authorities concerned and state name of Area Planning Officer.
- (b) If land has Planning Permission state any conditions including permitted density and whether outline or full Planning Permission has been received (where consent given, copy to be attached).
- (c) If not, state views including reference to segregation of
 - (i) Local Planning Office (Name of person seen)
 - (ii) County Planning Office (Name of person seen)
- (d) Public Open Space
 Will L.A. take over public open space, landscaped areas, etc.

3. DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY

- (a) State nature of site, i.e. grassland, under cultivation, heavily timbered, etc.
- E. (b) State if possible, nature of sub-soil or details of any trial holes taken.
- E. (c) State whether land is flat, undulating or steeply falling and give indication of amount and direction of fall (to be

noted on drawing).

- E. (d) Give location and girth of any trees on site.
 - (e) Is there a Tree Preservation Order in force?
 If so, give details
- E. (f) Give details of any ponds, streams or large ditches on site or any flood hazard.
 - (g) Are there any over-head distribution lines or pylons within the site? If so, indicate position on drawing and state loading of cables.
- E. (h) Are there any underground mains or services known to be crossing the site? If so, indicate position on drawing
- E.A.(i) What are the Sight line requirements? (Name of person seen at Highway Authority)
- E.A.(j) Are there any improvement lines to adjacent highways.
 - (k) Are there any public footpaths to be retained? If so, indicate position on drawing.
 - (1) Are there any buildings, site workings, sewage works or proposed schemes near to the site which might adversely affect our purchase?

- (m) Are there any hard standings, buildings, cellars, etc., on the actual site? If so, describe and give brief construction details.
- (n) Are there any covenants or restrictions made by the Vendor?
- (o) Describe briefly boundaries of land, i.e. whether fenced, walled, hedged, etc., and any information as to ownership of same.
- E. (p) Is site in area of N.C.B. working. If so, NCB report to be attached
- 4. SERVICES
- E.A.(a) Gas. State name of officer and address of Gas Authority dealing with site.

(Head Office to be seen and not Local Office).

Distance of nearest main to site and on what terms will it be extended to serve the site?

E.A.(b) Electricity. State name of officer and address of Electricity

Authority dealing with site.

(Head Office to be seen and not Local Office).

Distance of nearest main to site and on what terms will it be extended to serve the site?

E.A.(c) Water. State name of officer and address of Water Authority dealing with site.

(Head Office to be seen and not Local Office).

Distance of nearest main to site and on what terms will it be extended to serve the site?

E.A.(d) S.W. Sewer. State position, size and depth of nearest storm water sewer

(to be noted on drawing).

Do Local Authority confirm size and depth adequate for proposed Development?

Provide approximate cost of offsite storm water sewer.

Where storm water is to be discharged into river or stream, do
River Board or Conservancy or Local Authority require any
special works? If so, give details.

E.A.(e) F.W. Sewer. State position, size and depth of nearest foul water sewer.

(to be noted on drawing).

Do Local Authority confirm size and depth adequate for proposed Development?

Provide approximate cost of offsite foul water sewer.

What is Local Authority's code of practice for main and house drainage?

- (i) Combined.
- (ii) Partially combined.
- (iii) Separate.
- (iv) Are Soakaways permissible for roof and/or road drainage?
- (v) Are intercepting Manholes required.

Will the land drain without excessive cost?

- (i) Due to nearness of existing sewers.
- (ii) Due to draining with contours of land.

If not, state intended form of drainage and whether Local Authority is prepared to adopt.

(f) Easements. Is an easement necessary to ensure drainage? (Position to be indicated on drawing).

If so, state anticipated cost and whether terms have been agreed with Grantor.

E. 5. ROADS

- (a) Will the Highway Authority enter into Section 40 Road
 Agreement or will they operate the Advance Payments Code?
 If neither, what is their practice?
- (b) What is the Highway Authority Specification for
 - (i) Through Estate Roads

- (ii) Internal Estate Roads
- (iii) Cul-de-sacs

(Enclose copy of specification).

- (c) Are any roads abutting or leading to site either private
 or unadopted?
 (indicate on drawing).
- (d) If so, does Local Authority require these roads to be made up before taking over our new Estate roads?
- (e) Is road access required to adjoining land? If so, indicate position on drawing.
- (f) Any further stipulations imposed by Local or County
 Authorities.

6. GENERAL AMENITIES

State nearest: (i) Primary School

- (ii) Secondary School
- (iii) Grammar School
- nearest: (i) Bus route to nearest town
 - (ii) Railway Station
- nearest: (i) Shop(s)
 - (ii) Public House(s)
 - (iii) Filling Station



	PREPARED BY	LAND INVES	TIGATOR	DATE					
	CHECKED BY	ENGINEER							
	APPROVED BY	DEVELOPER							
	OTHER HOUSING DEVELOPMENTS IN SAME GENERAL AREA								
	EVELOPERS NAME ARE AND ESTATE ACE		DISTANCE FROM SITE "A"						
1									
2	•								
3									

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Developers Signature

Date

7. DEVELOPERS RECOMMENDED OFFER AND ANY SUGGESTED CONDITIONS.

Source: Pro forma supplied by a developer respondent.

APPENDIX 7: EXAMPLES OF STANDARD REFUSAL REASONS

- Extension of existing development into an attractive area of open countryside which separates major urban settlements.
- Land is intended to be maintained in open use in the interests of agriculture and visual amenity.
- Land should remain in open use to preserve the separate identities of settlements.
- Development would constitute an undesirable and visual intrusion.
- 5. Site lies outside the established physical limits of the village and should be refused in the interests of safeguarding the village's rural character.
- 6. Undesirable piecemeal extension of the village.
- 7. Development should be concentrated in those settlements capable of providing the facilities required for modern day life.
- Adequate and more suitable land is already available for housing development in the surrounding area.
- Development would result in the dissipation of building effort and prejudice the creation of a compact settlement pattern.

- 10. Development conflicts with the County Development Plan and lies within an area of 'white land' where it is intended that the existing land uses shall remain undisturbed.
- 11. The site is remote and isolated from any established settlements providing the necessary employment, public, community and social services required for modern day life.
- 12. The site is located in an area where, pending the outcome of a plan, no development will be permitted unless essential in the interests of agriculture or for some other rural use.
- 13. Development here would set an undesirable precedent for further similar development in the area.
- 14. Proposed development is in conflict with the provisions made in the plan, (village plan or Town Map) and more suitable sites are available elsewhere.
- 15. Proposed development would constitute peripheral development on a scale unsuited to such a settlement.

- 16. The restricted size and shape are inadequate to allow for development which will provide a reasonable standard of residential amenity and an adequate degree of privacy for its occupants.
- 17. The proposals would interfere with the privacy of nearby property.
- 18. The property proposed would project beyond the frontage of the street and would constitute a prominent and obtrusive visual feature in the street scene.
- 19. The proposal would involve the formation of a vehicle access onto a classified road at a position near a dangerous bend or road junction.
- 20. The development would constitute undesirable ribbon development by the side of the road.
- 21. The existing vehicular access is inadequate to cater for the amount of vehicular and pedestrian traffic which the proposal would generate.
- 22. The development of this site would give rise to traffic movements which would impede or interfere with the free flow of traffic.

- 23. The proposed piecemeal development would be prejudicial to the ultimate development of this land for residential purposes, in accordance with a comprehensive layout for a scheme for the whole area.
- 24. Development here would be visually offensive on this prominent site and would be detrimental to proposed residential development nearby.
- 25. The information submitted with the application is inadequate to enable the local planning authority to give proper consideration to the application and additional information requested by the local planning authority has not been supplied by the applicant within a reasonable time period.

APPENDIX 8 FARMER QUESTIONNAIRE

University of Durham Department of Geography

Science Laboratories, South Road, Durham, DH1 3LE, England Telephone: Durham 64971 (STD code 0385)

Professor W B Fisher D De L'Univ Professor H Bowen-Jones MA

1st October, 1973

Professor J I Clarke MA, PhD

Dear Mr.

I am a research student at the University of Durham, doing a Ph.D. on the Rural Urban Fringe in Durham District, under the supervision of Professor J.I. Clarke.

A major part of my work involves looking at the effects of urban expansion and land use change on agriculture around Durham City. I am especially concerned with the problems of farming in areas adjacent to the built-up area of Durham City and the larger villages within Durham R.D. and Brandon and Byshottles U.D.C.

I have obtained some useful general information about farming conditions in this part of County Durham from the Ministry of Agriculture, but in order to obtain more detailed information, I intend to do a short questionnaire survey, by means of personal interview, of all farmers in the area who have land near to the built-up area. All information obtained at these interviews will be aggregated to reflect conditions within the Durham area rather than on individual farms, and throughout will remain strictly confidential.

I have discussed my questionnaire with Mr. Elliot of the National Farmers' Union, who suggested that you might be able to help me with my enquiries. I should be very grateful if you would agree to see me for about 45 minutes. I will contact you later to arrange a time which will be most convenient for you.

Yours sincerely,

MISS J. BATESON

FARM SURVEY - DURHAM DISTRICT, 1973

DATE	Co	de No.	
PARISH			
NUMBER			
1 What is the present size of y	your farm?		
Total acre	eage 1973		
2 What was the size of your far	rm 5 years ago?		
Total acre	eage 1968		
10 years ago?			
Total acre	eage 1963		
If you have been at the farm ustate the total acreage when y	-		
Total acreag	geYear.		
(even if an overall increase h		ar chere have be	
any losses during the last 5 y Please give details of the amo land from its agricultural use Conversion of land from	vears) ount & approx. dates o a. Approx. amount of	f conversion of Approx. da	
any losses during the last 5 y Please give details of the amo land from its agricultural use Conversion of land from agriculture to:	vears) ount & approx. dates o	f conversion of	
any losses during the last 5 y Please give details of the amo land from its agricultural use Conversion of land from	vears) ount & approx. dates o a. Approx. amount of	f conversion of Approx. da	
any losses during the last 5 y Please give details of the amo land from its agricultural use Conversion of land from agriculture to: 1 Mineral working (extraction	vears) ount & approx. dates o a. Approx. amount of	f conversion of Approx. da	
any losses during the last 5 y Please give details of the amo land from its agricultural use Conversion of land from agriculture to: 1 Mineral working (extraction of sand & gravel, coal etc.)	vears) ount & approx. dates o a. Approx. amount of	f conversion of Approx. da	
any losses during the last 5 y Please give details of the amo land from its agricultural use Conversion of land from agriculture to: 1 Mineral working (extraction of sand & gravel, coal etc.) 2 Private housing development	vears) ount & approx. dates o a. Approx. amount of	f conversion of Approx. da	
any losses during the last 5 y Please give details of the amo land from its agricultural use Conversion of land from agriculture to: 1 Mineral working (extraction of sand & gravel, coal etc.) 2 Private housing development 3 Council housing development	vears) ount & approx. dates o a. Approx. amount of	f conversion of Approx. da	
any losses during the last 5 y Please give details of the amo land from its agricultural use Conversion of land from agriculture to: 1 Mineral working (extraction of sand & gravel, coal etc.) 2 Private housing development 3 Council housing development 4 Forestry 5 Communications (new roads/	vears) ount & approx. dates o a. Approx. amount of	f conversion of Approx. da	
any losses during the last 5 y Please give details of the amo land from its agricultural use Conversion of land from agriculture to: 1 Mineral working (extraction of sand & gravel, coal etc.) 2 Private housing development 3 Council housing development 4 Forestry 5 Communications (new roads/ road widening/railways) 6 Industrial development	vears) ount & approx. dates o a. Approx. amount of	f conversion of Approx. da	
any losses during the last 5 y Please give details of the amo land from its agricultural use Conversion of land from agriculture to: 1 Mineral working (extraction of sand & gravel, coal etc.) 2 Private housing development 3 Council housing development 4 Forestry 5 Communications (new roads/ road widening/railways) 6 Industrial development (factories / warehouses)	vears) ount & approx. dates o a. Approx. amount of	f conversion of Approx. da	

4 FARMS WHICH HAVE INCREASED IN SIZE (even if there has been an overall decrease ask if there have been any increases in the last 5 years)	
Would you please tell me for what reasons your farm has increased in size. Is it due to:-	
1 Amalgamation with farms next to your own	
2 New lease / purchase of land not adjoining your farm	
3 Clearance of wasteland for agriculture	
4 Others, please specify	
5 Have any of the above changes (increases or decreases) led to any fragmentation of the farm? YES/NO	Γ-
TD 900	
<pre>IF YES How many fragments does the farm consist of at present?</pre>	
How many fragments did it consist of 5 years ago?	
6 Are you the owner of the farm or a tenant?	
Do you own/tenant any land elsewhere? YES/NO	
<pre>IF YES Is this a separate and independent holding or is it farmed as part of this farm?</pre>	
If you are a tenant please state the name of the owner	
and the place in which he/the organization lives/has its administrative centre.	
Show the 6" map of the area. Would you please indicate the boundaries of your farm on this map. Please show the fragmented areas which you farm. If possible please indicate the areas which you have lost and gained as mentioned in questions 3 and 4.	<u> </u>

	In which of the following Ministry of Agriculture categories would you place your farm:- please tick the appropriate	
	category.	
	1 Specialist Dairy 2 Mainly Dairy 3 Livestock rearing & 4 Livestock rearing & fattening cattle fattening sheep 5 Livestock rearing & 6 Poultry dominant fattening cattle & sheep 7 Pigs & poultry 8 Cropping mainly cereals 9 General cropping 10 Predominantly vegetable 11 Predominantly fruit 12 General horticulture 13 Mixed	
8 W	What are your most important crops/livestock in terms of:	
_	1 Value	
	2 Acreage	
1 2 3 4	Where are the main markets for your products? are they in order of importance: Local (your immediate neighbourhood/village) Durham City Tyneside/Teesside Elsewhere in County Durham National If your farm does not specialize in dairying or	
_	market gardening do you:	
_	a) Keep dairy cattle for: b) Grow market ga products for:	rden
1 H	dome use	
	Sale in the immediate vicinity or village	
3 Di	Ourham City	
4 E	Sisewhere, please specify	

11a	Has your system of farming changed over	the last 5 years?	
	(Major changes in crops/livestock)	YES/NO	
	<pre>IF YES please give details Have these changes been influenced by: 1 The proximity of new housing development</pre>		
	2 Loss of land caused by residential and of urban development	l other types	
	3 Or do you think that these changes wou place anyway (e.g. with progress in fa		
12	Has nearby development resulted in dama	ge by trespass? YES/NO	
13	IF YES please comment Has proposed or actual development affe in any other way? Please comment	ected production	
14	Are any of your fields directly adjacen	t to any urban	
	land use?	YES/NO	
	IF YES		
	<pre>Has this adjacent land been used for:</pre>	l for urban purposes	
	1 over 10 years 2 5–10 years 3 under 5 years		
15	FARMERS WHOSE LAND IS DIRECTLY ADJACENT	TO RESIDENTIAL/URBA	AN
	Has the yield of land directly adjacent	to land in urban	
	uses been affected by this?	YES/NO	
	IF YES please comment Has this led to you changing the type o plant there?	f crop that you	
	prant there:	YES/NO	
	<pre>IF YES what did you plant there before what do you plant there now?</pre>	the development?	
16	Has development affected the supply of for agricultural use?	water available	
	TOT GETTOUTULE GOO.	YES/NO	
17	Is the farmhouse connected to mains wat Is the farmhouse connected to mains ele Is the farmhouse connected to mains sew	ctricity/gas? YES/NO	

18	Have you/your landlord constructed any new farm buildings within the last 5 years? YES/NO IF YES please state what these are used for.	
19	Have you or any member of your family derived any benefits from nearby urban development? Do any of the following apply? 1 Schools built nearby. 2 Connection to the main sewerage system. 3 Supply of mains water/electricity/gas. 4 Shops built nearby. 5 Other, please specify.	
20	How many cars/vehicles do you own?	
	How long does it take to get into the centre of Durham by car?	
	minutes	
21	How long have you lived at the farm? years	
22	How long have you been the manager of the farm? years	
23	Are you over or under 45 years of age?	
24	FOR THE OWNER-OCCUPIER Would you please state which (if any) of the following were important factors in influencing your decisions to sell your land. Please indicate the order of importance by numbering the most important 1,2,3, etc.	
	<pre>1 Compulsory purchase. 2 Inability to find labour to farm the land. 3 Economic gain. 4 Pressure from the planning authorities. 5 Became necessary to cope with the rising costs e.g. labour, equipment, feedstuffs etc. 6 Difficulties in farming because of fragmentation. 7 Pressures from the private developers. 8 Other.</pre>	
25	In order to get a complete picture of changes in land use and pressure for future changes would you please answer the following questions about planning applications on your land.	
	How many planning applications have been submitted regarding development of all or part of your farmland within the last 5 years?	
	number	

<pre>Applications submitted by:</pre>	-	No. of Applications	Dates	Proposed development	Results
1 You persona	lly				
2 On your beh	alf by an agent				
3 Your landlo	rd				
4 A prospecti (unknown or on the lan	with an option				
	ve leassee (unk option on the l				
6 local Autho	rity				
appropriate n	umn headed propumber relating 1 Mineral work 3 Council hous 5 Industrial de 7 Other. umn headed resu 1 Accepted and with foundar 2 Accepted but 3 Accepted but 4 Refused.	to: ing 2 Private ing developmen evelopment 6 lts, put the a has been deve tions) has remained	housing t 4 Comm Recreati ppropriat loped (bu in agricu	development unications on & Education e number ilt or	
	lications to der how many have co 1 Other farmers 2 Private indiv 3 Organizations 4 Private indiv elsewhere in 5 Private indiv	ome from: s in Durham Dir viduals in Durh s from Durham N viduals / organ County Durham viduals / organ	strict ham Distr District hizations	ict from	
	icipate many fut	ture application	ons? YES	/NO	
	elsewhere in 5 Private indiv elsewhere in	County Durham viduals / organ Britain	nizations ons?	from	
develop la	FARMERS o you know about nd which you are on is there befo	farming (i.e.	. how mucl	า	
		mont	hs/years		
Do you thir	nk that this is	long enough?		YES/NO	٢

30	years re	ent plus the va ed by developme	tion, allocating of lue of present cront, influenced you	=	
	Please			YES/NO	
31			re any specific p farm is located?	lanning policies for Please indicate	
32	-	_	ning policies a) not of agriculture	result in more and e (accelerating	
	the best		b) e land by restrictin	essentially protect ng indiscriminate	
	_	satisfied with and planners?	the amount of cor	ntact between	
	plea	ase comment	•	IES/NO	
33	labour s question How many	supply, would y as. , are employed	effect of nearby ou please answer to the farm at the sof the family)	-	
		Male	Fema	ale	
Fu.	ll-time				
Par	rt-time				
34		head of Househ to farming?	old) have any othe YES/		
	IF YES	-	other occupation? main or a subsidia	ary occupation?	
		In which town	/village is this	job?	
35	Does any elsewher Please s	e?	family living on	the farm work	
	Relation of House	ship to Head	Place of work Town / village	Occupation	

36	What changes have occurred in the labour force during the past 5 years?	
	Please comment	
37	Would you please indicate which category is appropriate for: a) New jobs of workers who have left in the last 5 years. b) Previous jobs of workers who have come in the last 5 years. Please state the number in each category.	
_	New jobs of workers Previous jobs of workers who have come	
1 .	Agriculture	
2	Industry	
3 (Offices / clerical	
4 :	Professional	لللا
5 (Other	
38	Have there been any difficulties in maintaining an adequate labour supply in the last 5 years? YES/NO	
	Please comment	
39	Has there been any competition for labour from industry in the area?	
	YES/NO	
	IF YES Has this meant that you have had to pay higher wages? YES/NO	
40	Has the farm any tied cottages?	
	number	
41	Would you please state where your farm workers live (i.e. those who do not live on the farm or in tied cottages).	
	Place Number	

42 If you ever sell or leave the farm will you:	
<pre>1 Get another farm - own/tenancy/part-time</pre>	
2 Get a job in industry	
3 Get an office job	
4 Retire	
5 Other, please specify	
ALSO Would you prefer to:	
1 Continue to live in the nearby village	
2 Move into Durham City	
3 Move elsewhere within Durham District	
4 Move elsewhere in County Durham	
5 Move elsewhere in the country.	

OTHER COMMENTS

Thank you very much indeed for all your time and help.

Jeanne Bateson

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