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**The Compositional Processes of Arvo Pärt:
A Survey and Comparison of Two Musical
Styles**

Volume 2 – Musical Examples

Stephen Gregory John Penton

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Master of Arts

1998



E 1 DEC 1998

Example 1

The musical score is divided into four systems. The first system includes a woodwind section with a *mp* dynamic marking and a string section with *ff* dynamics. The second system features trumpets III and IV, trombone I, and strings, with *ff* dynamics. The third system shows a woodwind section with a *f* dynamic. The fourth system includes violin II and IV, and strings, with *ff* dynamics. A circled number 5 is positioned between the third and fourth systems.

UE 13560

Example 2

The image shows a handwritten musical score for a piano accompaniment, divided into three systems. Each system consists of a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) with a brace on the left. The notation is handwritten and includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, accidentals, and dynamic markings.

- System 1:** Starts with a treble clef and a sharp sign. The first measure contains notes with accidentals. A measure rest is marked with the number '2'. The bass line begins in the second measure with notes and accidentals.
- System 2:** Starts with a treble clef and a sharp sign. The first measure contains notes with accidentals. A measure rest is marked with the number '4'. The bass line begins in the second measure with notes and accidentals. Below the bass staff, there are several vertical lines of notes, possibly representing a figured bass or a specific fingering.
- System 3:** Starts with a treble clef and a sharp sign. The first measure contains notes with accidentals. A measure rest is marked with the number '5'. The bass line begins in the second measure with notes and accidentals.

Example 3

7 7^a

V-ni I arco

V-ni II mp pizz.

V-le

V-c.

C.b.

tutti pizz.

arco

mf

8

arco

mf

pizz.

arco

Example 4

14

arco

V-ni I

V-ni II

V-le

V-c.

C.b.

stacc.

mp

stacc.

cresc.

mp

stacc.

cresc.

mp

cresc.

6

stacc.

Fl.

Ob.

mp

con sord.

mp

T-r-ba

T-lo

pp

stacc.

1 pult

p

Archi

Example 5

Fl. picc.

Ob.

Cl.

Fag.

Tr-ba

Archi

91

senza sord.

(continued)

Example 6

Cor.
Tr. ba
Tr. ne
Timp.
Hi-hat

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

The musical score consists of 14 staves. The first five staves are labeled on the left as Cor., Tr. ba, Tr. ne, Timp., and Hi-hat. The score is divided into three systems by double bar lines. The first system contains the first five staves. The second system contains staves 6 through 10. The third system contains staves 11 through 14. The Cor., Tr. ba, and Tr. ne parts feature melodic lines with various note values and rests. The Timp. part features a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes. The Hi-hat part features a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes. The word "cresc." appears three times, indicating a crescendo in the music.

Example 7

10

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fag.

Cor.

Tr-ba

Tr-ne

Timp.

Sii.

Arnt

The musical score for Example 7, measures 10-19, is presented in two systems. The first system (measures 10-15) includes staves for Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), Bassoon (Fag.), Cor Anglais (Cor.), Trumpet (Tr-ba), Trombone (Tr-ne), Timpani (Timp.), Snare Drum (Sii.), and Percussion (Arnt). The second system (measures 16-19) continues the orchestration. The score contains various musical notations, including notes, rests, and dynamic markings. Performance instructions such as "con sord." (con sordina) are present in the Cor, Tr-ba, and Tr-ne parts. A "pizz." (pizzicato) instruction is found in the Sii. part. The percussion part (Arnt) includes a "pizz." instruction. The score is written in a standard musical notation style with a key signature of one flat and a common time signature.

Example 8

20

Ob.

Cl.

Cor. I

Cor. II

Vni I *p*

Vni II *p*

Vla.

Vcl.

Cb.

Vaga pingeliseit

(continued)

Ob.

Cl.

Cor. I

Cor. II

Timp.

V-ni I $\frac{f}{p}$

V-ni II $\frac{f}{p}$

V-le

V-c.

C-b.

The image shows a page of a musical score for an orchestra, page 9. The score is written for the following instruments: Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), Cor. I, Cor. II, Timp., Violins I (V-ni I), Violins II (V-ni II), Viola (V-le), Violoncello (V-c.), and Contrabass (C-b.). The music is written in a common time signature (C) and features various dynamics such as *p*, *f*, and *mf*. The score includes slurs and accents, indicating phrasing and emphasis. The page number 9 is centered at the bottom.

Example 9

15

Fl.
Cl.
Vni I
Vni II
Vla
Vcl.
Cb.

Fl.
Fag.
Archi

Fl.
Fag.
Cor.
Archi

Example 10

V-ni I

V-ni II

V-le

V-c.

C.b.

17

Ob.

Cl.

Fag.

Archi

Cl.

Fag.

Tr-ba

Tr-ne

Archi

con sord.

con sord.

Tutti

Example 11

Ob. *pp*

Cl.

Fag.

Cor.

Tr-ba

Tr-ne

V-ni I

V-ni II

V-le *cresc.*

V-c.

C.b.

18

Fl. picc.

Ob.

Fag.

Cor.

Tr-ba *senza sord.*

Tr-ne *senza sord.*

Sil.

Archi *mf*

Example 12

30

Fl. picc.

Ob.

Cl.

Fag.

Cor.

Tr-ha

Tr-ne

Timp.

T-lo

Hi-hat

Sil.

Archi

The musical score consists of 14 staves. The top staff is for Fl. picc. (Piccolo Flute). The second staff is for Ob. (Oboe). The third staff is for Cl. (Clarinet). The fourth staff is for Fag. (Bassoon). The fifth staff is for Cor. (Trumpet). The sixth staff is for Tr-ha (Trumpet Horn). The seventh staff is for Tr-ne (Trumpet Natural). The eighth staff is for Timp. (Timpani). The ninth staff is for T-lo (Tom-tom). The tenth staff is for Hi-hat. The eleventh staff is for Sil. (Cymbal). The twelfth staff is for Archi (Archi), which includes multiple staves for strings. The score shows various musical notations including notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

Example 13

Fl. picc.

Ob.

Cl.

Fag.

Cor.

Tr-ba

Tr-ne

Timp.

T-lo

Hi-hat

Sil.

V-ni I

V-ni II

V-la

V-c.

C-b.

21

ff

f

2 div.

2 div.

2 div.

2 div.

non div.

div.

Example 14

Flute
Clarinet
Bassoon
Trumpet
Hi-hat
Snare
Violin Solo
Violin I
Violin II
Viola Solo
Viola
Violoncello Solo
Violoncello
Cello

dim. poco a poco

p pizz.

p poco a poco cresc.

pizz.

P poco a poco cresc.

f poco a poco dim.

rit. e dim.

Example 15

23 43

Fl. picc.

Ob.

Cl.

Fag.

Cor.

Tr-ba

Tr-ne

V-ni I

V-ni II

V-la

V-n.

C-b.

ord.

ord. *mf*

div. *mf*

crsc.

div.

ord. 32 *mf*

8-

Example 16

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fag.

Cor. I

Cor. II

Timp.

P. m

V. ni I

V. ni II

V. le

V. c.

Cb.

f

mf

cresc.

f

f

cresc.

f

cresc.

cresc.

Example 17

50

Ob.

Cl.

V-ni I.

V-ni II.

V-le

V-c.

C.b.

39

Fl.

Ob.

Cl.

Fag.

V-ni I.

V-ni II.

V-le

V-c.

C.b.

Example 18

64

49

Tr-ba
Tr-ne
P-m
Hi-hat
Cassa

The musical score for Example 18, measures 49-52, is presented in a multi-staff format. The top section features five staves for the drum set: Tr-ba (Trombone), Tr-ne (Trumpet), P-m (Piano), Hi-hat, and Cassa (Cymbal). The bottom section consists of ten staves of piano accompaniment. The score is marked with a box containing the number '49' at the beginning of the first staff. The notation includes various rhythmic patterns, dynamics (such as *mf*), and articulation marks. The piano part features complex rhythmic textures with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes, often beamed together. The drum set parts are primarily rhythmic, with the Hi-hat and Cassa providing a steady accompaniment. The overall style is characteristic of mid-20th-century jazz or bebop music.

Example 19

The image displays a musical score for 'Example 19' on page 71. The score is organized into three systems of staves. The first system consists of three staves, the second system consists of three staves, and the third system consists of ten staves. Each staff contains musical notation, including notes, rests, and various articulation marks such as slurs and accents. The notation is dense and appears to be a complex piece of music, possibly for a string ensemble or a large instrumental group. The page number '71' is located in the upper right corner, and the title 'Example 19' is in the upper left corner.

Example 21

5 *staccatissimo*

Ob. I

Ob. II

C. ingl.

Cl. picc.

Cl. I

Cl. b.

5 *f*

Archi

The musical score for Example 21 is divided into two systems. The first system includes staves for Oboe I and II, Cor Anglais, Clarinet Piccolo, Clarinet I, Clarinet B, and a group of strings labeled 'Archi'. The woodwind parts feature a series of notes with a 'staccatissimo' marking and a dynamic of 'f'. The string parts play a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes. The second system continues the woodwind parts with similar notation and dynamics, while the string parts continue their rhythmic pattern. A double bar line is present between the two systems.

Example 22

FL III muta in Fl. picc.

The image displays a musical score for Example 22, consisting of multiple systems of staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and slurs. A specific instruction, "FL III muta in Fl. picc.", is written on one of the staves. The score is presented in a clear, black-and-white format, typical of a printed musical manuscript.

Example 24

The musical score for Example 24 is organized into three main sections. The top section includes woodwind instruments: Oboe (Ob.) with parts I and II, Clarinet in E-flat (Cl. e.), and Bassoon (Fag.) with parts I and II. The middle section is for Horns (Cor.), with five staves. The bottom section is for Strings (Archi), with four staves. The woodwind parts are mostly blank, while the horn and string parts contain musical notation including notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

Example 25

35

Fl. stacc.

Clar.

18

Flute (staccato) part: *f* (measures 18-19), *p* (measure 24)

Clarinet part: *p cresc.* *f* (measures 17-18), *mf sempre stacc. con sord.* (measures 19-24)

String parts: *mf sempre stacc. con sord.* (measures 19-24)

18

Flute (staccato) part: *f* (measures 26-27), *f* (measures 28-29), *p* (measure 32)

Clarinet part: *p cresc.* *f* (measures 25-26), *mf sempre stacc.* (measures 27-32)

String parts: *mf sempre stacc.* (measures 27-32)

Example 26

40

20

Fl. picc. *ff*

Fl. I, II *ff*

Ob. I, II *ff*

C. ingl. *ff*

Cl. picc. *ff*

Cl. I, II *ff*

Cl. b. *ff*

Fag. I, II *ff*

C-fag. *ff*

Tr-be I *con sord.* *ff*

Tr-be III *con sord.* *ff*

Tr-ni I *con sord.* *ff*

Tr-ni III *ff*

20

Archi *ff* *pizz.* *arco* *pizz.*

Example 27

51

Timp.

P. ni

Vni I
1-4
pulti

Vni I
5-6
pulti

Vni II
1-2
pulti

Vni II
3-6
pulti

V.le

V.c.

C.b.

Bleiben nach dem Schlag zusammen.

Example 28

The musical score for Example 28 is arranged in a system with the following parts and markings:

- Timp.**: Includes the tempo instruction *rffsc. poco a poco*.
- V-ni I**: Violin I part.
- V-ni II 3-6 tutti**: Violin II part, marked *tutti*.
- V.le**: Viola part.
- V.c. tutti div.**: Violoncello part, marked *tutti* and *div.*.
- Cb.**: Contrabasso part.

Dynamic markings include *p* (piano) and *mp* (mezzo-piano). The score features various musical notations such as slurs, accents, and articulation marks.

Example 29

62 32

Ob. I, II

Cl. I, II

Cor. III, IV

V. I, VI

P-tb

V-ni I, II

V.c.

C.b.

col legno

pp cresc. poco a poco

pp cresc. poco a poco

• Удары по струнам (над грифом) по разным местам в свободном ритме. Струны сами слегка заглушены левой рукой.

Arhythmische Schläge auf die Saiten (über dem Griffbrett), auf verschiedene Stellen. Die Saiten werden dabei mit der linken Hand leicht gedämpft.

Example 31

36 Più lento e cantabile

Fl.

Ob. I

Cl. I

Cor.

Arpa

36 Più lento e cantabile

Vni I

Vni II

Vle

Vc.

C.b.

p

cresc.

pizz.

div.

arco

p

cresc.

SINFONIE Nr. 3

Arvo Pärt
(1971)

1 $\frac{4}{4}$ $\text{♩} = 66$ I

Flauto I
II

Flauto piccolo

Oboe I/II
II

Clarinetto (in Si♭) I/II
II

Clarinetto basso (in Si♭)

Fagotto I
II

Contrafagotto

Corno (in Fa) I/II
II/II

Tromba (in Si♭) I/II
II/II

Trombone I/II
II/II

Tuba

Timpani

Campana

Celesta

Marimba

Tam-Tam

$\frac{4}{4}$ $\text{♩} = 66$

Violino I
II

Viola

Violoncello

Contrabasso

(continued)

24

Ob. I

Cl. (Sib) I

Fg. I

Hb

a2

5x

28

Ob. II

Fg. II

a2

31

Ob. II

Cl. (Sib) II

Fg. II

Tr. (Sp) I

VI. I

VI. II

4

Solo

TR

unis.

(m)

unis.

35

Ob. II

Cl. (Sib) II

Tr. (Sp) I

VI. I

VI. II

a2

30 $\text{♩} = 60$ III

2/4 4/4 2/4 4/4

Ob. I
Ob. III
Cl. I (Sib)
Cl. III (Sib)
Timp.
e $\text{♩} = 60$
I
VI. p
II
Va. p
Vc. p

31

Ob. I
Ob. III
Cl. I (Sib)
Cl. III (Sib)
Timp.
I
VI. c
II
Va.
Vc.
Cb. p

Example 35

16 II

4 *d = 54-56*

Fg. I
Vc.

15 **17**

Ob. I
Fg. I
Cel.
Vl. II
Va.
Vc.

22 **19**

Fl. I
Ob. I
Fg. I
Cel.
Vl. I
Vl. II
Vc.

(continued)

30

Fl. I
Fl. II (Solo)
Cl. (Sopr.)
Tr. (Sopr.)
Vl. I
Va.

p, *pp*, *f*

R

35

Fl. I
Fl. II (Solo)
Cl. (Sopr.)
Tr. (Sopr.)
Vl. I
Va.

f

40

Fl. I
Fl. II (Solo)
Cl. (Sopr.)
Tr. (Sopr.)
Vl. I
Va.

f

prende il II

Example 37

30 $\text{♩} = 60$ III ④

Ob. I
Ob. III
Cl. (Sib.) I
Cl. (Sib.) III
Timp.

$\text{♩} = 60$

VL I
VL II
Va.
Vc.

31

Ob. I
Ob. III
Cl. (Sib.) I
Cl. (Sib.) III
Timp.

VL I
VL II
Va.
Vc.
Cb.

38

32

74

Ob. I
Ob. II
Cl. I (Sib)
Cl. II (Sib)
Timp.
VL. I
VL. II
Va.
Vc.
Cb.

79

3/4 4/4

33

c

4/4

Ob. I
Ob. II
Cl. I (Sib)
Cl. II (Sib)
Timp.
VL. I
VL. II
Va.
Vc.
Cb.

Example 38

Musical score for Example 38, measures 83-88. The score includes parts for Flute I, Oboe I, Clarinet I and II, Bass Clarinet, Trumpet I, Violin I, Flute A, Violin II, Viola, Violoncello, and Contrabass. It features various musical notations such as triplets, slurs, and dynamic markings like 'consord.' and 'pp'. Measure 86 includes a boxed number '10' and a circled '8'.

Example 39

18

98

FL. I

FL. picc.

Fg. I
II

Cfg.

Timp.

Mar.

I
VI.
II

Va.

Vc.

Cb.

101

FL. I

FL. picc.

CL. (Si^b) II

CL. (Si^b) III

CL. b. (Si^b)

Timp.

I
VI.
II

Va.

Example 40

10+

12

FL. I

FL. picc.

CL. (Si^b) II

CL. (Si^b) III

CL. b. (Si^b)

Fg. I

Fg. II

Cor. (Fa) I

Cor. (Fa) II

Cor. (Fa) III

Cor. (Fa) IV

Tr. (Si^b) III

Trb. I

Timp.

Vl. I

Vl. II

Va.

Vc.

b.

10+

12

f

mf

sfz

con sord. frull.

trem.

senza sord.

d2

sim.

3

I

Example 41

107

Cl. II (Sib)
Cl. III (Sib)
Cl. b (Sib)
Cor. I (Fa) II
Tr. III (Sib)
Trb. I
Trb. III/IV
Timp.
Vl. I
Vl. II
Va.
Vc.
Cb.

a 2
con sord.
a 2
f
tram.
mf

Example 42

117

21

Cor. (Fa) I II III IV

Tr. (S^b) I II III IV

VL. I II

Va. V

Vc. V

122

4

Cor. (Fa) I II III IV

VL. I II

Va. V

Vc. V

Hb

4

Example 43

44 $O = C$ 41 e 4

127 $\frac{4}{4}$

Ob. I *mf*

CL. (S. & P.) *p*

Cfg. *mf*

Cor. I (Fa) II *mf* *a2*

Trb. II IV *mf*

Tuba *mf*

Mar. *mf*

VL. I II *p*

Va. *p*

Vc. *p*

Cb. *p*

(continued)

2

51
132

solo
f

(3)

(2)

FL. I

FL. picc.

Ob. I
II
III

Cl. II
(Si^b)
III

Cor. I
(Fa) II

Trb. II
IV

Tuba

Timp.

Cal.

cel

arco 4

4
4

(2)

Example 44

163

48

1 2 3 4 51

FL. I
II

Fl. picc.

Ob. I/II
III

Cl. I/II
(Si^b) III

Cl. b.
(Si^b)

Fg. I
II

Cfg.

Cor. I
(Fa) II
III

Tr. I
(Si^b) II
III
IV

Trb. I
II
III
IV

Tuba

Timp.

Cel.

VL. I
II

Va.

Vc.

Cb.

senza sord.

PK trem.

more

TB

chias.

IT

Example 45

230

Trb. I

238

CL. I

CL. II (Si^b)

CL. III

CL. b. (Si^b)

Cfg.

Trb. I

Trb. III

Trb. IV

VL. I

VL. II

Va.

Vc.

Cb.

244

Trb. I

Trb. III

mol
33
1/2
1/2

Example 46

Handwritten musical score for Example 46, featuring woodwinds, strings, and percussion. The score is divided into two systems.

System 1 (Measures 89-92):

- Fl. I & II: *a2*
- Ob. II: *a2*
- Cl. I & II (Si): *a2*
- Fg. I & II: *a2*
- Violins I & II: *a2*
- Viola: *a2*
- Violoncello: *a2*

System 2 (Measures 93-114):

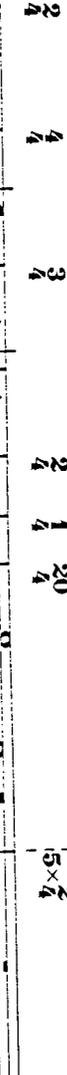
- Fl. piccolo: *p*
- Clarinet in F major: *pp*
- Trumpets I & II (Soprano): *pp*
- Cornet: *pp*
- Maracas: *2 bacchi ai vibr.*, *1. solo*, *dim.*
- Contra Bass: *p*
- Cymbal: *100*, *d. 60*
- Violins I & II: *108*, *div.*, *dim.*
- Violoncello: *114*, *pp*, *IR*

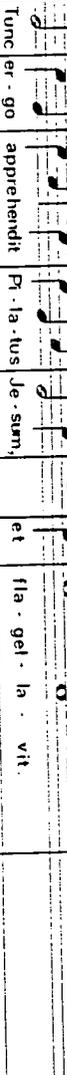
Handwritten annotations include circled numbers 24, 25, 26, and 27, and circled numbers 3 and 4. A bracket labeled "I" spans measures 100-104, and another labeled "II" spans measures 108-114. The page number 53 is at the bottom.

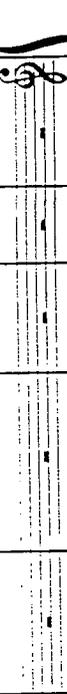
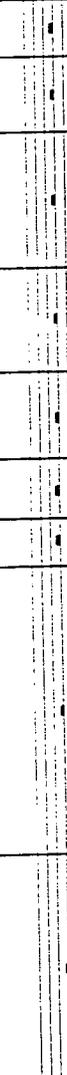
Example 50

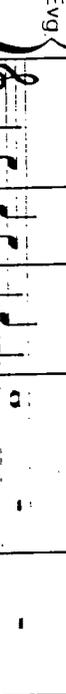
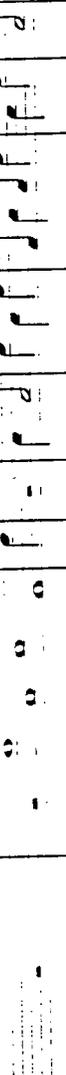
VI.  

Ob.  

Evg.  

Vc.  

Fg.  

Measures: 3/4, 2/4, 3/4, 12/4, 3x2/4, 2/4, 4/4, 3/4, 2/4, 1/4, 20/4, 5x2/4

96

97 19,1

Example 51

70

(126)

CORO

Si hunc di-mi-tis, non es a-mi-cus, Gae-sa-ri-us, o-mnis e-rim, qui se-re-gnum fa-cit, con-trai-cit, Gae-sa-ri-us.

Example 52

(25)

Jes - u - s
 Di - xi vo - bis, qui - a E - go sum, Si - er - go me que - ri - tis, si - ni - te hos ab - i - re.

7 4 1 8 8 8 4 4 4 8 4 4 8 4 10 4 5 3x2 2 3x2

UE 17588

Example 53

Pil. ⁸ Ec - ce ad - du - co vo - bis e - um fo - ras ut co - gno - sca - tis qui - a nul - lam in - ve - ni - o in e - o cau - sam.

The musical score consists of two staves. The upper staff is for the voice (Pili) and the lower staff is for the organ (Org.). The key signature has one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 4/4. The organ part features a steady eighth-note accompaniment. The vocal line includes various note values and rests, with lyrics written below the notes. Fingerings are indicated by numbers 1-5 above notes. Dynamic markings include *f* (forte) and *p* (piano). The organ part includes a section marked *Org.* at the beginning and ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

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Example 54

111

5x3/4 5x3/8 4x2/4 2x6/4

Coro

Cru-ci - fi - ge, cru-ci-fi-ge e - um.

Cru-ci - fi - ge, cru-ci-fi-ge e - um.

Detailed description: This block contains the vocal score for a choir (labeled 'Coro'). It consists of four staves: two for the Soprano and Alto parts, and two for the Tenor and Bass parts. The lyrics are 'Cru-ci - fi - ge, cru-ci-fi-ge e - um.' The music is written in a key with one sharp (F#) and a common time signature. Above the staves, four time signature changes are indicated: 5x3/4, 5x3/8, 4x2/4, and 2x6/4. The notes are primarily quarter and eighth notes, with some rests.

5x3/4 5x3/8 4x2/4 2x6/4

Org

Detailed description: This block contains the organ accompaniment (labeled 'Org'). It consists of three staves: two for the right hand and one for the left hand. The time signatures are the same as in the vocal part: 5x3/4, 5x3/8, 4x2/4, and 2x6/4. The organ part features a steady accompaniment with chords and moving lines in both hands.

Example 57

The image displays a musical score for Example 57, consisting of three staves of music. The top staff begins with a dynamic marking of *f* (forte). The middle and bottom staves are marked with *f (mf)* (mezzo-forte). The music is written in a common time signature and features a complex rhythmic pattern with many beamed notes and slurs. A circled number '4' is positioned above the first measure of the middle staff. The score is oriented vertically on the page.

Example 58

mf Tempo I

19

San - cta ma - ter, i - stud a - gas, ter - ti - ci - fi - xi fi - ge pla - gas cor - di me - o - va - li - de.

mf

Example 59

11

The musical score consists of three staves. The top staff is a treble clef with a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a time signature of 4/4. It contains handwritten notes and chord labels: A, B, C, D, A, B, C*, D*, A, B, C*, D*, A, B, C, D, C, B, C, B, E, F, A. The middle staff is a bass clef with a key signature of one flat and a time signature of 4/4, containing handwritten notes and chord labels: A, B, C, D, A, B, C, D, A, B, C, D, A, B, C, D, C, B, C, B, E, F, A. The bottom staff is a bass clef with a key signature of one flat and a time signature of 4/4, containing handwritten notes and chord labels: A, B, C, D, A, B, C, D, A, B, C, D, A, B, C, D, C, B, C, B, E, F, A. A circled number '11' is located at the top left of the page. A handwritten note '* - backwardwards' is written vertically on the left side of the page. The page number '66' is at the bottom center.

* - backwardwards

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Example 60

18

f

♩ = ♩

UE 19053

Example 61

25

f

♩ = ♩

UB 19053

Example 62

ob. 5 3 *mf*

cl. *mf*

cl. b. *mf*

fg. *mf*

tamb. *p*

org. 5 3

Detailed description: This system of a musical score includes staves for oboe (ob.), clarinet (cl.), bass clarinet (cl. b.), fagot (fg.), tambourine (tamb.), and organ (org.). The oboe part features a quintuplet (5) and a triplet (3). The organ part also features a quintuplet (5) and a triplet (3). Dynamic markings include *mf* for the woodwinds and *p* for the tambourine.

ob. 6 5

cl. *p*

cl. b.

fg.

trgl. *p*

tamb.

org. 6 5

(continued)

ue 30 871

Detailed description: This system continues the musical score. It includes staves for oboe (ob.), clarinet (cl.), bass clarinet (cl. b.), fagot (fg.), triangle (trgl.), tambourine (tamb.), and organ (org.). The oboe part features a sextuplet (6) and a quintuplet (5). The organ part also features a sextuplet (6) and a quintuplet (5). Dynamic markings include *p* for the clarinet and triangle. The score concludes with the handwritten word "(continued)" and the number "ue 30 871".

(♩ = 92)

3 1 2 4 2

ob.

cl.

cl. b.

fg.

tr.

senza sord.

tbn.

trgl.

tamb.

org.

3 1 2 4 2

5 2 4 2

ob.

cl.

cl. b.

fg.

tr.

tbn.

trgl.

tamb.

Example 63

2 5 4

solli

A. De - us. non spi - ci - es.

T₁ De - us. non de - spi - ci - es.

T₂ De - us. non de - spi - ci - es.

B. De - us. non de - spi - ci - es.

46

9 5 4 9 3 2 4

ob. *p*

cl. *p*

cl. b. *p*

fg. *p*

tr. *con sord.* *p*

tbn. *con sord.* *p*

3 9 5 3 4 2 7 3

ob.

cl.

cl. b.

fg.

tr.

tbn.

Example 64

48 (♩ = 66) *rall.* 2 7 3 8 6

ob. *pp*

cl. *pp*

cl. b. *pp*

fg. *pp*

tr.

timp. *pp* *ppp*

tamt. *ppp*

48 *rall.* 2 7 3 8 6

S
ut — cen — mu — ru — sa — lem.

A
ut — cen — mu — ru — sa — lem.

T₁
ie — ru — sa — lem.

T₂
ie — ru — sa — lem.

B
ut — a — e — de — fi — cen — tur mu — ri I — e — ru — sa — lem.

org. *pp*

pp

ue 30 871

Example 65

44 versus XIX
(♩ = 72)

tamt. 8 4 3 4 6 3

44 8 4 3 4 6 3

S
p a - ci - um De - o spi - ri - tus la - tus

A
p Sa - cri - fi - ci - um De - o spi - ri - tus con - tri - bu - la - tus

T₁
p Sa - cri - fi - ci - um De - o spi - ri - tus con - tri - bu - la - tus

T₂
p Sa - cri - fi - ci - um De - o spi - ri - tus con - tri - bu - la - tus

B

org. pp

45 2 4 3 2 6 3

S
cor tri - tum et

A
cor con - tri - tum et a - tum

T₁
cor con - tri - tum et hu - mi - li - a - tum

T₂
cor con - tri - tum et hu - mi - li - a - tum

B
p hu - mi - li - a - tum

org.

Example 66

ob. 5 3 6 3

mp

solli

T₂ 5 3 6 3

B

ni - vem de - ai - ba - bor.

ni - vem de - ai - ba - bor.

27 versus X
(♩ = 72)

S 6 4 3 5

A 6 4 3 5

B 6 4 3 5

di - me - da - ga -

A - u - di - tu - i me - o da - bis ga - u - di - um

A - u - di - tu - i me - o da - bis ga - u - di - um

28

S 2 6 4 2

A 2 6 4 2

B 2 6 4 2

et - ti - et -

et - la - e - ti - ti - am. et -

et - la - e - ti - ti - am. et -

ob. 5 3 6 3 7 3

mp

cl. 5 3 6 3 7 3

mp

solli

S 5 3 6 3 7 3

A 5 3 6 3 7 3

B 5 3 6 3 7 3

ta - os - a -

ex - sul - ta - bunt os - sa hu - mi - li - a - ta.

ex - sul - ta - bunt os - sa hu - mi - li - a - ta.

(continued)

versus XI

29 (♩ = 80)

4 3 4 3 2 4

pp

29 4 3 4 3 2 4

p

ver - te fa - ci - em tu - am ca - tis

A - ver - te fa - ci - em tu - am a pec - ca - tis

3 2 3 7

p

30 3 2 3 7

me - is. et o - mnes ta - tes

me - is. et o - mnes in - i - qui - ta - tes

3 4 3

mf *mp* *p*

31 3 4 3

me - as de - le.

me - as de - le.

Example 67

cl. 2 4 2 4 2 8

cl. b.

pp

soln [T₁] 2 4 2 4 2 8

Et se - cun - dum mul - ti - tu - di - nem

cl. 2 4 2 9 2 4 2 4

cl. b.

soln [T₁] 2 4 2 9 2 4 2 4

mi - se - ra - ti - o - num cu - a - rum.

cl. 2 4 2 3 2 4

cl. b.

soln [T₁] 2 4 2 3 2 4

de - ie

cl. 2 9 2 4 2 3 4
2

cl. b.

soln [T₁] 2 9 2 4 2 3 4
2

in - i - qui - ta - tem me - am.

cl. 4 2

ue 30 871 (continued)

versus IV

5 (♩ = 88)

5 3 2 3 *sim.* 2

ob. *p*

cl. *p* *sim.*

fg. *p*

5 *mp* 3 2 3 2

soli A: Am - pli - us ia - va me

T: Am - pli - us ia - va me

org.

1 3 1 2 1 3 1 9 2

ob. *p*

cl.

fg.

1 3 1 2 1 3 1 9 2

soli A: ab in - i - qu - i - ta - te

T: ab in - i - qu - i - ta - te

org. *p*

Example 68

versus VI

18 (♩ = 69)

3 4 3 2 3

Ti - bi so - li pec - ca - vi. et ma - lum

19 (♩ = 76)

2 3 2

pp trem.

pp

so - ram te fe - ci; ut

7 3 2 5 4 3

7 3 2 5 4 3

i - u - sti - ā - ce - ris in ser - mo - ni - bus tu - is.

20 (♩ = 69)

2 3 2 6 3 7

2 3 2 6 3 7

et van - cas cum i - u - di - ca - ns.

Example 69

10 | „dies irae”
(♩ = 80)
12

ob. *ff*

cl. *ff*

cl. b. *ff*

fg. *ff*

tr. *ff*

tb. *ff*

camp. *f*

timp. *f*

tamt. *f*

ch. el. *f*

b. el. *f*

10 | 12 *ff*

coro

S
A
T
B

Di - es i - rae. di - es il - la sol - vet sae - clum

Di - es i - rae. di - es il - la sol - vet saecium in fa - vil - ia: te - ste Da - vid cum Si - bil -

org. *f*

1. 16'

The musical score is arranged in a standard orchestral layout. The woodwind section includes oboe, clarinet, bass clarinet, and fuglehorn. The brass section includes trumpet, trombone, and tuba. Percussion includes cymbals, timpani, and tam-tam. The choir consists of Soprano, Alto, Tenor, and Bass parts. The organ part is at the bottom, with a first position marked '1. 16'.

Example 70

Fl. picc.
Ob.
Cl.
Fag.
Cor.
Tr-ba
Tr-ne
Timp.
T-lo
Hi-hat
Sil.
V-ni I
V-ni II
V-le
V-c.
C.b.

Handwritten annotations: $4/56$ and $2C\#$ with a circled \oplus symbol.

The score is a full orchestral arrangement. The woodwind section (Fl. picc., Ob., Cl., Fag.) and brass section (Cor., Tr-ba, Tr-ne) play melodic lines with various articulations and dynamics. The percussion section (Timp., T-lo, Hi-hat) provides rhythmic accompaniment, with the Hi-hat part including a handwritten notation $2C\#$ and a circled \oplus symbol. The string section (V-ni I, V-ni II, V-le, V-c., C.b.) plays a rhythmic accompaniment, with some parts marked *div.* (divisi) and *ff* (fortissimo). The score is written in a standard musical notation with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a time signature of 4/56.

Example 72

46

24

Fl. picc.

Ob.

Cl.

Fag.

C-fag.

Cor.

Tr-le

Tr-on

P-iti

Tum-tom

M-ha

Piano

(I-2) 24

Archi

♩ Schlag mit dem Bogen auf den Saitenhalter.

♩ Schlag mit den Fingern der linken Hand auf den Korpus des Instrumentes.

Example 74

This musical score, titled "Example 74", is arranged in three systems. The first system includes staves for Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), Bassoon (Fg.), and Cello/Double Bass (Cb./Db.). The second system continues with Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), Bassoon (Fg.), and Cello/Double Bass (Cb./Db.). The third system features a Bassoon (Fg.) staff, a Cello/Double Bass (Cb./Db.) staff, and a double bass staff. The score is marked with a box containing the number "25" at the beginning of the first system and another "25" in the third system. Handwritten annotations include "6⁷ - A6⁷" in the third system, a circled diagram of a six-stringed instrument (likely a guitar) with fret numbers, and various performance markings such as "ff", "p", "7", "1", "3", and "3-7".

Example 75

III

♩ = 48 - 60

29

Score for Example 75, III, page 29. The score includes parts for Timp., T-lam, Piano, Vni I (div. in 12), Vni II (div. in 12), Vcl (div. in 8), Vc (div. in 8), and C.b. (div. in 8). The tempo is marked as ♩ = 48 - 60. The score features a dynamic marking of *ff* at the beginning, followed by *dim. poco a poco* and *mf* later on. The string parts are marked *div.* (divisi). There is a significant amount of scribbled-out notation in the lower string parts (Vcl, Vc, C.b.) towards the end of the page.

top notes
Eb?

Example 76

60

31

Musical score for Example 76, page 60. The score includes parts for Timp., Vni I (5, 6 parts), Vni II (1, 2 parts), Vni II (3-6 parts), Vln., Vcl., and Cb. The music is in 3/4 time and features a melodic line in the strings with a dynamic marking of *mf*. A circled 'E' is present in the Violin II part.

