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# **Landscape, Settlement and Society: Wiltshire in the First Millennium AD**

VOLUME 2 (OF 2)

By

**Simon Andrew Draper**

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Submitted in 2004 for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy  
at the University of Durham, following research conducted  
in the Department of Archaeology



21 JUN 2005

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## APPENDIX 1

### A GAZETTEER OF ROMANO-BRITISH SETTLEMENT SITES IN WILTSHIRE

#### Introduction

This gazetteer is based primarily on information contained in the paper version of the Wiltshire Sites and Monuments Record, which can be found in Wiltshire County Council's Archaeology Office in Trowbridge. Other principal sources consulted include Leslie Grinsell's archaeological gazetteer (1957) in the *Victoria County History of Wiltshire* (VCH 1(1)), Eleanor Scott's *A Gazetteer of Roman Villas in Britain* (1993), the concordance of sites in *The Field Archaeology of the Salisbury Plain Training Area* (McOmish *et al.* 2002) and numerous volumes of the *Wiltshire Archaeological and Natural History Magazine* (WAM). Many more Romano-British settlements once existed in the county and the following list cannot hope to be fully comprehensive.

Sites are listed under their respective civil parish and are grouped according to settlement type. Small towns (ST) are listed first, followed by villages (VG), villas (V), other settlements (S) and finally miscellaneous sites (M). It should be understood that these classifications are not rigid and they must, as a result, be regarded as provisional. The six-figure National Grid Reference for each site is given, in addition to a brief description of what is present, the Sites and Monuments Record (SMR) identification number and, finally, a list of references.

	Parish	Site Name	NGR	Type	Comments	SMR Ref.	Other References
1.	Avebury	Silbury Hill	SU 103685	ST	Roadside settlement with C2-5 finds.	SU16NW301	WAM 90,139-41; Powell <i>et al.</i> 1996; Corney 2001
2.	Bromham/ Calne Without	<i>Verlucio</i>	ST 968677	ST	Roadside settlement with earthwork enclosure.	ST96NE315 ST86SW315	VCH 1(1), 53-4; WAM 82, 178; 87, 156; Corney 2001
3.	Easton Grey	White Walls	ST 890870	ST	Roadside settlement with C1-4 finds.	ST88NE300	VCH 1(1), 68; WAM 46, 270; 92, 136-8; Corney 2001
4.	Mildenhall	<i>Cunetio</i>	SU 217693	ST	Walled administrative centre with C1-5 finds.	SU26NW300	VCH 1(1), 88; <i>Britannia</i> 28, 337-50; Burnham and Wachter 1990; Corney 2001
5.	Nettleton	Nettleton Shrub	ST 822767	ST	Roadside settlement with temple and C1-5 finds.	ST87NW302 ST87NW313	Wedlake 1982; Burnham and Wachter 1990; Corney 2001
6.	Salisbury	<i>Sorviodunum</i>	SU 137326 SU 135317	ST	Hillfort and roadside settlement. C1-4 finds.	SU13SW304 SU13SW309	VCH 1(1), 110; WAM 56, 102-26; 95, 1-26; Corney 2001
7.	Wanborough	<i>Durocornovium</i>	SU 193854	ST	Planned roadside settlement with ? <i>mansio</i> . C1-4 finds.	SU18NE300	VCH 1(1), 117; <i>Britannia</i> 11, 115-26; Burnham and Wachter 1990; Anderson and Wachter 2001; Corney 2001
8.	Westbury	The Ham	ST 864523	?ST	Industrial ?roadside settlement with C1-4 finds.	ST85SE300	VCH 1(1), 76-7; WAM 36, 464-77; Corney 2001
9.	Aldbourne	Stock Lane	SU 236741	?VG	Many house platforms. C2-4 finds.	SU27SW302 SU27SW308	WAM 67, 173
10.	Aldbourne	Woodsend	SU 226759	?VG	Extensive settlement by pond. Scatter of finds.	SU27NW309	WAM 68, 131; 74/5, 205
11.	Amesbury	Butterfield Down	SU 166410	VG	Extensive C3-4/5 site with notable late coin finds.	SU14SE324 SU14SE331	WAM 85, 156; 86, 158; 89, 1-43
12.	Ashton Keynes	Cotswold Community	SU 033962	VG	Extensive multi-period settlement.	SU09NW301	WAM 89, 145; 94, 244; 97, 301
13.	Barford St Martin	Ebsbury	SU 066353	VG	Iron Age and Roman site. Two late coin hoards.	SU03NE300	WAM 35, 115-31

	Parish	Site Name	NGR	Type	Comments	SMR Ref.	Other References
14.	Barford St Martin	Hamshill Ditches	SU 058332	VG	Iron Age and Roman site. Possible temple.	SU03SE301	WAM 62, 118-21
15.	Bishopstrow	The Bury	ST 888438	?VG	Iron Age and Roman site. Many enclosures.	ST84SE300	VCH 1(1), 45; WAM 45, 176
16.	Charlton (S)	Charlton Down	SU 088525	VG	Large nucleated settlement. C1-4 finds.	SU05SE303	VCH 1(1), 100; WAM 42, 227-30; 45, 201; McOmish <i>et al.</i> 2002
17.	Chiseldon	Burderop Down	SU 160771	?VG	Extensive settlement with square house platforms.	SU17NE305	VCH 1(1), 57; WAM 46, 101
18.	Chiseldon	Bufs Barn	SU 179789	?VG	Extensive settlement with C2-4 finds.	SU17NE308	WAM 70/1, 135
19.	Chitterne	Chapperton Down	ST 997476	VG	Large linear settlement. Much C3-4 pottery.	ST94NE300	VCH 1(1), 57; WAM 45, 182-3; 77, 139 & 141; 91, 162; McOmish <i>et al.</i> 2002
20.	Clarendon Park	Best's Farm	SU 209291	?VG	Extensive settlement with much brick, tile and pottery.	SU22NW303	Beaumont-James and Gerrard forthcoming
21.	Cricklade	High Bridge	SU 099939 SU 100945	?VG	Extensive settlement. River port? C1-4 finds.	SU09SE302 SU19SW306	VCH 1(1), 70; WAM 57, 192-200; 66, 177-8
22.	Downton	Standlynch Down	SU 207243 SU 204238	?VG	Extensive settlement covering c.20 acres.	SU22SW301 SU22SW302	
23.	Ebbesborne Wake	Fifield Down	SU 005257	?VG	Many Roman finds between two Iron Age farmsteads.	SU02NW301	WAM 42, 464-5
24.	Enford	Chisenbury Warren	SU 177537	VG	Large linear settlement. 30+ buildings. C1-4 finds.	SU15SE305	VCH 1(1), 70; WAM 40, 28; 45, 187; Entwistle <i>et al.</i> 1993; 1994; McOmish <i>et al.</i> 2002
25.	Enford	Fifield Folly	SU 138498	?VG	Extensive settlement over c.4 hectares. C1-4 pottery.	SU14NW305	McOmish <i>et al.</i> 2002

	Parish	Site Name	NGR	Type	Comments	SMR Ref.	Other References
26.	Enford	Coombe Down	SU 192521	VG	Large Iron Age and Roman site. Early Saxon hut.	SU15SE306	VCH 1(1), 69; WAM 45, 187; 87, 154; Entwistle <i>et al.</i> 1993; 1994; McOmish <i>et al.</i> 2002
27.	Erlestoke	Erlestoke	ST 961539	?VG	Extensive settlement with cemetery.	ST95SE304	WAM 33, 298-9; 95, 116-24
28.	Everleigh	Everleigh Barrows	SU 185560	?VG	Extensive settlement in square enclosure.	SU15NE314	
29.	Heytesbury	Wadman's Coppice	ST 954495	VG	Large linear settlement. C1-4 pottery.	ST94NE301	VCH 1(1), 79; WAM 45, 193; McOmish <i>et al.</i> 2002
30.	Latton	Dukes Brake	SU 080978	?VG	Extensive settlement.	SU19NE314	
31.	Monkton Farleigh	Warleigh Wood	ST 802633	?VG	Extensive settlement. Many house sites.	ST86SW300	WAM 51, 440-52
32.	Orcheston	Church Pits	SU 073482	VG	Large linear settlement. C1-4 pottery.	SU04NE300	VCH 1(1), 95; WAM 45, 199; McOmish <i>et al.</i> 2002
33.	Pewsey	Martinsell Hill	SU 176640	?VG	Large Iron Age and Roman hillfort site. C1-4 coins.	SU16SE300	VCH 1(1), 96; WAM 70/1, 135
34.	Stockton	Stockton Earthworks	ST 973362	VG	Large Iron Age and Roman site. Many finds.	ST93NE300 ST93NE635	VCH 1(1), 108-9; WAM 34, 272; 38, 323; 43, 389-94; 45, 203
35.	Upavon	Upavon Down	SU 142550	VG	Extensive nucleated settlement. C1-4 finds.	SU15SW314	VCH 1(1), 116; WAM 42, 227; 45, 206; McOmish <i>et al.</i> 2002
36.	Upton Lovell	Knook Down West	ST 961446	VG	Compact nucleated settlement. C2-4 finds.	ST94SE307	VCH 1(1), 116; WAM 45, 170 & 206; McOmish <i>et al.</i> 2002
37.	Upton Lovell	Knook Down East	ST 968445	VG	Compact nucleated settlement with fields.	ST94SE308	VCH 1(1), 116; WAM 45, 206-7; McOmish <i>et al.</i> 2002
38.	Upton Scudamore	Biss Bottom	ST 869486	?VG	Extensive settlement. Much pot and a burial.	ST84NE309	WAM 87, 156
39.	Westbury	Wellhead	ST 872503	?VG	Extensive industrial settlement. C1-5 finds.	ST85SE306	WAM 59, 187-8; 60, 136; 84, 51-60

	Parish	Site Name	NGR	Type	Comments	SMR Ref.	Other References
40.	West Overton	Overton Down South	SU 132698	VG	Large linear settlement. Rectilinear enclosures.	SU16NW311	Fowler 2000a
41.	Aldbourn	Aldbourn Gorse	SU 262735	V	Substantial villa enclosed by a ditch.	SU27SE301	WAM 63, 119; 70/1, 134; Walters 2001
42.	Aldbourn	Upper Upham	SU 228770	?V	Villa inferred from probable bath house	SU27NW302	VCH 1(1), 22; WAM 41, 389; Walters 2001
43.	Aldbourn	Stock Lane	SU 236741	?V	Large building with sandstone roof tiles.	SU27SW302	WAM 67, 173; Walters 2001
44.	Aldbourn	North Farm	SU 255789	?V	Settlement with well and C4 pottery	SU27NE306 SU27NE307	Walters 2001
45.	Allington	Upper Copse	SU 206383	V	C3-4 corridor villa on Iron Age enclosure.	SU23NW300	WAM 65, 209; 66, 190-1
46.	Ashton Keynes	North End	SU 045958	?V	Possible villa in larger settlement.	SU09NW300	
47.	Ashton Keynes	Rixon's Gate	SU 059935	V	Villa earthworks on Iron Age farm site.	SU09SE322	<i>Britannia</i> 23, 297; WAM 88, 149-50
48.	Atworth	Denley Farm	ST 855664	V	L-shaped corridor villa with C3-4/5 finds.	ST86NE302	VCH 1(1), 30; WAM 46, 95; 48, 459-61; 49, 46-95; 66, 189; 67, 173; 68, 131-2; 70/1, 142
49.	Avebury	Windmill Hill	SU 084700	V	Villa with mosaic floor.	SU07SE305	WAM 42, 359-61; Pollard and Reynolds 2002
50.	Bishopstone (N)	Starveall Farm	SU 259815	V	Intra-mural courtyard villa. C2-4 pottery.	SU28SE300	WAM 41, 390; 44, 24; 45, 176; 48, 390; 68; 132; 74/5, 40-55
51.	Bishopstone (N)	Russley Park	SU 273801	V	Villa with chalk walls. C1-4 pottery.	SU28SE301	VCH 1(1), 272; WAM 68, 132; Walters 2001
52.	Box	Cheney Court	ST 816694	V	Villa found in 1813.	ST86NW300	VCH 1(1), 45; WAM 45, 186



	Parish	Site Name	NGR	Type	Comments	SMR Ref.	Other References
53.	Box	Box church	ST 823685	V	Large courtyard villa Complex with 40+ rooms.	ST86NW301	VCH 1(1), 45; WAM 33, 236-69; 57, 104 & 422; 63, 109; 64, 123-4; 66, 194 & 197; 81, 19-51
54.	Box	Hazelbury House	ST 836682	?V	Possible villa found in 1710.	ST86NW302	VCH 1(1), 45; WAM 45, 177
55.	Bradford-on-Avon	St Laurence's School	ST 818614	V	Two villas, one large, with C4 mosaic. Baths.	ST86SW309	WAM 53, 137-8 & 151; Corney 2003
56.	Bromham	Mother Anthony's Well	ST 999642 ST 997648	V	L-shaped villa and bath house.	ST96SE300 ST96SE301	VCH 1(1), 51; WAM 35, 441; 45, 178-9; 60, 129-30; 72/3, 180; 74/5, 205
57.	Bromham	Chittoe Heath	ST 967668	?V	Possible villa found in c.1800.	ST96NE301	VCH 1(1), 51; WAM 45, 183
58.	Bromham	Wyatt's Barn	ST 970662	V	Villa with c. 7 rooms dug in C19.	ST96NE309	VCH 1(1), 51; WAM 6, 260; 38, 214-5 & 638-40; 74/5, 186
59.	Calne Without	Studleybrook Farm	ST 981703	V	Villa with baths and hypocaust.	ST97SE302	VCH 1(1), 54; WAM 25, 192; 45, 180; 49, 107
60.	Calne Without	Studley Corner	ST 963717	?V	Building with mosaic floor.	ST97SE307	
61.	Calne Without	Bowood House	ST 976699	V	Villa with tessellated floor. 6 skeletons found.	ST96NE313	VCH 1(1), 54; WAM 24, 170; 42, 37; 44, 58; 45, 181
62.	Calne Without	Nuthills	ST 969683	V	Winged-corridor villa dug in 1924-6.	ST96NE314	VCH 1(1), 54; WAM 44, 49-58; 45, 181
63.	Charlton (S)	Coombe Cottage	SU 108566	V	Villa revealed by geophysics. C3-4 pottery.	SU15NW302	<i>Archaeological Prospection</i> 1, 121-8; WAM 70/1, 135
64.	Cherhill	St James' Church	SU 038702	V	Villa with mosaic floor underlying church.	SU07SW302	VCH 1(1), 55; WAM 38, 222; 45, 182; 82, 77-91; Pollard and Reynolds 2002

	Parish	Site Name	NGR	Type	Comments	SMR Ref.	Other References
65.	Chiseldon	Plough Inn	SU 193802	?V	Building with Hypocaust. C2-4 pottery.	SU18SE303	VCH 1(1), 56; WAM 46, 101; 74/5, 91-110; Walters 2001
66.	Chiseldon	Draycot Foliat	SU 191768	V	Villa complex with two winged-fronted houses.	SU17NE303	WAM 49, 117; 70/1, 135; Walters 2001
67.	Chiseldon	Badbury	SU 193809	V	Extensive villa complex with baths. C1-4 finds.	SU18SE304	WAM 57, 24-9; 70/1, 135; 91, 155; Walters 2001
68.	Clarendon Park	Piper's Cottages	SU 188297	?V	Possible villa. C1-4 pottery and industrial finds.	SU12NE307	WAM 90, 153; Beaumont-James and Gerrard forthcoming
69.	Clyffe Pypard	Cuff's Corner	SU 081763	V	Large villa with C2-4 finds. Post-Roman sherds.	SU07NE304	WAM 19, 55; 38, 227; 70/1, 136; Walters 2001
70.	Coleme	Lucknam Lodge	ST 811718	V	Villa with 12 tessellated floors and hypocaust.	ST87SW300	VCH 1(1), 59; <i>Archaeological Journal</i> 13, 328-32; WAM 3, 14; 45, 184
71.	Coleme	Euridge	ST 833715	?V	Complex of masonry buildings. C1-4 coins.	ST87SW304	WAM 55, 283-4; 57, 78 & 240-1; 63, 119; 93, 219-32
72.	Cricklade	Kingshill Farm	SU 117925	?V	Building with hypocaust. C2-4 pottery.	SU19SW303	VCH 1(1), 61; WAM 55, 34-9; 56, 162-6; 95, 283-4
73.	Cricklade	High Street	SU 099936	?V	Villa reported in 1975 by Haslam. C3-4 finds.	SU09SE309	WAM 72/3, 205; Haslam 2003
74.	Dilton Marsh	Ox's Leaze Wood	ST 848526	V	Corridor villa with 5+ buildings.	ST85SW301	WAM 68, 133
75.	Downton	Moot Lane	SU 181211	V	C4 villa with 7 rooms, mosaic and baths.	SU18SE301	VCH 1(1), 64; WAM 55, 176-8; 58, 303-41
76.	East Kennett	Lurkeley Hill	SU 123660	?V	Possible villa. Parch marks and tile.	SU16NW320	Pollard and Reynolds 2002
77.	Easton Grey	Bransdown Hill	ST 872873	?V	Possible villa shown in cropmarks.	ST88NE308	
78.	Edington	Lower Baynton Buildings	ST 938552 ST 939551	V	Parch marks of villa complex. C4 finds.	ST95NW300 ST95NW302	WAM 69, 186; 80, 242

	Parish	Site Name	NGR	Type	Comments	SMR Ref.	Other References
79.	Edington	Lower Baynton Farm	ST 941546	V	Two buildings shown by geophysics.	ST95SW305	<i>Britannia</i> 27, 436; WAM 89, 151
80.	Edington	Tinhead Hill	ST 939522	?V	Occupation site	ST95SW310	WAM 70/1, 135
81.	Enford	Compton	SU 134520 SU 132520	V	Villa with nearby settlement. C3-4 pottery.	SU15SW303 SU15SW304	WAM 62, 126-7 & 135; 63, 119; Entwistle <i>et al.</i> 1994; McOmish <i>et al.</i> 2002
82.	Enford	Littlecott Farm	SU 143521	?V	Possible villa. Dense spread of pottery and tile.	SU15SW308	VCH 1(1), 70; WAM 45, 187; Entwistle <i>et al.</i> 1994; McOmish <i>et al.</i> 2002
83.	Enford	Enford Farm	SU 127514 SU 129513	?V	Possible villa. Hypocaust tile, plaster and pottery.	SU15SW322 SU15SW323	
84.	Froxfield	Rudge Farm	SU 276699	V	Villa found in 1725 and relocated in 1976.	SU26NE303	VCH 1(1), 71-2; WAM 46, 108-9; 53, 332; 54, 361-2; Walters 2001
85.	Froxfield	Harrow Farm	SU 281682	V	Villa with house and barn in ditched enclosure.	SU26NE304	Walters 2001
86.	Fyfield	Fyfield House	SU 148687	V	Villa with mosaic close to parish church.	SU17SW312	VCH 1(1), 72; WAM 45, 189-90; Fowler 2000a
87.	Great Bedwyn	Tottenham House	SU 247638	V	Villa with tessellated floor and pottery kilns.	SU26SW302	VCH 1(1), 73; WAM 3, 14; 6, 262; 19, 29 & 86; Hostetter and Howe 1997
88.	Great Bedwyn	Castle Copse	SU 283629	V	Very extensive villa complex. C1-4/5 finds.	SU26SE304	VCH 1(1), 73; WAM 79, 233-5; 80, 97-102; 81, 52-6; Hostetter and Howe 1997
89.	Grimstead	Lower Highwood	SU 233275	V	Corridor villa with 3 bath houses. C3-4 pottery.	SU22NW301	VCH 1(1), 75; Sumner 1924
90.	Grittleton	The Grove	ST 846795	?V	Alleged villa. Cropmarks recently seen.	ST87NW303	VCH 1(1), 75; WAM 45, 190

	Parish	Site Name	NGR	Type	Comments	SMR Ref.	Other References
91.	Ham	Inwood Copse	SU 349626	?V	Probable villa indicated by charter evidence.	SU36SW303	VCH 1(1), 75; WAM 42, 71; 45, 190
92.	Hannington	Hannington Wick	SU 180958	V	Villa with courtyard visible as cropmarks.	SU19SE301	VCH 1(1), 75; WAM 25, 232-4 & 364; 45, 190; 72/3, 205; Walters 2001
93.	Highworth	Cricklade Road	SU 198923	?V	Building with C2-4 pottery, coins and tesserae.	SU19SE315	VCH 1(1), 77; WAM 50, 99-100; 57, 268; 64, 135; 68, 133
94.	Manningford	Manningford Bruce church	SU 140580	?V	Building with mosaic floor underlies church.	SU15NW304	VCH 1(1), 84; WAM 82, 77-91
95.	Market Lavington	Grove Farm	SU 012542	?V	Small building with high-status finds.	SU05SW308	Williams and Newman 1998
96.	Marlborough	Brown's Farm	SU 193678	V	Winged villa with ?temple. C2-4 pottery.	SU16NE317 SU16NE630	
97.	Mildenhall	Forest Hill Farm	SU 208687	V	Villa with mosaic floor.	SU26NW303	VCH 1(1), 88; WAM 56, 191-2 & 198; Corney 2001
98.	Minety	Old Mill	SU 006908	?V	?Villa indicated by pottery, tiles and tesserae.	SU09SW301	WAM 72/3, 206; Walters 2001
99.	Netheravon	Netheravon House	SU 147481	V	Villa with bath house. Many coins of C1-5 date.	SU14NW301	VCH 1(1), 90-1; WAM 38, 294; 45, 490-1; 47, 538; 91, 161; 94, 148-53; McOmish <i>et al.</i> 2002
100.	Netheravon	A345 road	SU 146470	V	Corridor villa within Iron Age and Roman complex.	SU15SW303	WAM 86, 8-57; McOmish <i>et al.</i> 2002
101.	North Wraxall	Truckle Hill	ST 836761	V	Villa with 16 rooms and bath house.	ST87NW304	VCH 1(1), 92-3; WAM 7, 59-75; 72/3, 206; 74/5, 206
102.	Pitton and Farley	Bigg's Copse	SU 215303	?V	Earthwork enclosure suggested as villa.	SU23SW313	
103.	Preshute	Barton Down	SU 170704	V	Villa with earthworks. Much plaster and tile.	SU17SE305	VCH 1(1), 97; WAM 26, 412; 45, 200

	Parish	Site Name	NGR	Type	Comments	SMR Ref.	Other References
104.	Purton	Dogridge	SU 080874	?V	Large building. Box flue tiles, tesserae and C2-4 pot.	SU08NE300 SU08NE303	WAM 70/1, 135; 72/3, 51-8; 76, 177; 83, 220
105.	Ramsbury	Littlecote	SU 299705	V	Extensive villa complex with baths and mosaic.	SU27SE300	VCH 1(1), 98; WAM 85, 144-7; Walters and Philips n.d.; Walters 2001
106.	Sherston	Vancelette's Farm	ST 855867	?V	Probable villa with C3-4/5 finds.	ST88NE306	WAM 83, 122; 85, 161
107.	South Wraxall	Norbin Barton Farm	ST 819661	?V	Possible villa yielding samian pottery.	ST86NW303	VCH 1(1), 90
108.	Stanton Fitzwarren	Stanton House	SU 173900	V	Villa complex with C3-4 bath house.	SU19SE300	WAM 38, 322; 41, 394; 76, 177
109.	Stanton St Quintin	Stanton Park	ST 897794	V	Villa with associated settlement. Many finds.	ST87NE300	VCH 1(1), 107; WAM 38, 322; 41, 215; 45, 203; 63, 119; 68, 134
110.	Stockton	Stockton Earthworks	ST 980371	?V	Possible villa indicated by soilmarks.	ST93NE639	
111.	Sutton Veny	Pit Meads	ST 900433	V	Winged-corridor villa with probable bath house.	ST94SW301	VCH 1(1), 110-11; WAM 45, 204
112.	Sutton Veny	Pit Meads	ST 903432	V	Second villa excavated in C19.	ST94SW302	VCH 1(1), 110-11; WAM 45, 204
113.	Swindon	Westlecott	SU 146831	?V	Building with intra-mural yard.	SU18SW300	VCH 1(1), 112; WAM 30, 217-21; 41, 394; 44, 244; 61, 110; 68, 135
114.	Tockenham	Tockenham	SU 039796	V	Villa complex yielding C1-4 pottery.	SU07NW301	WAM 70/1, 136; 90, 26-41
115.	Wanborough	Callas Hill	SU 216834	V	Villa with possible temple. C2-4 pottery.	SU28SW300	WAM 70/1, 136
116.	Wanborough	Halfmoon Plantation	SU 235792	?V	Possible villa with scatter of C2-4 pottery.	SU27NW303	

	Parish	Site Name	NGR	Type	Comments	SMR Ref.	Other References
117.	West Dean	'Hoolyflower Field'	SU 257271	V	One or maybe two villas. Baths and mosaic.	SU22NE300	VCH 1(1), 119; WAM 13, 33-5; 22, 243-50; 45, 185
118.	West Overton	Headlands	SU 128685	?V	Possible villa indicated by cropmarks.	SU16NW331	VCH 1(1), 121; Fowler 2000a
119.	Westwood	Iford	ST 801592	?V	Two buildings shown by geophysics. Many finds.	ST85NW300 ST85NW613	VCH 1(1), 121; WAM 38, 341; 41, 171; 45, 208
120.	Wilcot	'Stanchester'	SU 138618	V	Villa with C2-4 pottery. Early C5 coin hoard.	SU16SW307	VCH 1(1), 26; WAM 45, 504-5; 65, 207; 66, 74 & 198
121.	Wilcot	Draycot Farm	SU 146632	?V	Two buildings with roof tiles, nails and tesserae.	SU16SW308	VCH 1(1), 78; WAM 44, 270; 45, 192; 65, 206-7; 66, 71-5
122.	Winterslow	Old Manor Farm	SU 236323	?V	Possible villa recorded in 1949.	SU23SW318	
123.	All Cannings	Allington	SU 073637	S	Settlement visible from the air. Many coins.	SU06SE312	VCH 1(1), 25; WAM 45, 172
124.	Allington	Boscombe Down West	SU 189395	S	Iron Age and Roman site. C3-4 pottery.	SU13NE301	VCH 1(1), 25; WAM 54, 123-68
125.	Allington	East Boscombe	SU 206382	S	Iron Age and Roman site.	SU23NW302	
126.	Alton	Honeystreet	SU 102614	S	Settlement with burials.	SU16SW300	VCH 1(1), 27; WAM 37, 205; 38, 162; 45, 172
127.	Alton	Knap Hill	SU 121637	S	Iron Age and RB enclosed settlement. Corn drier.	SU16SW301	VCH 1(1), 27; WAM 37, 42; 45, 172
128.	Amesbury	Earls Farm Down	SU 181420	S	Building foundations with pottery.	SU14SE308	VCH 1(1), 30; WAM 45, 173
129.	Ashton Keynes	Ash Covert	SU 033949	S	Enclosed settlement excavated in 1971.	SU09SW300	WAM 67, 173
130.	Ashton Keynes	Cleveland Farm	SU 066945	S	Iron Age and Roman site. Post-Roman pottery.	SU09SE321	WAM 83, 218-19; 84, 40-50
131.	Avebury	Avebury Trusloe	SU 084701	S	Building with chalk floor and chalk walls.	SU07SE306	

	Parish	Site Name	NGR	Type	Comments	SMR Ref.	Other References
132.	Avebury	Overton Down	SU 120712	?S	Suggested settlement.	SU17SW326	Pollard and Reynolds 2002
133.	Baydon	Baydon Overbridge	SU 287780	S	Settlement with C1-4 pottery and corn drier.	SU27NE300	WAM 74/5, 125-9
134.	Berwick St John	Rotherley Down	ST 949195	S	Iron Age and Roman farm.	ST91NW300	VCH 1(1), 39; Pitt-Rivers 1888
135.	Berwick St John	Rushmore Park	ST 952187	S	Iron Age and Roman farm.	ST91NE302	VCH 1(1), 39-40; Pitt-Rivers 1888
136.	Bishops Cannings	Kitchen Barrow Hill	SU 068645	S	Building yielding C2 pottery.	SU06SE302	
137.	Bishops Cannings	Kitchen Barrow Hill	SU 068645	S	Building.	SU06SE315	
138.	Bishops Cannings	Easton Down	SU 062657	S	Settlement and enclosure.	SU06NE315	
139.	Bishopstone (N)	Hinton Downs	SU 253800	S	Settlement.	SU28SE303	WAM 68, 132
140.	Blunsdon St Andrew	Oxleaze Farm	SU 168910	S	Corner of building.	SU19SE303	
141.	Blunsdon St Andrew	Blunsdon St Andrew	SU 130897	S	Roman roundhouse.	SU18NW334	
142.	Bower Chalke	East Chase Farm	SU 017212	S	Settlement excavated in 1959.	SU02SW304	WAM 83, 1-49
143.	Bower Chalke	Middle Chase Farm	SU 003210	S	Settlement excavated in 1959.	SU02SW305	WAM 83, 1-49
144.	Box	Box House	ST 822684	?S	Wall foundation and much occupation debris.	ST86NW315	WAM 51, 193
145.	Box	Bowling Green	ST 824685	S	Building foundations with samian pottery.	ST86NW316	
146.	Bromham	Silver Street	ST 951665	?S	Building supposedly discovered before 1821.	ST96NE308	VCH 1(1), 51; WAM 45, 183

	Parish	Site Name	NGR	Type	Comments	SMR Ref.	Other References
147.	Broughton Gifford	Monkton House	ST 878622	S	Building foundations and occupation debris.	ST86SE301 ST86SE303	VCH 1(1), 52; WAM 5, 280; 45, 179
148.	Bulford	Beacon Hill	SU 194427	S	Settlement with field system. Much pottery.	SU14SE300	VCH 1(1), 52; WAM 45, 180
149.	Burcombe Without	Red Barn	SU 064308	?S	Possible farmstead.	SU03SE304	VCH 1(1), 53
150.	Castle Combe	Shrub Farm	ST 837770	S	Small settlement found in 1991.	ST87NW307	
151.	Cherhill	Yatesbury	SU 067715	S	Circular enclosure with settlement features.	SU07SE309	<i>Institute of Archaeology Bulletin</i> 31, 190; Pollard and Reynolds 2002
152.	Chilmark	Fonthill House	ST 947319	S	Settlement excavated in 1903-4.	ST93SW303	VCH 1(1), 56; WAM 34, 414-18
153.	Chilmark	Eyewell Farm	ST 970321	S	Settlement with cemetery and corn drier.	ST93SE312	WAM 85, 158-9; 91, 11-33
154.	Chippenham Without	Hardenhuish	ST 903750	S	Settlement earthworks and square enclosure.	ST97NW303	WAM 76, 9
155.	Chiseldon	Badbury	SU 198808	S	Chalk building foundations and pottery.	SU18SE306	WAM 57, 24-9; 74/5, 110-11
156.	Clarendon Park	Cockey Down	SU 171312	S	Enclosed settlement with C3-4 pottery.	SU13SE301	WAM 84, 116-19; 92, 33-8; Beaumont-James and Gerrard forthcoming
157.	Codford	Clay Pit Clump	ST 994420	S	Settlement with corn drier.	ST94SE305	VCH 1(1), 58; WAM 38, 288; 45, 183-4
158.	Coleme	Park Farm	ST 836729	S	Building with wall plaster, nails and tiles.	ST87SW305	WAM 55, 333-40; 57, 268
159.	Corsham	Pattersdown Cottages	ST 906713	S	Settlement on Bronze Age site. Mid-C2 pottery.	ST97SW307	WAM 94, 246-7



	Parish	Site Name	NGR	Type	Comments	SMR Ref.	Other References
160.	Devizes	Pans Lane	SU 008606	S	Settlement excavated in 1861.	SU06SW314	VCH 1(1), 62; WAM 9, 27; 24, 345; 36, 480; 45, 185
161.	Devizes	Wayside Farm	SU 016603	S	Iron Age and Roman site. C1 and C4/5 activity.	SU06SW339	WAM 95, 147-213
162.	Dilton Marsh	Ox's Leaze Wood	ST 846527	S	Building foundations. Part of nearby villa?	ST85SW303	WAM 68, 133; 69, 186
163.	Donhead St Mary	Burltons	ST 909243	S	Building foundations.	ST92SW300	VCH 1(1), 64; WAM 45, 186
164.	Downton	New Court Farm	SU 168220	S	Settlement with C1-3 pottery.	SU12SE309	WAM 84, 143
165.	Durnford	Coffee Farm	SU 143369	S	Iron Age and Roman site with corn drier.	SU13NW300	WAM 56, 245; 57, 173-5
166.	Durrington	Durrington Walls	SU 146434	S	Iron Age and Roman site. C3-4 pottery.	SU14SW301	VCH 1(1), 66; WAM 40, 101; 45, 186; 66, 76-128; 87, 125-7
167.	Edington	Sandy Lane	ST 922527	S	Settlement with much occupation debris.	ST95SW307	WAM 68, 133
168.	Enford	Slay Barrow	SU 092510	S	Settlement with possible corn drier.	SU05SE302	VCH 1(1), 69; WAM 45, 187
169.	Enford	Compton Down	SU 110517	S	Settlement (no further details).	SU15SW309	VCH 1(1), 70; WAM 45, 187
170.	Erlestoke	Erlestoke	ST 969539	S	Large timber building foundations.	ST95SE302	
171.	Erlestoke	Golf Course	ST 957540	S	Settlement yielding much C1 pottery.	ST95SE309	WAM 92, 138
172.	Figcheldean	Alton Parva Farm	SU 153466	S	Building foundations and pottery.	SU14NE301	VCH 1(1), 70; WAM 45, 188
173.	Figcheldean	Manor Farm	SU 148470	S	Iron Age and Roman enclosed settlement.	SU14NW302	WAM 86, 8-57; 92, 7-32

	Parish	Site Name	NGR	Type	Comments	SMR Ref.	Other References
174.	Fittleton	Beach's Barn	SU 183509	S	Settlement with corn drier.	SU15SE311	VCH 1(1), 71; WAM 28, 172; 45, 189; Entwistle <i>et al.</i> 1993; McOmish <i>et al.</i> 2002
175.	Fyfield	Wroughton Copse	SU 140714	S	Small settlement excavated by Fowler.	SU17SW318	WAM 58, 102; Fowler 2000a
176.	Great Cheverell	Newzealand Farm	ST 969503	S	Settlement.	ST95SE300	VCH 1(1), 74; WAM 45, 182; McOmish <i>et al.</i> 2002
177.	Hannington	Jubilee Copse	SU 169916	S	One or two stone buildings.	SU19SE307	WAM 47, 117-8
178.	Haydon Wick	Cloverlands	SU 130879	S	Small stone building and timber building.	SU18NW309	WAM 74/5, 206-7
179.	Heddington	Heddington Wick	ST 973670	S	Many building foundations.	ST96NE318	VCH 1(1), 75; WAM 45, 180 & 191; 69, 179 & 186
180.	Heytesbury	Tytherington Hill	ST 909391	S	Settlement with hypocaust.	ST93NW302	VCH 1(1), 76
181.	Highworth	Knowlands	SU 203932	S	Building with C1-4 pottery.	SU29SW305	WAM 72/3, 205
182.	Highworth	Priory Green	SU 205923	S	Four stone buildings with C1-4 pottery and C2 coins.	SU29SW309	WAM 76, 176-7; Collins 1986
183.	Highworth	Eastrop	SU 207922	S	Double-ditched settlement. C2-4 pottery.	SU29SW311	WAM 72/3, 205
184.	Highworth	Hampton Hill	SU 192923	S	Iron Age and Roman site with C2-4 pottery.	SU19SE327	WAM 72/3, 205
185.	Kington St Michael	Heywood	ST 897765	S	Extensive Iron Age and Roman site.	ST87NE304	WAM 93, 90-104
186.	Kington St Michael	Easton Piercy	ST 879769	S	Settlement with 2 wells. C1-4 pottery.	ST87NE306	WAM 93, 90-104
187.	Lacock	Lacock	ST 918672	S	Building foundations.	ST96NW301	

	Parish	Site Name	NGR	Type	Comments	SMR Ref.	Other References
188.	Lacock	Showell Farm	ST 913713	S	Small settlement excavated in 1991.	ST97SW302	WAM 86, 159-60
189.	Langley Burrell Wt.	Kellaways Farm	ST 951752	S	Settlement cropmarks. Pottery and roof tiles.	ST97NE302 ST97NE608	
190.	Langley Burrell Wt.	Old Coppice	ST 939763	S	Building inferred from rubble, tiles and C3-4 pot.	ST97NW305	
191.	Latton	Field Barn	SU 099954	S	Settlement visible as cropmarks.	SU09NE303	VCH 1(1), 80
192.	Latton	Street Farm	SU 083958	S	Settlement visible as cropmarks.	SU09NE315	WAM 91, 159; Mudd <i>et al.</i> 1999
193.	Latton	Latton Lands	SU 091953	S	Settlement excavated in 1996.	SU09NE316	WAM 91, 159-60; Mudd <i>et al.</i> 1999
194.	Laverstock	Old Sarum Barracks	SU 158341	S	Enclosed settlement with a corn drier.	SU13SE307	VCH 1(1), 81; WAM 47, 409
195.	Liddington	Medbourne	SU 203807	S	Settlement yielding C1-2 pottery.	SU28SW302	WAM 74/5, 113-15
196.	Limpley Stoke	Cleeve Rocks	ST 772611	S	Settlement excavated in 1922-3.	ST76SE300	VCH 1(1), 82
197.	Limpley Stoke	Avon bridge	ST 782612	?S	Probable masonry walling.	ST76SE301	
198.	Ludgershall	Coldridge Down	SU 288518	S	Building inferred from dense scatter of debris.	SU25SE303	
199.	Lydiard Tregoze	Bassett Down House	SU 115799	S	Building with chalk walls. Saxon cemetery.	SU17NW303	VCH 1(1), 83; WAM 38, 282 & 635; 45, 196
200.	Malmesbury	Abbey House	ST 934873	S	Building with hypocaust found in 1887.	ST98NW300	
201.	Marden	Marden Earthwork	SU 087578	S	Iron Age and Roman site.	SU05NE300	VCH 1(1), 85

	Parish	Site Name	NGR	Type	Comments	SMR Ref.	Other References
202.	Marlborough	Coleman's Mead	SU 196691	S	Settlement with a cemetery.	SU16NE302	VCH 1(1), 85; WAM 22, 234-5; 41, 391-2; 45, 200
203.	Mere	Charnage Down	ST 842543	S	Rectangular earthwork with many finds.	ST83SW614	
204.	Mildenhall	Mildenhall	SU 214698	S	Settlement with much debris and C1-4 pottery.	SU26NW301	WAM 56, 182 & 194; 92, 140; 96, 26-32
205.	Milton Lilbourne	Milton Hill	SU 191583	S	Building indicated by pottery, brick and tile.	SU15NE300	WAM 69, 186
206.	Nettleton	Brotton Hill Wood	ST 795791	S	Small settlement with cemetery.	ST77NE300	
207.	Ogbourne St George	Round Hill Downs	SU 214754	S	Building foundations by pond. Saxon pottery.	SU27NW329	VCH 1(1), 95; WAM 45, 199; 72/3, 204
208.	Pitton and Farley	Farley Farm	SU 231297	S	Building indicated by tiles, nails and pottery.	SU22NW300	VCH 1(1), 96; Sumner 1924
209.	Pitton and Farley	Winterbourne Down	SU 202324	?S	Probable settlement with C4 cemetery.	SU23SW307	VCH 1(1), 96; WAM 52, 395; 58, 470
210.	Potterne	Rangebourne Mill	ST 998598	S	Settlement indicated by tiles, pottery and C4 coins.	ST95NE307	VCH 1(1), 96; WAM 45, 200
211.	Purton	Packhorse Farm	SU 099895	S	Building foundations with pottery and coins.	SU08NE302	VCH 1(1), 98; WAM 38, 311; 41, 393
212.	Purton	Paven Hill	SU 079877	S	Building with tessellated floor.	SU08NE305	VCH 1(1), 97-8
213.	Ramsbury	Hodd's Hill	SU 286752	S	Settlement with building platforms and enclosures.	SU27NE310	
214.	Salisbury	Netheravon Road	SU 149310	S	Late Roman settlement excavated in 1941-8.	SU13SW312	VCH 1(1), 102; WAM 52, 394-9; 53, 258
215.	Shalbourne	Chalk Pit	SU 311637	S	Building indicated by rubble and C1 pottery.	SU36SW305	

	Parish	Site Name	NGR	Type	Comments	SMR Ref.	Other References
216.	Shrewton	Maddington Farm	SU 050446	S	Farmstead with C3-4 pottery.	SU04SE306	WAM 88, 152; 89, 44-72
217.	South Newton	Camp Hill	SU 111337	S	Iron Age and Roman site.	SU13SW300	VCH 1(1), 106; WAM 46, 389
218.	Stanton Fitzwarren	Stanton Fitzwarren	SU 174902	S	Settlement indicated by dense spread of debris.	SU19SE326	VCH 1(1), 106; WAM 38, 322; 45, 203; 76, 177
219.	Stanton St Quintin	Stanton Park	ST 895795	S	Settlement indicated by dense spread. C2-4 pottery.	ST87NE303	
220.	Sutton Benger	Church Farm	ST 951789	S	Iron Age and Roman site. Cropmarks and pottery.	ST97NE304 ST97NE609	
221.	Swindon	Toothill Farm	SU 123833	S	Stone building with ditches.	SU18NW309	
222.	Swindon	Broome Manor Lane	SU 167824	S	Building foundations and wells. C2-4 pottery.	SU18SE313 SU18SE315	WAM 68, 134
223.	Swindon	Blagrove Farm	SU 113831	S	Cobbling and clay walls of building.	SU18SW313	
224.	Swindon	Queens Park	SU 1584	S	Wall foundations	SU18SE320	VCH 1(1), 112
225.	Swindon	Sewage Works	SU 131851	?S	Possible corner of building.	SU18NW321	
226.	Swindon	Market Square	SU 158832	S	Settlement excavated in 1975. Iron-working?	SU18SE323	WAM 70/1, 136; Canham and Philips n.d.
227.	Swindon	High Street	SU 158837	S	Buildings and a well.	SU18SE324	WAM 72/3, 206; 90, 55-76; Canham and Philips n.d.
228.	Swindon	Lydiard Park	SU 106842	S	Settlement.	SU18SW330	
229.	Swindon	Delta Industrial Estate	SU 128846	S	Settlement.	SU18SW344	
230.	Tidworth	Kimpton Gorse	SU 250467	S	Settlement.	SU24NE304	
231.	Tidworth	Kimpton Gorse	SU 261469	S	Settlement with a large building.	SU24NE305	
232.	Tidworth	Flood Plain	SU 227476	S	Building indicated by dense spread of tile and pottery.	SU24NW307	

	Parish	Site Name	NGR	Type	Comments	SMR Ref.	Other References
233.	Tisbury	The Bushes	ST 941314	S	Building with probable hypocaust.	ST93SW302	VCH 1(1), 114; WAM 45, 205
234.	Tollard Royal	Berwick Down	ST 941196	S	Iron Age and Roman farmsteads.	ST91NW301	VCH 1(1), 115; WAM 38, 333; 45, 206; <i>Proceedings of the Prehistoric Society</i> 34, 102-47
235.	Tollard Royal	Tollard Green	ST 927170	S	Settlement with field system.	ST91NW304	
236.	Upavon	Water Dean Bottom	SU 100522	S	Settlement.	SU15SW300	
237.	Upavon	Casterley Camp	SU 115535	S	Iron Age hillfort with Roman occupation.	SU15SW306	VCH 1(1), 116; WAM 38, 53; 45, 206; McOmish <i>et al.</i> 2002
238.	Wanborough	Foxbridge	SU 204841	S	Building with chalk walls. C2 pottery.	SU28SW301	WAM 67, 174
239.	Wanborough	Nythe Farm	SU 186850	?S	Possible building within an enclosure.	SU18NE304	VCH 1(1), 117
240.	Wanborough	Wanborough Plain Farm	SU 238800	S	Settlement with C1-2 pottery.	SU28SW304	
242.	Wanborough	Home Farm	SU 218833	S	Building.	SU28SW309	
243.	Wanborough	Sheepwalk Plantation	SU 244793	S	Settlement.	SU27NW328	
244.	Wanborough	Manor Barn	SU 239799	S	Settlement yielding C1-2 pottery.	SU27NW359	
245.	Warminster	Cley Hill	ST 845445	S	Building or settlement. Copious finds.	ST84SW301	
246.	West Lavington	Littleton Manor	SU 005540	S	Settlement with many finds and C2-4 pottery.	SU05SW301	VCH 1(1), 120; WAM 41, 222-4
247.	West Overton	'OD XII'	SU 131700	S	Late Roman farmstead of 5 buildings. C4/5 finds.	SU17SW306	Fowler 2000a; 2000b

	Parish	Site Name	NGR	Type	Comments	SMR Ref.	Other References
248.	West Overton	'OD XIII'	SU 130698	S	Small settlement with earthworks.	SU16NW314	Fowler 2000a
249.	Wilcot	Bethnal Green	SU165624	S	Building visible as soilmark. Tiles and pottery.	SU16SE303	WAM 68, 135
250.	Winterslow	East Winterslow	SU 242337	S	Building foundations on Iron Age site.	SU23SW306	
251.	Winterslow	Winterslow church	SU 227324	S	Building foundations. C3-4 coins.	SU23SW317	WAM 72/3, 207
252.	Wroughton	Barbury Castle	SU 148767	S	Building with an enclosure.	SU17NW306	VCH 1(1), 129; WAM 23, 180-3
253.	Wroughton	Beech Copse Cottages	SU 119797	S	Building with wall plaster. C3-4 coins.	SU17NW319	WAM 83, 233
254.	Yatton Keynell	Grove Farm	ST 879769	S	Settlement site with C1-4 pottery.	ST87NE306	
255.	Blunsdon St Andrew	Groundwell Ridge	SU 140893	M	?Temple complex and associated settlement.	SU18NW329	WAM 91, 153; 97, 302
256.	Brixton Deverill	Cold Kitchen Hill	ST 833387	M	Iron Age and Roman temple and settlement.	ST83NW302	VCH 1(1), 48-9; WAM 27, 279-93; 42, 67-9; 43, 180-91 & 327-32; 44, 138-41
257.	Calne Without	Black Furlong	SU 019683	M	Probable temple site. Many finds.	SU06NW324	
258.	Kingston Deverill	Keysley Farm	ST 860351	M	Possible Romano-Celtic temple(s).	ST83NE310	
259.	Teffont	Upper Holt	ST 983317	M	Building with 225 coins interpreted as a shrine.	ST93SE302	VCH 1(1), 113; WAM 38, 329; 45, 205; 83, 229
260.	Winterslow	Winterslow	SU 225329	M	Supposed amphitheatre, partly excavated.	SU23SW308	WAM 57, 396-7; <i>Antiquaries Journal</i> 43, 197-213

## APPENDIX 2

### A GAZETTEER OF EARLY MEDIEVAL ARCHAEOLOGY IN WILTSHIRE, C. 420-1066

#### Introduction

This gazetteer comprises all the material (excavations, single finds and architecture) known to the author in the modern county of Wiltshire and Swindon before the summer of 2004. It derives its information from two main sources – the paper version of the Wiltshire Sites and Monuments Record and the *Wiltshire Archaeological and Natural History Society Magazine* (WAM). This information has been supplemented by additional references, which are given at the end of each entry. The *British Numismatic Journal* and Metcalf 1998 contain many useful references to coin finds, whilst Meaney 1964 and Geake 1997 provide lists of burial sites and grave goods. Williams 1997 contains a gazetteer of finds of metal mounts of Late Saxon or Early Norman date, whilst Taylor and Taylor 1965 and Pevsner and Cherry 1975 are the principal sources used here for architectural remains. Details relating to some metal-detector finds have been gathered from two online sources – the Treasure Annual Report 2001 and the Portable Antiquities Scheme database. URLs for these websites may be found in the bibliography.

Inevitably, there will be some minor errors or duplications, for which I apologise, whilst some entries for individual artefacts will contain more information than others. Entries relating to excavations will only present a summary of the features and material uncovered and readers are urged to consult the relevant excavation reports. Metal-detecting has transformed our knowledge of Anglo-Saxon archaeology over the past two decades, but, due to the secretive nature of the hobby and the need for a degree of site security, some finds will either have passed unrecorded or will appear as ‘unlocated’. I readily admit that I have made no extraordinary effort to track down extra metal finds not present in the paper version of the Sites and Monuments Record and readers with close connections to local metal-detecting societies will no doubt know of many more artefacts not listed below.



Finally, it must be added that new finds are constantly coming to light whilst old ones are being reassessed and the list presented here must therefore be regarded as provisional.

The gazetteer is arranged alphabetically by modern civil parish. A concise description of the findspot/location appears first, followed next by its six-figure National Grid Reference, if known. A description of the artefact(s)/site is then given and, finally, references are provided for further research. Abbreviations used in the references are as follows:

SMR	Wiltshire Sites and Monuments Record (Trowbridge)
WAM	Wiltshire Archaeological and Natural History Magazine
VCH	Victoria County History (of Wiltshire)
RCHME	Royal Commission on the Historical Monuments of England
BNJ	British Numismatic Journal
TAR	Treasure Annual Report
PAS	Portable Antiquities Scheme database

**ALDBOURNE:**

- 1) 5 South Street: SU 264758: A small number of organic-tempered pottery sherds. (SMR SU27NE400).
- 2) NE of Aldbourne: SU 267757: The head and neck of a small-long brooch. (SMR SU27NE401; WAM 80, 243; WAM 81, 142; Eagles 1997, 380).
- 3) E of Aldbourne: SU 266755: A saucer brooch of tinned copper without decoration. (SMR SU27NE402; WAM 84, 148; Eagles 1997, 380).
- 4) NW of Preston: SU 268749: Fragments of a small-long brooch and another unspecified brooch. (SMR SU27SE406).
- 5) NW of Preston: SU 270745: A bronze dress pin with ring-and-dot decoration. (SMR SU27SE414).
- 6) NW of Preston: SU 271743: A bronze punch with ring-and-dot decoration. (SMR SU27SE415).
- 7) Southward/Pond Copse: SU 269739: An organic-tempered pottery sherd. (SMR SU27SE416).
- 8) SW of Preston: SU 275738: A silver penny of Coenwulf, King of Mercia 796-821, struck at Canterbury. (SMR SU27SE417).
- 9) Aldbourne: SU 277740: A penny of Ethelred II of Helmet type minted in London by the moneyer Brunstan was found in 1993. (SMR SU27SE418; Metcalf 1998, 251).
- 10) Aldbourne: SU 275738: A pin fragment. (SMR SU27SE420).
- 11) Upper Upham: (unlocated): The upper part of a cruciform brooch. (SMR SU27NWU16; WAM 72/3, 207; Eagles 1997, 380; Eagles 2001, 212).
- 12) Upper Upham: (unlocated): A Swanton's Type E1 spearhead. (SMR ?SU27NWU17; Eagles 1997, 380).
- 13) Aldbourne parish: (unlocated): A penny of Edward the Confessor of Expanding Cross type minted in Malmesbury by the moneyer Ealdwi was found in 1983. It had been gilded and pierced to be made into a pendant. (SMR SU27NEU15; WAM 83, 209; BNJ 55, 56).
- 14) Southward Down: (unlocated): Two 'possibly Saxon' organic-tempered pottery sherds. (SMR SU27SEU04; WAM 78, 133).

- 15) 'North Farm': (unlocated): A penny of Ethelred II minted in London by the moneyer Wulfric was found in 1888. (Metcalf 1998, 251).

#### **ALDERBURY:**

- 16) Witherington Lynchets: SU 184251: A C6 inhumation burial was found in 1874 in the bank of a lynchet. It was accompanied by a sword, shield and spear. (SMR SU12NE401; WAM 46, 170; WAM 61, 29; VCH 1(1), 23; Meaney 1964, 279; Eagles 2001, 209).
- 17) Alderbury parish: (unlocated): A bronze button, an unfinished bone comb and the circular disc heads of two bronze brooches. (SMR SU12NEU18; WAM 46, 171; VCH 1(1), 23).

#### **ALL CANNINGS:**

- 18) S of All Cannings Cross Farm: SU 077629: A disc brooch. (SMR SU06SE401; WAM 83, 229).

#### **ALTON:**

- 19) Alton Barnes church: SU 107615: Well-preserved Anglo-Saxon masonry, including long-and-short quoins and pilasters along the nave walls. The area around the church was partly excavated by Thompson and Ross. Late Saxon pottery, including a base sherd, was found. (SMR SU16SW400; WAM 68, 71-8; WAM 69, 187; WAM 77, 77-8; WAM 93, 255; Taylor and Taylor 1965, 24-5).
- 20) Knap Hill: SU 121637: A C6 double-edged iron sword. (SMR SU16SW401; WAM 37, 54; WAM 46, 171; Antiquity 4, 22-4; VCH 1(1), 27; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 211-2).
- 21) Honeystreet: SU 100617: The alleged site of Saxon burials, although no details are forthcoming. (SMR SU16SW402).
- 22) Alton Barnes: (unlocated): A strap-end. (SMR SU16SWU20).
- 23) 'Near Adam's Grave': (unlocated): A silver-gilt pyramidal strap-mount with niello decoration and an inset garnet. It was probably made in the C7 as a fitting for a sword scabbard. (TAR 2001, 42; PAS PAS-E8E442).

**ALVEDISTON:**

- 24) Middle Down: ST 966252: A primary C7 bowl-barrow burial was excavated in 1925. Finds include a spearhead, knife, 'sugar-loaf' shield boss and part of a Kimmeridge shale bracelet. (SMR ST92NE602; WAM 43, 435-9; WAM 46, 157; WAM 61, 29; VCH 1(1), 27, 149; Meaney 1964, 264; Swanton 1973, 109; Geake 1997, 186; Eagles 2001, 219).

**AMESBURY:**

- 25) London Road: SU 155416: Several burials with knives and seaxes were found here before c.1835. (SMR SU14SE400).
- 26) Church of St Mary and St Melor: SU 151414: Two Late Saxon stone cross fragments. (SMR SU14SE402; Pevsner and Cherry 1975, 91; RCHME 1987, 103-8).
- 27) Boscombe Airfield: SU 177400: Secondary interments in a Bronze Age bell-barrow were accompanied by a socketed spearhead, a bronze belt-hook, a small pair of iron shears and a small bronze finger-ring. (SMR SU14SE404; WAM 45, 432-58; WAM 61, 29; VCH 1(1), 30, 207; Meaney 1964, 266).
- 28) Lord's Walk: SU 156418: Fragments of a C5-C6 disc brooch with a design of five running spirals. (SMR SU14SE406; WAM 77, 161).
- 29) Little Chef Restaurant: SU 166412: A C9 'Viking' bronze fitting with zoomorphic design. (SMR SU14SE408).
- 30) Countess Farm: SU 153422: A C5-C6 copper disc brooch with concentric incised ring-and-dot decoration. (SMR SU14SE409; WAM 84, 148).
- 31) Countess: SU 155422: A small-long brooch with a trefoil head and ring-and-dot decoration. (SMR SU14SE409).
- 32) Stonehenge: SU 123422: A skeleton excavated from a site within the henge in 1923 and believed lost in the London bombing of 1941 was rediscovered in 1999 and reinterpreted as a C7 decapitation burial. (WAM 95, 131-46).
- 33) NW of Stonehenge: SU 119427: Stukeley opened two barrows in 1740, one of which contained an intrusive skeleton near the surface. There is no mention of any finds or dating evidence, so an Anglo-Saxon date must remain only a possibility. (VCH 1(1), 30, 213; Meaney 1964, 266).

- 34) New Plantation: (unlocated): A bone comb was found in 1920 placed near the head of a skeleton in an inhumation burial. (SMR SU14SEU26).
- 35) Amesbury: (unlocated): A brooch fragment. (SMR SU14SEU32).
- 36) Amesbury: (unlocated): A silver penny of Coenwulf, King of Mercia 796-821. (SMR SU14SEU33).
- 37) 'Stonehenge': (unlocated): A penny of Ethelred II of Long Cross type minted in London by the moneyer Æthelweard was found in 1925. (Metcalf 1998, 267).

#### **ANSTY:**

- 38) Middle Down: ST 967254: An intrusive burial in a Bronze Age barrow with unspecified grave goods was excavated in c.1960 by Major and Mrs H.L. Vatcher. (ST92NE402; WAM 61, 30).

#### **ASHTON KEYNES:**

- 39) Halls Close: SU 049943: A knife blade (a seax). (SMR SU09SW400; WAM 69, 186).
- 40) W of Church Farm: SU 040943: A C8 bronze cover decorated in a bell-like form. (SMR SU09SW401; WAM 83, 234).
- 41) Cotswold Community: SU 033962: A sunken-featured building, 'hall' buildings, a burial and a number of pits were excavated in 1999 amid Bronze Age, Iron Age and Romano-British activity. (WAM 94, 244).
- 42) Cleveland Farm: SU 066945: A small quantity of organic-tempered pottery sherds was found on the site of an Iron Age and Romano-British settlement, which was excavated in 1989. The excavators have identified an almost continuous period of occupation from the Middle Iron Age to the Late Romano-British period and they speculate that settlement activity may have continued into the C6 or C7. (WAM 84, 40-50; Britannia 21, 353; Eagles 2001, 220).

#### **AVEBURY:**

- 43) St James' Church: SU 098700: The parish church contains many features of C9-C11 date, including a richly-carved tub font, fragments of sculpture and two circular

- windows high in the nave. (SMR SU07SE400; WAM 92, 60-91; Taylor and Taylor 1965, 32-4; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 235-7).
- 44) N of New Bridge (southern car park): SU 099696: Faith and Lance Vatcher excavated Early Saxon settlement features here in 1976. They uncovered two sunken-featured buildings (Huts A and B). Finds from Hut A include a small iron knife, three fragments of bronze sheet, a bronze buckle-pin and a lace-tag. There are no details available concerning finds from Hut B. A further sunken-featured building was found adjacent to the Vatchers' excavation in 1988, containing organic-tempered pottery, a sherd of sandy ware, a range of animal bones, a small copper-alloy strap-end and a fragment of a rivet. (SMR SU06NE401; WAM 83, 218; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 192-7).
- 45) N of New Bridge (southern car park): SU 099696: Phil Harding and Alison Borthwick of Wessex Archaeology excavated an area at the northern end of the car park in 1985, revealing a sunken-featured building that is probably contemporary with those described above. The building measures 4 x 5m and lies approximately 100m N of Huts A and B excavated in 1976. No diagnostic material was recovered, although the building was apparently partially enclosed by a gully; a feature usually associated with C7 and later settlements. Pollard and Reynolds suggest that it may have more in common with the Middle Saxon settlement to the north than the Early Saxon buildings to the south. (SMR SU06NE402; Borthwick 1985; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 197-8).
- 46) Avebury stone circle: SU 102700: Two sherds of unprovenanced coarse grey/black pottery are recorded. They may be the two sherds of organic-tempered pottery found under Stone 7 of the henge during Keiller's excavations. (SMR SU17SW402; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 191-2).
- 47) Butler's Field East: SU 097698: Excavations undertaken by John Evans *et al.* in the early 1980s revealed evidence for Middle and Late Saxon settlement, as well as medieval occupation (c.800-1200). A calibrated date of c.886 AD (AD 1160±80 uncal. BP) was obtained from faunal remains in an occupational deposit that included six sherds of pottery. Three organic-tempered sherds from Fill 322 are Early-Middle Saxon in date and represent the earliest material from the site, although they probably

- residual in their context as they were associated with a C13-14 jug sherd. (SMR SU06NE403; Proceedings of the Prehistoric Society 59, 139-95; Powell *et al.* 1996, 63; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 198-9).
- 48) 14 Trusloe Cottages, Avebury Trusloe: SU 093695: A Late Saxon coin-brooch made from a Sovereign type penny of Edward the Confessor. (SMR SU06NE404; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 214).
  - 49) S of Avebury Trusloe: SU 098694: A 'possibly Saxon' pottery sherd was found in 1997 in a pipe trench. (SMR SU06NE405; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 214).
  - 50) Avebury: SU 102699: A few organic-tempered pottery sherds are recorded from the henge area, including those from Harold St George Gray's excavations in the henge ditch between 1908 and 1922. (SMR SU16NW404; WAM 59, 129; WAM 61, 36; WAM 72/3, 207; Archaeologia 84, 99-162; Medieval Archaeology 3, 26; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 191).
  - 51) Silbury Hill: SU 100685: A secondary interment, alleged to be a 'Viking' burial but almost certainly not. Finds include a C11 horse-bit, a knife and a spearhead. (SMR SU16NW406; Antiquity 41, 259-62; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 227).
  - 52) Avebury School: SU 100698: Faith and Lance Vatcher undertook excavations in 1969 on the south side of the western entrance to the henge, yielding significant evidence for Middle Saxon occupation, beginning in c.750. Two rectangular buildings constructed from timber uprights spaced 0.5m apart were revealed, in addition to a number of fenced enclosures. Much organic-tempered pottery and bone was recovered. (SMR SU16NW408; Medieval Archaeology 14, 201; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 199-201).
  - 53) River Kennet, SE of Silbury: SU 101682: A ?C11 triangular copper-alloy mount of Williams' Class A Type 11A, decorated with the figure of a lion-like animal. (SMR SU16NW409; WAM 85, 64-5; Williams 1997, 62; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 214).
  - 54) Parish boundary with East Kennett: SU 106671: A C6 disc brooch with an applied silver repoussé plate. (SMR SU16NW413; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 211).
  - 55) Avebury Trusloe: (unlocated): A decorated sherd of pottery was found close to the coin-brooch noted above. (SMR SU16NWU15).

- 56) River Kennet, below Waden Hill: (unlocated): An early C7 hook mount from a hanging bowl in the form of a long neck with a notch under the head to rest the bowl rim. (SMR SU16NWU23; WAM 91, 38; *Journal of Irish Archaeology* 5, 45-8).
- 57) Beckhampton: (unlocated): An iron spearhead and two earrings. (SMR SU06NEU31).
- 58) West Kennett Farm: SU 112684: During excavations of the West Kennett Palisade Enclosure 2 in 1992, many organic-tempered sherds of Early-Middle Saxon date were found, including some with stamps. Further excavations by Wessex Archaeology in 1989 and 1997 revealed concentrated evidence for occupation from the Middle Saxon period through to the Later Middle Ages. A curving ditch yielded sherds of limestone- and shell-tempered pottery, dated to the C8-10, whilst metal finds included a ?C9 copper-alloy strap-end and parts of two probable iron knives. Part of a decorated antler comb was also found. (WAM 92, 134; *Wessex Archaeology* 1989; *Wessex Archaeology* 1997; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 216-8).
- 59) 'Silbury Hill': (unlocated): A cut farthing of Ethelred II of Last Small Cross type was found in 1980. (Metcalf 1998, 266).

#### **BARFORD ST MARTIN:**

- 60) Hamshill Ditches: SU 059332: An iron spearhead. (SMR SU03SE404; Eagles 2001, 209).

#### **BAYDON:**

- 61) SE of Aldbourne: SU 271750: A single-looped buckle and plate. (SMR SU27NE403).
- 62) Baydon: SU 281780: A 'Saxo-Norman' sherd of pottery. (SMR SU27NE404).
- 63) SE of Aldbourne: SU 270750: A fragment of a small-long brooch with cruciform head. (SMR SU27NE405).
- 64) Baydon parish: (unlocated): A Form B7 'Anglian' wrist-clasp, probably early- or mid-C6 in date. (WAM 89, 130-2; Eagles 2001, 212).



**BERWICK ST JOHN:**

- 65) Winkelbury Hill: ST 951212: A C7 inhumation cemetery of 31 flat graves was excavated by General Pitt Rivers in the C19. Finds include iron knives, glass beads, a bronze pin and a buckle. (SMR ST92SE401; WAM 46, 152-3; VCH 1(1), 40; Meaney 1964, 277-8; Geake 1997, 188; Eagles 2001, 219).
- 66) Winkelbury Hill: ST 950212: An intrusive extended interment with a tanged iron knife was excavated near the surface of a Bronze Age bowl-barrow in the C19. (SMR ST92SE406; VCH 1(1), 40, 156; Meaney 1964, 277; Geake 1997, 188).
- 67) Uddens Coppice: (unlocated): An axehead. (SMR ST91NEU01).

**BISHOPS CANNINGS:**

- 68) Bishops Cannings churchyard: SU 037641: A limestone spindle whorl inscribed with alpha and omega signs. (SMR SU06SW402; WAM 42, 246-7).
- 69) Bourton: SU 042645: A hanging bowl mount with triskele decoration. (SMR SU06SW403; WAM 78, 133; WAM 91, 35-41; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 187).
- 70) Bishops Cannings: SU 041644: A C9 strap-end with an animal-head terminal and a lace tag of potentially the same date. (SMR SU06SW405; WAM 80, 243; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 214).
- 71) SW of Bourton: SU 042642: A Late Saxon decorated buckle with a buckle-plate. (SMR SU06SW406; WAM 80, 243; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 214, 216).
- 72) Bourton: SU 043643: A gilt bronze C6 saucer brooch. (SMR SU06SW407; WAM 84, 148; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 211).
- 73) Roundway Hill: SU 019643: A primary C7 interment in a bowl barrow was excavated in 1805 by Hoare and Cunnington. An extended skeleton was accompanied by an iron ring, bone gaming pieces and a possible shield boss. (WAM 6, 159-61; WAM 46, 159-60; WAM 61, 29; VCH 1(1), 42, 157; Meaney 1964, 273-4; Eagles 2001, 223).
- 74) Bishops Cannings parish: (unlocated): A C9 coin of Ceolwulf by the moneyer Eanulf was found in 1853. (SMR SU06SWU19; WAM 72/3, 197).
- 75) Bishops Cannings: (unlocated): A penny of Cnut of Short Cross type minted in Lincoln by the moneyer Leofa or Leofheah was found in 1993. (BNJ 63, 151).

**BISHOPSTONE (north):**

- 76) Hinton Downs: SU 253800: An intrusive interment in a Bronze Age bowl-barrow with a Swanton's Type E3 spearhead of late C6/early C7 date. (SMR SU28SE400; WAM 38, 266; VCH 1(1), 42; Meaney 1964, 269; Eagles 1997, 381).
- 77) SW of Charlbury Hill: SU 237818: A gilt bronze saucer brooch. (SMR SU28SW403; WAM 72/3, 207).
- 78) NE of Bishopstone: SU 245839: Six sherds of 'Saxon' pottery were found in 1993. (SMR SU28SW410).
- 79) Little Hinton: SU 231833: Two sherds of organic-tempered pottery were found in 1999. (SMR SU28SW411).
- 80) Little Hinton: SU 230834: An organic-tempered pottery sherd was found together with Romano-British and Medieval sherds. (SMR ?SU28SW413; WAM 94, 245-6).
- 81) Hinton Down: (unlocated): A ?Saxon iron spearhead. (SMR SU28SEU02; VCH 1(1), 42; WAM 46, 173).
- 82) Little Hinton: (unlocated): A sceat of Series L Type 22 ('Victory' type) was found in 1987. (SMR SU28SWU13; WAM 83, 205, 208).
- 83) City Corner, Little Hinton: SU 229834: Two sherds of organic-tempered pottery (WAM 96, 230).

**BISHOPSTONE (south):**

- 84) Bishopstone: (unlocated): A split-socketed iron spearhead. (SMR SU02NEU16; WAM 46, 171; VCH 1(1), 43).

**BLUNSDON ST ANDREW:**

- 85) Abbeymeads: SU 144896: At least four (and possibly six) graves with four different alignments were excavated in 2000. One contained a pin, a small mount inset with a gemstone and a lace tag. The site is close to the Romano-British temple complex on Groundwell Ridge. (WAM 95, 289).
- 86) SE of Broad Blunsdon: SU 164909: An Iron Age ditch was found to contain Anglo-Saxon pottery and structural remains, which together suggest the presence of a sunken-featured building. (WAM 96, 230).

**BOWER CHALKE:**

- 87) 'Near Woodyates': (unlocated): In 1842, W. Chaffers opened some barrows, yielding a skeleton with an iron dagger and a ?spear. The exact location of the barrows is unclear and they may lie in Dorset. (VCH 1(1), 160-1, 243; Meaney 1964, 266).

**BOX:**

- 88) S of the Three Shires Stones: (unlocated): A ?C11 sub-rectangular convex mount of Williams' Class A Type 1 decorated with an irregular incised linear pattern. (SMR ST77NEU01: WAM 85, 69; Williams 1997, 69).
- 89) N of Box church: ST 823685: A single sherd from a Late Saxon Cheddar E type cooking pot was recovered during excavations of the extensive Romano-British villa complex. (WAM 81, 48).

**BRADFORD-ON-AVON:**

- 90) St Laurence's Church: ST 824609: One of the most complete Anglo-Saxon churches in southern England, thought to date to c.1000. It had formerly been used as a private dwelling until its rediscovery in 1856. It consists of a nave, two *porticus* and a chancel. There are a number of sculptural fragments, including two angels and a cross on the E wall of the nave. (SMR ST86SW400; WAM 62, 38-50; Taylor and Taylor 1965, 86-9).
- 91) Abbey House: ST 822609: A sherd of probable Late Saxon date was found in a wall-robbing trench during an evaluation excavation in 1995. (SMR ST86SW401; WAM 91, 154).
- 92) Bradford-on-Avon: (unlocated): A ?C11 flat triangular mount of Williams' Class A Type 11A decorated with a 'lion and grapes' motif. (SMR ST86SWU13; WAM 85, 64-5; Williams 1997, 237).

**BRATTON:**

- 93) Windygates: ST 912521: A bone spindle whorl. (SMR ST95SW400; WAM 68, 135).
- 94) Bratton Camp: ST 900516: Before 1812, Cunnington found three intrusive skeletons near the surface of a Neolithic long barrow. There is no record of any accompanying

finds or dating evidence, so an Anglo-Saxon date must remain only a possibility. (Meaney 1964, 266).

### **BREMHILL:**

- 95) St Martin's Church: ST 979730: The NW angle of the nave contains long-and-short quoins. (Taylor and Taylor 1965, 98).
- 96) Tytherton Lucas: ST 945745: An iron dagger. (SMR ST97NW404).

### **BRITFORD:**

- 97) St Peter's Church: SU 162284: The church contains much Anglo-Saxon masonry dating to the early C9, including two panels with vine scroll and interlace decoration. Roman bricks are re-used in an archway. (SMR SU12NE403; WAM 57, 212-7; Taylor and Taylor 1965, 105-8; RCHME 1987, 113-6).
- 98) Britford: (unlocated, but ?163285 or 161282): Saucer brooch decorated with five running spirals. (SMR SU12NEU27; WAM 79, 257).

### **BRIXTON DEVERILL:**

- 99) Whitecliff Farm: ST 853387: A strap-end with inlaid interlaced decoration. (SMR ST83NE403).
- 100) Cold Kitchen Hill: ST 853372: A sword pommel. (SMR ST83NE404).
- 101) Whitecliff Farm: (unlocated): A sceat of Series D Type 2c was found in 1998. (BNJ 72, 198).

### **BROAD CHALKE:**

- 102) SE of All Saints church: SU 042250: A C7 cemetery with at least 25 inhumations was excavated in the 1920s. Finds include an iron umbo, spearheads, knives and buckles. (SMR SU02NW400; WAM 43, 94-101; WAM 46, 153; WAM 61, 28; VCH 1(1), 50; Meaney 1964, 266; Swanton 1973, 109; Geake 1997, 186; Eagles 2001, 209).
- 103) E of Mount Sorrel: SU 038249: A number of burials have been reported, although no details are readily forthcoming. (SMR SU02SW400; WAM 43, 94-100).

- 104) All Saints Church: SU 041253: A C9 cross-shaft fragment is housed in the N part of the nave. (SMR SU02NW401; *Antiquaries Journal* 19, 83-4; Pevsner and Cherry 1975, 146).

#### **BROAD HINTON:**

- 105) N of White Horse: SU 130753: A secondary burial in a Bronze Age bowl barrow was accompanied by a spearhead, although other finds may have been lost. (SMR SU17NW402; VCH 1(1), 162; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 231).
- 106) SW of Uffcott: SU 122069: Part of a ?late C5 open-work equal-arm brooch and a fragment of a terminal with an animal head. (SMR SU17NW403; WAM 78, 133; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 211).
- 107) Broad Hinton parish: (unlocated): A cut farthing of Edward the Confessor of Hammer Cross type. (SMR SU17NWU09).

#### **BROAD TOWN:**

- 108) Broad Town: (unlocated): A ?C11 five-sided mount of Williams' Class A Type 1. (Williams 1997, 32).
- 109) Broadtown Hill: ST 095776: A C6-7 unaccompanied crossroads burial was excavated in 2000. (WAM 97, 89-94).

#### **BROKENBOROUGH:**

- 110) Golden Hill: ST 917899: A sherd of organic-tempered pottery was found during fieldwork in 2000. (SMR ST98NW405).
- 111) NE of Hyam Farm: ST 914873: A sherd of C6 horizontally-ribbed pottery was found during fieldwork in 2000. (SMR ST98NW406).
- 112) E of Hyam Farm: ST913871: A sherd of organic-tempered pottery was found during fieldwork in 2000. (SMR ST98NW407).

#### **BROMHAM:**

- 113) Spye Park: ST 953667: A copper alloy stirrup-mount with a 'Beast in the Tree' design. (SMR ST96NE400).

- 114) Near Mother Anthony's Well: ST 996645: A strap-end. (SMR ST96SE401).

### **BULFORD:**

- 115) Sling Plantation: SU 190444: An unaccompanied intrusive interment, which may only possibly be Anglo-Saxon in date, was found in a Bronze Age barrow. (SMR SU14SE405; Eagles 2001, 211).
- 116) Bulford Down: (unlocated): A split-socketed spearhead was found in 1861. (SMR SU24SWU05; WAM 9, 25; WAM 46, 172; VCH 1(1), 52; Eagles 2001, 211).
- 117) Bulford Camp: (unlocated): A split-socketed spearhead was found 1906. (SMR SU14SEU17; WAM 38, 637; WAM 48, 352; VCH 1(1), 52; Eagles 2001, 211).

### **BURCOMBE WITHOUT:**

- 118) St John the Baptist Church: SU 073312: The church contains much Anglo-Saxon masonry, including long-and-short quoins in the chancel. (Taylor and Taylor 1965, 117).

### **CALNE and CALNE WITHOUT:**

- 119) Oldbury Castle: SU 050693: A large penannular brooch with pin and oval terminal heads, probably C5-6 in date, was found in 1858. (SMR SU06NE400; WAM 23, 216; WAM 88, 130; VCH 1(1), 54; Eagles 2001, 221; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 186).
- 120) Spray's Farm, Calstone Wellington: SU 019688: A bronze strap-end and five sherds of pottery. (SMR SU06NW400).
- 121) Church Street, Calne: ST 998708: Deposits dated to the C5-C7 containing pottery were excavated in 1996 on land to the rear of Church Street. They are thought to be associated with site clearance prior to building construction or agriculture. (SMR ST97SE400; WAM 91, 154).
- 122) NE of Calne church: ST 999709: Human bones, which may date to the Late Saxon period, were found in 1989 close to where Late Saxon burials have been reported previously (SMR ST97SE400).

- 123) E of Soho Inn: ST 971710: An iron spear or ferrule, thought to be either Anglo-Saxon or Romano-British in date, was found with Romano-British pottery under the floor of a cottage in 1964. (SMR ST97SE550).
- 124) 'Near Calne': (unlocated): A large penannular brooch with zoomorphic terminals inlaid with opaque red enamel, dating to between c.450 and 550, was found in 1992 by a metal-detectorist. (SMR ST97SEU04; WAM 88, 127-31; Eagles 2001, 221; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 186-7).
- 125) Calne: (unlocated): A decorated strap-end. (SMR ST96NEU13).

### **CASTLE EATON:**

- 126) Bank of the River Thames: SU 146960: A C6-7 horse bit. (SMR SU19NW400; WAM 68, 134).
- 127) N of Forty Acre Barn: SU 160960: A C6 burial with grave goods of 3 pierced Roman coins, 3 glass beads, a melon bead and part of a bronze buckle. (SMR SU19NE400; WAM 72/3, 207; Eagles 2001, 219, 222).
- 128) River Thames, W of Kempsford church: SU 160964: A C10 spearhead, an axehead and an adze. (SMR SU19NE401).
- 129) N of Castle Eaton: SU 146960: A possible sunken-featured building and other undated settlement features showing as cropmarks. (SMR SU19NW650).
- 130) ?River Thames: (unlocated): An 'Anglo-Danish' stirrup iron with applied decoration. (SMR SU19NEU01; WAM 78, 133).
- 131) Lus Hill: (unlocated): Fragments of a thin bronze bowl, probably Saxon. The body was repaired in antiquity. It is probably not a hanging bowl. (SMR SU19SEU03; WAM 91, 39).

### **CHERHILL:**

- 132) S of Little London/ Yatesbury Field: SU 070709: Two intrusive interments were found in two Bronze Age bowl-barrows in 1833. Finds from the southernmost barrow include a knife, three terracotta beads and a cylindrical metal 'work-box' with a lid and chain attached. The box has been dated to the late C7 and is taken to be an indicator of a high-status female burial. (SMR SU07SE401; WAM 46, 167; VCH

- 1(1), 55, 165; Meaney 1964, 279; Geake 1997, 188; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 231).
- 133) Yatesbury Field: (unlocated, ?SU 0671): Stukeley records the opening of a barrow, during which was found 'a body with a flat gold ring, which was sold for thirty shillings, and a piece of brass, about the bulk of a pint mug, with spearheads of iron'. (VCH 1(1), 56; Meaney 1964, 279; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 231).
- 134) Manor Farm, Yatesbury: SU 065716: A large wheel-stamped pottery sherd, dated to c.1000, was found in 1998 in the fill of a ditch cut into a Bronze Age round barrow. Andrew Reynolds believes that it dates an episode of intense burning on the mound, which may indicate the barrow's use as a Late Saxon beacon platform. (SMR SU07SE404; WAM 92, 135-6; Current Archaeology 171, 113-18; Reynolds 1999, 93-4).
- 135) Manor Farm, Yatesbury: SU 065716: Excavations of an earthwork enclosure have yielded evidence for Late Romano-British and Early-Middle Saxon phases. Three organic-tempered pottery sherds were recovered from a ditch, which cut another ditch dated to the C4. (WAM 87, 157-8; Papers from the Institute of Archaeology 5, 62-5; Reynolds 1999, 93; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 211).
- 136) Whyteways, Cherhill: SU 039702 : A single sherd of organic-tempered pottery. (Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 211; Andrew Reynolds *pers. comm.*).

### **CHILTON FOLIAT:**

- 137) Near Chilton House: SU 316706: An assemblage of metal-detected finds, including a ?C11 convex five-sided mount of Williams' Class A Type 1 with Ringerike style decoration, a plated bronze fragment, a casket catch or lock and a suspension loop of bronze plated with gold for attachment of a knife or sword. (SMR SU37SW400; WAM 85, 66; Williams 1997, 32).
- 138) Chilton Foliat: SU 316706: A hooked bird-shaped mount and a copper-alloy escutcheon of a hanging-bowl in the form of a bird, dated c.500-650. (SMR SU37SW402; WAM 91, 35-41).
- 139) Chilton Foliat: (unlocated): A spearhead. (SMR SU37SWU01; Eagles 1997, 381).



**CHIPPENHAM WITHOUT:**

- 140) Sainsbury's supermarket: ST 898727: A sunken-featured building was excavated in 1989 ahead of the Chippenham bypass. (SMR ST87SE400; WAM 84, 143).
- 141) Chippenham: (unlocated): A C9-C10 'Anglo-Danish' decorated spearhead is recorded from the area of the town. (SMR ST97SW401).

**CHIRTON:**

- 142) S of Chirton: SU 072552: An animal-headed terminal. (SMR SU05NE404).

**CHISELDON:**

- 143) Berricot Lane: SU 193810: A ?C11 bronze openwork mount of Williams' Class A Type 1, decorated with the figure of a lion. (WAM 65, 201; Williams 1997, 28).
- 144) South Farm: SU 191778: A Saxon iron arrowhead and a sherd of organic-tempered pottery were found in the rubble overlying the building forming the N range of a Romano-British villa. Although the main house seems to have been demolished by the mid-C4, the excavators conclude that 'late pottery and coins indicates occupation of the whole site well into the fifth century'. (SMR SU17NE402; WAM 91, 155).
- 145) Plough Hill: SU 191802: An organic-tempered sherd. (SMR SU18SE407; WAM 80, 243).
- 146) Medbourne Lane: SU 196807: Two sherds of organic-tempered pottery were found on the site of a Romano-British building, which may be related to the Badbury villa complex, during construction work on the M4 motorway. (WAM 74/5, 110-11).
- 147) Holy Cross Church: SU 187799: A fragment of a small Anglo-Saxon window is built into the SW pier of the arcade. (Pevsner and Cherry 1975, 175).

**CLARENDON PARK:**

- 148) Petersfinger: SU 163293: A C5-C6 inhumation cemetery with 63 graves and 70 skeletons (perhaps originally two adjacent cemeteries serving different communities). Finds include 21 knives, 2 pottery vessels (one decorated), an iron bucket, 14 spearheads, 3 swords, a battle-axe, an ivory bangle and many brooches. Grave 21 is of particular note, containing a Frankish sword, a spearhead of Swanton's Group H1

and a buckle plate set. (SMR SU12NE400; WAM 61, 28; Leeds and Shortt 1953; VCH 1(1), 58; Meaney 1964, 271; Evison 1965, 38; Eagles 1994, 13-15; Eagles 2001, 206).

- 149) E end of Great Gilbert's Copse: SU 189297: A sherd of 'Saxon' pottery was found during shovel-pit testing in 1996. (SMR SU12NE407).
- 150) Petersfinger: (unlocated): The base of a small 'Saxon' pot. (SMR SU12NEU17).
- 151) ?Clarendon Palace: (unlocated): Two loom- or thatch-weights of baked clay with central perforations. (SMR SU13SEU20).
- 152) Petersfinger: (unlocated): A button brooch, two buckles and a round plaque. (SMR SU12NEU29; Archaeologia 107, 117).

### **CLYFFE PYPARD:**

- 153) Broad Town Hill: SU 090772: Intrusive interments in a Bronze Age bowl-barrow. Finds include beads of amber and glass, an iron spearhead (probably a small arrowhead) and a fragment of a glass bottle. (SMR SU07NE400; WAM 6, 256; WAM 61, 29; VCH 1(1), 58, 166; Meaney 1964, 266-7; Eagles 2001, 212; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 231).
- 154) NE of Nonsuch/ Cuffs Corner: SU 082764: Sherds of probably five organic-tempered vessels were found during the excavation of a Romano-British villa site. (SMR SU07NE402; WAM 70/71, 136; Eagles 2001, 212; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 211).
- 155) Clyffe Pypard: (unlocated): A baked clay loomweight was found in 1908. (SMR SU07NEU06; VCH 1(1), 58).

### **CODFORD:**

- 156) St Peter's Church: ST 966399: A richly decorated stone cross-shaft of c.800 depicting a carved figure, believed to be King David, is housed in the church. (SMR ST94SE402; WAM 62, 34-7; Cramp 1992, 79-83).
- 157) E of Codford Down: ST 980428: An intrusive interment in a Bronze Age bowl-barrow was accompanied by the remains of a bronze-mounted fir-wood bucket. (SMR ST94SE401; WAM 38, 229; WAM 46, 163; WAM 61, 29; VCH 1(1), 59, 167; Meaney 1964, 264).

- 158) Codford Down: ST 979427: Two sherds of 'Saxon' fine pottery were found during the opening of a barrow by Cunnington in c.1800. A Romano-British date, however, cannot be ruled out. (SMR ST94SE402; WAM 61, 29; VCH 1(1), 166; Meaney 1964, 264).
- 159) E of Manor Farm: ST 975415: A Frisian 'porcupine' sceat of Series E was found in 1992 (SMR ST94SE403; BNJ 63, 146).
- 160) Manor Farm: ST 970415: A C11 mount of Williams' Class A Type 11A. (SMR ST94SE404; Williams 1997, 65).

### **COLERNE:**

- 161) St John the Baptist Church: ST 821712: Two large fragments of a richly decorated C9 cross shaft. (Pevsner and Cherry 1975, 185-6).

### **COLLINGBOURNE DUCIS:**

- 162) Cadley: SU 245541: An inhumation cemetery was excavated in 1974-5. 33 graves, mostly poorly furnished, were found, although some contained textiles, beads and a range of metalwork, including swords, knives, buckles, rings and brooches. The cemetery has been given C5 origins, on the grounds of some of its metal finds, although it continued in use until c.650. (SMR SU25SW400; WAM 70/71, 61-98; WAM 94, 115; Medieval Archaeology 19, 228; Eagles 1994, 15; Eagles 1997, 379-80; Eagles 2001, 209, 218).
- 163) Cadley Road: SU 242536: Excavations in 1998 only 150m SW of the inhumation cemetery revealed extensive evidence for Early-Middle Saxon settlement activity. 10 sunken-featured buildings were investigated, in addition to a possible post-built structure and isolated pits and post-holes. The majority of features were found to date to the Middle Saxon period (early C8-C10), although one sunken-featured building may be C5-C7 in date. Finds include organic-tempered, chalk-tempered and sandy pottery (1410 sherds in total), animal bones, bone combs, pinbeaters, a walrus ivory pin, an iron knife, a possible arrowhead, spindlewhorls and a loomweight. (SMR SU25SW401; WAM 94, 88-117; Eagles 2001, 209).

- 164) S of Collingbourne Ducis: SU 241534: A penny of Ecgberht of Wessex of Cross Potent/Cross Potent type minted in Rochester by the moneyer Beagmund was found in 1984. (SMR SU25SW403; WAM 80, 243; BNJ 55, 60).

#### **COLLINGBOURNE KINGSTON:**

- 165) SE of Collingbourne Kingston: SU 244553: C6 saucer brooch with five running spirals. (SMR SU25NW401; Eagles 1994, 15; Eagles 1997, 380).
- 166) SE of Collingbourne Kingston: SU 244553: A worn tinned or silvered disc brooch with ring-and-dot decoration. (SMR SU25NW402; Eagles 1994, 15; Eagles 1997, 380).
- 167) SE of Collingbourne Kingston: SU 243552: A worn tinned or silvered disc brooch fragment with ring-and-dot decoration. (SMR SU25NW403; Eagles 1994, 15; Eagles 1997, 380).
- 168) Collingbourne Kingston: (unlocated): A C6 saucer brooch with six running spirals. (PAS WILT-7BC133).

#### **COMPTON BASSETT:**

- 169) Freeth Farm: SU 023725: A fragment of a Middle Saxon Rhenish lava quern and a pottery sherd, also thought to be Middle Saxon in date, were found during excavations as part of the Compton Bassett Area Research Project. (SMR SU07SW400; Medieval Archaeology 36, 286; Papers from the Institute of Archaeology 5, 62).
- 170) St Swithun's Church: SU 031716: A single sherd of organic-tempered pottery is recorded from a gully sealed by the earliest phase of burials that was excavated on the S side of the church. A wall inside the church is also suspected as being Anglo-Saxon in date. (WAM 86, 106; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 211; Andrew Reynolds *pers. comm.*).

#### **COOMBE BISSETT:**

- 171) Salisbury Race Course: SU 104281: A ?primary interment in a bowl barrow. No skeleton was present, but finds include a double-edged iron sword, the remains of a

wooden scabbard, two bronze pyramidal studs, three socketed iron spearheads, two iron knives, an iron shield-boss, bronze and iron buckles, rings of gold and silver wire, a gilded bronze-handled bowl and two glass vessels. (WAM 46, 158-9; WAM 61, 29; VCH 1(1), 60, 169; Meaney 1964, 274-5; Geake 1997, 188).

- 172) Toyd: (unlocated, perhaps in Stratford Tony parish): An iron sword was found in 1862. (SMR SU02SEU02; VCH 1(1), 60).
- 173) Coombe Bissett: SU 1127: A C10-11 cast copper alloy disc brooch. (PAS HAMP2791).

### **CORSHAM:**

- 174) Boyd's Farm: ST 884677: A silvered or tinned bronze clasp of three conjoined half-spheres with filigree decoration. (SMR ST86NE402; WAM 82, 185).
- 175) Boyd's Farm: (unlocated): A silver finger-ring bezel of late C4/early C5 type is described by Martin Henig as 'a fine example of native art in the fifth century'. It was found together with numerous C3-4 finds, including coins, fibulae and pottery. (SMR ST86NEU03; WAM 92, 125-6).
- 176) Boyd's Farm: (unlocated): Metal-detector finds include a ?C8-9 finger-ring with six barbed edges, a decorated strap-end with a cross and a simple flower on each face, a cut halfpenny of Cnut of Helmet type minted in Totnes by the moneyer Ælfwine, and a ?C11 convex five-sided mount of Williams' Class A Type 12. (SMR ST86NEU06; WAM 83, 234; WAM 84, 148; WAM 85, 66-7; Williams 1997, 73; Metcalf 1998, 256).

### **CORSLEY:**

- 177) Pool Farm: ST 823465: A silver gilt pin with a spherical head. (SMR ST84NW400).
- 178) ?Pool Farm: (unlocated): A silver gilt pin (a fragment of the shaft and head only) with filigree decoration. (SMR ST84NWU03).
- 179) Cley Hill: (unlocated): A C9 'æstel' or pointer consisting of a gold-crossed frame set around a gem. It is possibly one of those presented by King Alfred to his bishops for use in religious texts. (SMR ST84SWU06).

**CRICKLADE:**

- 180) St Sampson's Church: SU 099935: The S wall of the nave contains a complete *in situ* Anglo-Saxon pilaster strip. There are also fragments of pre-Conquest sculpture. (SU09SE400; WAM 58, 16-17; Taylor and Taylor 1965, 182-4).
- 181) Cricklade: SU 100935: Many excavations in the town, especially of the Late Saxon *burh* defences, have yielded a significant quantity of Late Saxon pottery. Wainwright's excavations between 1948 and 1963 yielded C8-C9 wares and later calcite-tempered fabrics, in addition to a few sherds considered to be Middle Saxon in date. Haslam's 1975 excavations have recently been published online. (SU19SW400; WAM 67, 61-111; WAM 70/1, 131; WAM 76, 77-81; WAM 95, 283; VCH 1(1), 61-2; Haslam 2003).
- 182) Kingshill: SU 116926 and 114925: Three organic-tempered pottery sherds were found during excavations in 1949-51 at the first grid reference. More pottery and evidence of Saxon settlement existing alongside a Romano-British villa site was revealed nearby in 2000. Both Late Roman and Early-Middle Saxon pottery was present in the fills of a number of ditches, in addition to a layer of 'dark earth' that was present in the fill of a Romano-British pond and possible trackway. The pottery was all hand-made in a number of different fabrics containing coarse sand, calcareous shell or organic inclusions. (SMR SU19SW401; WAM 72/3, 207; WAM 95, 283-4).
- 183) North Walls: (unlocated): An iron spearhead. (SMR SU09SE401).
- 184) Abingdon Court Farm: SU 103936: Four 'Saxon' pottery sherds were found in 1993. A quantity of Late Saxon pottery was also found here during Wainwright's excavations in 1954 and 1960. (SMR SU19SW402; WAM 67, 61-111).
- 185) Cricklade: (unlocated): A ?C11 mount of Williams' Class A Type 9. (Williams 1997, 51).

**CRUDWELL:**

- 186) All Saints Church: ST 967929: The nave has been suggested as being of 'Saxon proportions'. (Pevsner and Cherry 1975, 202).

**DEVIZES:**

- 187) Wick Green: SU 008606: A bronze brooch in the form of two interlaced snakes. (SMR SU06SW404; WAM 76, 177).
- 188) Brickley Lane: SU 019605: A few sherds of organic-tempered pottery were found in Trench 79 of an evaluation excavation in 1999. A subsequent excavation in 1999/2000 revealed evidence for Iron Age and Romano-British settlement activity, in addition to two pits, which were dated to the Saxon period. These contained sherds of organic-tempered pottery, together with animal bone, residual Romano-British pottery, a late Roman coin and a catapult bolt head of Early Roman date. Overall, 59 sherds of organic-tempered pottery of at least three different fabrics were found on the site, dated between the C5 and the C9. Saxon occupation in the vicinity, perhaps to the N or NE on the shoulder of Jump Hill, is strongly implied. (SMR SU06SW409; WAM 95, 214-39).
- 189) 'Devizes': (unlocated): A ?C11 mount of Williams' Class A Type 8. (Williams 1997, 50).
- 190) 'Near Devizes': (unlocated): A ?C11 mount of Williams' Class A Type 11A. (Williams 1997, 65).
- 191) 'Near Devizes': (unlocated): A sceat of Series X was found in 1988. (WAM 83, 205).

**DINTON:**

- 192) ?Near Baverstock church: (unlocated): A penny of Cnut of Quatrefoil type minted in Ilchester by the moneyer Ælfwine was found in 1979. (SMR SU03SWU13; WAM 74/5, 206; Metcalf 1998, 251).

**DOWNTON:**

- 193) Castle Meadow: SU 181216: Around 50 sherds of organic-tempered pottery were found during limited excavation of a gravel pit in 1962. The pottery was originally assigned a Middle or Late Saxon date, but Fowler has argued for an origin in the C5-C7. (SMR SU12SE400; WAM 59, 124-9; WAM 61, 31-7).

- 194) W of Matrimony Farm, Charlton: SU 166248: A C5-C7 inhumation cemetery with 43 burials was excavated in 1981. The earliest objects include a small quoit brooch from Burial 12 and tubular belt-slides from Burials 9 and 24. Frankish connections are suggested by a shield-on-tongue buckle and a kite-shaped rivet from Burial 8. (SMR SU12SE401; WAM 79, 109-54; Eagles 1994, 15; Eagles 2001, 206, 218).
- 195) Moot Lane, Downton: SU 180212: A ditched enclosure, tentatively suggested as the remains of hundred meeting-place. (SMR SU12SE402).
- 196) Tannery House: SU 180214: Possible Saxon material, including a pottery sherd in a shallow pit, was found in 1991. (SMR SU12SE403; WAM 86, 160-1; Medieval Archaeology 36, 271).
- 197) Downton: SU 185211: A Late Saxon strap-end. (SMR SU12SE404).

#### **DURRINGTON:**

- 198) Durrington Down: SU 116441: A reputed Anglo-Saxon burial was discovered in the 'so-called Pond Barrow' in c.1865. (VCH 1(1), 66, 225; Meaney 1964, 267).
- 199) Fargo: (unlocated, but ?SU 1144): In 1864, a discovery of c.30 graves was reported. Meaney suggests that they may be Anglo-Saxon in date, although no datable finds are reported. (VCH 1(1), 66; Meaney 1964, 267).
- 200) Durrington: (unlocated): A copper-alloy disc brooch with concentric incised ring-and-dot decoration. (SMR SU14SEU15).

#### **EAST KENNETT:**

- 201) Manor House: SU 119675: Two baked clay loomweights shaped like ring-doughnuts of Early Saxon date were found in 1828. (SMR SU16NW405; WAM 44, 264; VCH 1(1), 67; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 211).
- 202) East Kennett: SU 118676: An organic-tempered pottery sherd was recovered from a pipe-trench in 1993. It is thought to be Saxon in date, although an Iron Age origin cannot be ruled out. Many sherds of organic-tempered pottery were also found in 1992 during excavations of the West Kennett Palisade Enclosure 2. (SMR SU16NW415; Powell *et al.* 1996, 63; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 211, 216).



- 203) East Kennett: (unlocated, but ?SU 1268): Stukeley in 1743 mentions a report by John Aubrey in 1643 of a barrow that, when opened, yielded a sword and a knife. (VCH 1(1), 172, 243; Meaney 1964, 269).

#### **EAST KNOYLE:**

- 204) East Knoyle: (unlocated): A sceat of Series D Type 8 was found in 1994. (BNJ 64, 145).
- 205) East Knoyle: (unlocated): A sceat of Series U Type 23b was found in 1994. (BNJ 64, 147).

#### **EASTON ROYAL:**

- 206) S of Easton Clump: SU 211591: A wooden coffin burial, found before 1911, contained a double-sided bone comb and an iron knife with a wooden handle. A Romano-British date cannot be ruled out, however. (SMR SU25NW400; WAM 38, 249; WAM 46, 168; WAM 66, 58; VCH 1(1), 68; Meaney 1964, 267; Eagles 1997, 381).

#### **EBBESBORNE WAKE:**

- 207) Barrow Hill: ST 993234: A flat-grave burial of probable C7 date was found in 1926. A male skeleton, head to N, is accompanied by an iron 'sugar-loaf' shield-boss, three shield plates and a split-socketed iron spearhead. (SMR ST92SE400; WAM 43, 101; WAM 46, 168; VCH 1(1), 69; Meaney 1964, 265; Eagles 2001, 219-20).
- 208) Ebbesborne Rectory garden: ST 991241: A finger-ring was found in 1916. (SMR ST92SE404; Antiquaries Journal 6, 186-7).
- 209) Ebbesborne Wake: ST 992240: A looped pin. (SMR ST92SE405).
- 210) South Field: (unlocated): A copper-alloy buckle. (SMR ST92SEU08; WAM 79, 257).

**EDINGTON:**

- 211) Tinhead: ST 934532: A penny of Edward the Confessor of Pyramids type minted in Salisbury by the moneyer Sæboda was found in 1981. It had been adapted as a brooch. (SMR ST95SW402; WAM 83, 208-9; Metcalf 1998, 255).
- 212) W of Upper Baynton Farm: ST 939538: A strap-end with an animal's head terminal. (SMR ST95SW403; WAM 76, 177).
- 213) Edington: ST 921529: A strap-end. (SMR ST95SW404; WAM 79, 257).
- 214) Edington: (unlocated): A fragment of a disc brooch. (SMR ST95SEU30).

**ENFORD:**

- 215) Coombe Down: SU 193520: A sunken-featured building in a hollow bounded by a negative lynchet and trackways was excavated in the area of a large Romano-British 'village' settlement. Occupation debris from the vicinity of the building included Romano-British material, sherds of organic-tempered ware and Early Saxon stamped pottery. (SMR SU15SE400; WAM 87, 154; *Medieval Archaeology* 32, 286-7; Eagles 2001, 210; Entwistle *et al.* 1993; McOmish *et al.* 2002, 109).
- 216) Compton: SU 133520: Four organic-tempered pottery sherds were found together with a sherd of Late Saxon date and one of the C12-13 in a service trench, amongst Romano-British pottery of C1-4 date. Due to the site's proximity to an excavated Romano-British villa (SMR SU15SW303 at SU 133522), and the association of Saxon and Romano-British pottery, it is possible that the organic-tempered sherds are of Early Saxon date, perhaps suggesting continuity of occupation. (SMR SU15SW400; WAM 62, 126; WAM 63, 119; McOmish *et al.* 2002, 109).
- 217) West Chisenbury: SU 136531: A shallow grave containing a skeleton and a socketed iron spearhead was excavated in 1928. Other graves are reputed to lie close by. (SMR SU15SW401; WAM 45, 84; WAM 46, 154; WAM 61, 28; WAM 89, 73; VCH 1(1), 70; Meaney 1964, 267; McOmish *et al.* 2002, 111).
- 218) Chisenbury Warren: SU 178537: A few organic-tempered pottery sherds were found in Trenches A and C of the 1993-4 excavation in the Romano-British 'village' settlement. There is insufficient evidence, however, for a post-Roman phase of

occupation as there is no structural evidence beyond the C4. (SU15SE402; Entwistle *et al.* 1994; McOmish *et al.* 2002, 98).

- 219) Near Lidbury Camp: SU 167535: A silver penny of Coenwulf, King of Mercia 796-821. Is this the coin described as 'Near Bulford' in BNJ and filed under Bulford parish by SMR? (SMR SU15SE403; BNJ 65, 240).
- 220) N of East Chisenbury, on parish boundary: SU 141536: A bronze fragment with Ringerike style decoration. (SMR SU15SW407; WAM 82, 185).
- 221) Enford: (unlocated): A wheel-shaped brooch with a raised centre. (SMR SU15SWU20; WAM 74/5, 206-7).

#### **EVERLEIGH:**

- 222) N of Lower Everleigh: SU 188550: A gilt bronze button brooch. (SMR SU15NE403).
- 223) Everleigh Barrows: SU 184560: When Thurnham opened a bell barrow in the C19, he found fragments of pottery and a skeleton, which he believed to be Anglo-Saxon in date. The pottery, however, is most likely Romano-British. (VCH 1(1), 70; Meaney 1964, 267).

#### **FIGHELDEAN:**

- 224) Netheravon Airfield: SU 154488: An inhumation burial with a skeleton and grave goods, including a spearhead, a pin and possibly the remains of a bucket. (SMR SU14NE401; WAM 43, 400; WAM 46, 169; VCH 1(1), 91; Meaney 1964, 271).
- 225) Barrow Clump: SU 165469: A socketed iron spearhead was found in a Bronze Age bowl-barrow. An intrusive interment is inferred. (SMR SU14NE402; WAM 36, 623; WAM 38, 254; VCH 1(1), 71, 175; Meaney 1964, 264; McOmish *et al.* 2002, 111).
- 226) Knighton Farm moat: SU 154456: A Late Saxon bronze bookend with a design of two animals. (SMR SU14NE404).
- 227) Knighton Farm: (unlocated): A ?C11 irregular five-sided convex mount of Williams' Class A Type 1 with Ringerike style decoration. (SMR SU14NEU09; WAM 85, 66; Williams 1997, 33).

**FITTLETON:**

228) Haxton: (unlocated): A bronze buckle. (SMR SU15SEU02).

**FROXFIELD:**

229) All Saints Church: SU 295680: The nave has 'Saxo-Norman' side-alternate quoins. (Pevsner and Cherry 1975, 252).

**FYFIELD:**

230) S of Wroughton Copse: SU 138707: During excavation of a medieval farmstead, which Peter Fowler associates with the name *Raddun*, four organic-tempered sherds of Early-Middle Saxon date were recovered from the site of Building 4. Fowler believes that the presence of these sherds may indicate 'the location of a Saxon sheep-cote a long way out on Fyfield Down'. (Fowler 2000a, 114, 121, 230).

**GRAFTON:**

231) The Croft, Wilton: SU 267615: A mid-C6 small-long brooch with a square head and crescentic foot. (SMR SU26SE400; WAM 66, 128-9; WAM 67, 175; WAM 74/5, 207; Eagles 1997, 381; Eagles 2001, 211).

232) Great Botley Copse: SU 293600: A late C6/early C7 intrusive interment in a Bronze Age disc-barrow is located on the parish boundary with Shalbourne. Finds include a Swanton's Type G2 spearhead and a bronze buckle. (SMR SU26SE401; WAM 40, 164; WAM 61, 29; VCH 1(1), 73, 218; Meaney 1964, 268; Eagles 1997, 381; Eagles 2001, 211).

**GREAT BEDWYN:**

233) Castle Copse: SU 283629: A clay mould was found on the site of the Romano-British villa. (SMR SU26SE402; WAM 35, 403, 406; VCH 1(1), 73(under 1a); Hostetter and Howe 1997).

234) Crofton Pumping Station: SU 262623: A reputed 'Anglo-Saxon' cemetery near the Roman road with burials laid out in a spoke-wheel arrangement. (WAM 26, 412;

WAM 38, 188; WAM 41, 312; WAM 61, 28; VCH 1(1), 73; Meaney 1964, 265; Eagles 1997, 383).

- 235) Great Bedwyn: (unlocated): A mid-C11 coin brooch was found in 2001. The coin is a silver penny of Edward the Confessor of Sovereign Eagles type minted in London by the moneyer Ælfsige. (TAR 2001, 33).

#### **GREAT CHEVERELL:**

- 236) SE of Great Cheverell church: ST 986543: A gilded copper-alloy strap-end with interlace decoration. (SMR ST95SE400; WAM 84, 148).
- 237) N of Great Cheverell: ST 983547: A saucer brooch. (SMR ST95SE401).
- 238) 'Above Knowtham Pond': ST 980544: A bead of black glass with a chevron pattern in white inlay was found close to where bones and a sword have also been reported. (SMR ST95SEU05; WAM 38, 222; WAM 46, 172; WAM 61, 28; VCH 1(1), 74; Meaney 1964, 267).

#### **GRITTLETON:**

- 239) All Saints Church, Littleton Drew: ST 831801: Two C9 stone cross-shaft fragments. (SMR ST88SW400; Pevsner and Cherry 1975, 301).
- 240) Sevington: (unlocated): A metalworker's hoard of 70 silver coins and metal blanks and a number of finished and unfinished strap-ends was found in 1834. It is thought that the hoard was deposited in the C9, as many of the coins date to c.850. (SMR ST87NEU02; WAM 1, 203; WAM 53, 418; Antiquaries Journal 20, 314; BNJ 41, 7-13; Wilson 1964, 72-8).

#### **HAYDON WICK:**

- 241) Cloverlands: SU 130879: Two sherds of organic-tempered pottery were found overlying the cobbled floor of a Romano-British stone building, which has yielded C2-C4 pottery and coins. (SMR SU18NW460; WAM 74/5, 207).

**HEDDINGTON:**

- 242) King's Play Down: SU 009659: A primary inhumation in a bowl barrow was unaccompanied, except for a number of nails from a wooden coffin. Eagles suggests it may be C7 in date. (VCH 1(1), 76, 177; Meaney 1964, 269; Eagles 2001, 223).

**HEYTESBURY:**

- 243) Newtown Plantation: ST 920428: Three human skulls and a headless skeleton were found together with a C6-C7 iron buckle. (SMR ST94SW400; WAM 61, 29; Meaney 1964, 269).
- 244) Bowl's Barrow: ST 942467: Three intrusive skeletons, one with a bronze buckle, were found in a Neolithic long barrow, which is mentioned in a charter of 968 and lies close to a hundred boundary. (SMR ST94NW400; WAM 24, 104-20; WAM 38, 263, 392; WAM 41, 172-4; WAM 42, 43-7; Archaeological Journal 77, 82; VCH 1(1), 76, 141; Meaney 1964, 266; Eagles 2001, 211; McOmish *et al.* 2002, 111).

**HIGHWORTH:**

- 245) Cricklade Road Cemetery: SU 194923: A pottery sherd from a biconical urn with chevron decoration. (SMR SU19SE400).
- 246) Priory Green/The Willows: SU 205923: At Priory Green, one of four excavated Romano-British stone buildings (Building A) contained evidence for reuse during the Saxon period. At the southern end, a hearth had been superimposed on the remnants of the original floor, which had been cleared of the sterile post-occupation layer found elsewhere in the building. A series of post-holes also suggests that a lean-to structure was effected. Finds include ten sherds of organic-tempered pottery, a clay loomweight fragment and a bronze clasp with punch and perforated decoration. Further up the slope at The Willows, a sunken-featured building was identified and excavated. It contained a series of small stake-holes, which have been interpreted as an internal screen or partition. The fill of the building yielded a number of abraded Romano-British sherds, in addition to many sherds of organic-tempered pottery. Three metal objects were recovered, including a bronze garter-hook, which closely resembles a C10 example found in York. A section of a possible second sunken-

featured building was also identified. (SMR SU29SW400; WAM 76, 177; Collins 1986, 28-31).

- 247) Brewery Street: SU 203924: A sherd of organic-tempered pottery. (SMR SU29SW401; WAM 72/3, 207).
- 248) Sevenhampton: SU 206904: A silver sceat of unrecorded type. (SMR SU29SW402; WAM 79, 257).
- 249) North Leaze Farm: SU 191954: A sherd of organic-tempered pottery and a baked clay 'doughnut' loomweight from Highworth Circle No. 39. (SMR SU19NE402; WAM 79, 257).
- 250) Sevenhampton: (unlocated): A sceat of ?Series S. (SMR SU29SWU03; WAM 83, 205).
- 251) Haresfield: (unlocated): A yellow glass bead. (SMR SU29SWU04).

#### **HULLAVINGTON:**

- 252) Surrendell Farm: ST 876822: A bronze sword pommel with a five-lobed design. (SMR ST88SE401).
- 253) Hullavington: (unlocated): A possible terminal from a ?C9 penannular brooch. (PAS NMGW-A1B4C5).

#### **IDMISTON:**

- 254) NW of The Pheasant: SU 228353: An intrusive interment in a Bronze Age bell-barrow. Accompanying the skeleton were a spearhead, a buckle, a handgrip of a shield and a wooden bucket with bronze mountings. (SMR SU23NW400; WAM 44, 166-7; WAM 46, 166-7; WAM 48, 176; WAM 61, 29; VCH 1(1), 78, 210; Meaney 1964, 279).
- 255) Idmiston: (unlocated): A penny of Edward the Confessor minted in Wilton by the moneyer Ælfweard was found in 1949. (Metcalf 1998, 259).

#### **INGLESHAM:**

- 256) St John's Lock: SU 221991: A spearhead dredged from the River Thames. (SMR SU29NW400; WAM 70/1, 136; Medieval Archaeology 20, 172).

- 257) St John the Baptist Church: SU 208984: A C11 sculpture of the Virgin and Child. (SMR SU29NW401; Taylor and Taylor 1965, 332-3).

#### **KEEVIL:**

- 258) Henleys: ST 912579: A styca of Wigmund, Archbishop of York (837-854), was found on a site that has previously yielded 48 Romano-British coins (dated 283-370), in addition to Romano-British pottery. (SMR ST95NW402; WAM 72/3, 197; VCH 1(1), 79).

#### **KINGSTON DEVERILL:**

- 259) NE of Monkton Deverill: ST 858377: A C7 inhumation cemetery, consisting of at least 15 burials, was excavated in 1989-90 ahead of work on a pipeline. The blocks of masonry used to line some of the graves are almost certainly re-used from a nearby Romano-British building. Included within the cemetery is a primary round barrow, which contained a burial with a tanged iron knife in its ring ditch. (SMR ST83NE401; WAM 88, 26-49; Geake 1997, 186; Eagles 2001, 219).
- 260) Ford: ST 852373: A sceat of Series H Type 49 was found in c.1986. (SMR ST83NE402; WAM 81, 142; WAM 83, 205-6; BNJ 56, 12).
- 261) Ford: ST 853373: A Frisian 'porcupine' sceat of Series E Type 5 was found with another unidentified coin. (SMR ST83NE405; BNJ 72, 200).
- 262) Ford: ST 852372: A penny of Coenwulf by the moneyer Oba. (SMR ST83NE406).
- 263) Ford: ST 852373: A penny of Edward the Confessor of Small Flan type struck by the moneyer Ægelus in London. (SMR ST83NE407).
- 264) Kingston Deverill: (unlocated): A fish-shaped belt ornament, probably dating to c.600. (SMR ST83NWU05; WAM 46, 173; VCH 1(1), 79).
- 265) Kingston Deverill: (unlocated): A sceat of Series C by the moneyer Epa was found in 1997. (BNJ 72, 198).
- 266) Kingston Deverill: (unlocated): A sceat of Series H Type 49 was found in 2000. (BNJ 72, 201).
- 267) Kingston Deverill: (unlocated): A Merovingian silver denier of Maastricht type was found in 1997. (BNJ 72, 197).



**KINGTON ST MICHAEL:**

- 268) Quarry Field, Nash Lane: ST 904784: Six unstratified organic-tempered pottery sherds. (SMR ST97NW403; WAM 83, 229; Eagles 2001, 220).
- 269) E of Home Farm: ST 909772: A gilt bronze mount of flat diamond shape with attachment hooks at either end and a design of a central spiral flanked by a curled motif. (SMR ST97NW405).

**KNOOK:**

- 270) Knook Barrow: ST 956446: Four headless intrusive burials were found in a Neolithic long barrow, which is located close to a hundredal boundary. (SMR ST94SE400; WAM 46, 164; VCH 1(1), 80, 141; Meaney 1964, 269-70; McOmish *et al.* 2002, 111).
- 271) St Margaret's Church: ST 938418: A decorated tympanum dating to c.1000 is situated above the blocked S door. (SMR ST94SW402; WAM 63, 54-7; Taylor and Taylor 1965, 364-5).

**LACOCK:**

- 272) E of Bowden Park: ST 948682: A leaf-shaped socketed spearhead was found on the parish boundary with Bromham. (SMR ST96NW400).

**LANGLEY BURRELL WITHOUT:**

- 273) Dog Kennel Plantation: ST 926755: An animal-headed bronze strap-end. (SMR ST97NW402; WAM 82, 185).

**LATTON:**

- 274) SW of Street Farm: SU 087955: A pit containing organic-tempered pottery and animal bones was excavated in 1985. Another excavated feature contained pottery sherds, animal bones and burnt daub. Three further unstratified organic-tempered pottery sherds were found just S of Street Farm. (SMR SU09NE400; Mudd *et al.* 1999, 141).

- 275) Latton: (unlocated): A complete decorated pottery bowl is thought to be Saxon in date, although Iron Age and Romano-British origins cannot be ruled out. (SMR SU09NEU05; WAM 30, 303; WAM 35, 392; WAM 61, 36; VCH 1(1), 81).
- 276) Latton/Blunsdon St Andrew: (unlocated): A late C5 to C6 spearhead was found in ploughsoil in 2001. (WAM 96, 233).

### **LAVERSTOCK:**

- 277) Ford Down: SU 172332: An intrusive interment in a Bronze Age barrow is inferred from finds of a bronze strip and the tip of an iron sword. (SMR SU13SE401; WAM 60, 138; WAM 61, 36; WAM 68, 135).
- 278) Old Sarum Barracks: SU 158340: Two burials with a brooch and beads were excavated in the C19. (SMR SU13SE403; WAM 47, 406-11).
- 279) Ford: SU 159331: A square-headed brooch with dot-and-circle decoration. (SMR SU13SE404).
- 280) Ford: SU 159329: A silver sceat of unrecorded type. (SMR SU13SE405).
- 281) Ford: SU 162329: Two sceattas were found roughly a metre apart in 1987 and 1988. One is of Series L Type 12, whilst the other is of Series L Type 16. Both are 'Hwiccan' in style and were minted in either London or Canterbury between c.715 and c.760. (SMR SU13SE406; WAM 83, 205, 207).
- 282) Milford Farm: SU 158295: A ?C5-C7 stamp-impressed sherd of pottery was found just 500m SW of the Petersfinger Saxon cemetery (see Clarendon Park above). (SMR SU12NE406; WAM 68, 136; WAM 70/1, 129-30).
- 283) NE of Broken Cross: SU 172332: A primary inhumation in a round barrow is located beside a Roman road. There are many grave-goods of late C7/early C8 date, including a seax, a bronze hanging-bowl, a decorated double-sided bone comb, a buckle with garnets, two spearheads and a 'sugar-loaf' shield-boss. Some organic-tempered pottery sherds were also recovered. (SMR SU13SE612; WAM 60, 138; Swanton 1973, 163; Geake 1997, 186; Eagles 2001, 209, 225).
- 284) Laverstock: (unlocated): A C9 gold ring with niello decoration is inscribed with the name 'Æthelwulf'. The name has been associated with King Æthelwulf (828-858). (SMR SU13SEU23; Antiquaries Journal 63, 293; Hinton 1994, 38).

**LIDDINGTON:**

- 285) Liddington Hill: SU 202807: A probable sunken-featured building was revealed during M4 motorway construction. Finds include four sherds of organic-tempered pottery from the building itself, in addition to 20 further sherds from the vicinity, representing at least nine individual vessels. Two bone comb fragments were also found. (SMR SU28SW400; WAM 74/5, 113-5; Eagles 2001, 212).
- 286) Liddington Castle: SU 209797: Philip Rahtz believes there is evidence to suggest that the hillfort was refortified during the Anglo-Saxon period. (SMR SU27NW401; *Medieval Archaeology* 21, 214).
- 287) NW of Hill Barn: SU 205805: A gilt bronze mount with the surface channeled into a design of scrolls inlaid with green enamel. (SMR SU28SW404; WAM 38, 584; WAM 56, 173; WAM 91, 39; VCH 1(1), 82).
- 288) Liddington Hill: (unlocated): An iron spearhead. (SMR SU27NWU14; WAM 46, 173; VCH 1(1), 82).
- 289) E of Badbury: SU 199805: Two sherds of organic-tempered pottery were found in 2001. (WAM 96, 233).

**LIMPLEY STOKE:**

- 290) St Mary's Church: ST 780680: The former south doorway is of C10 or C11 date. Herringbone work was also noted in the chancel in 1929. (Taylor and Taylor 1965, 389-90).

**LITTLE BEDWYN:**

- 291) Knowle Farm: SU 256676: A few coarse 'Saxon' pottery sherds. (SMR SU26NE400).
- 292) Little Bedwyn churchyard: SU 291661: A spearhead. (SMR SU26NE402).

**LONGBRIDGE DEVERILL:**

- 293) NW of Lords Hill Farm: ST 873398: A spearhead with a broken point. (SMR ST83NE400).

- 294) Longbridge Deverill: (unlocated): A sceat of Series E Type 6 was found in 1999. (BNJ 72, 199).

### **LUDGERSHALL:**

- 295) St James' Church: SU 263508: A carved stone fragment, which may be part of a crucifix. (SMR SU25SE400; Pevsner and Cherry 1975, 282).

### **LYDIARD MILLICENT:**

- 296) Lydiard Millicent: (unlocated): A ?C11 mount of Williams' Class A Type 8. (Williams 1997, 50).

### **LYDIARD TREGOZE:**

- 297) Basset Down: SU 115799: A C5-6 inhumation cemetery was found in 1822 immediately adjacent to a Romano-British building with chalk walls (SMR SU17NW303). Grave groups do not survive, but there are many finds, including a brooch of gilded bronze decorated with a row of punched circles down both the bow and the faceted foot, indicating a probable C5 date. Large saucer brooches point to the continued use of the cemetery until the later C6. (SMR SU17NW400; WAM 27, 104-8; WAM 38, 282, 625; WAM 46, 155; WAM 61, 29; VCH 1(1), 84; Meaney 1964, 265; Eagles 2001, 212).

### **LYNEHAM:**

- 298) Lyneham: (unlocated): A ?C11 mount of Williams' Class A Type 5. (Williams 1997, 42).

### **MAIDEN BRADLEY:**

- 299) Rodmead Hill: ST 819359: A secondary inhumation in a Bronze Age saucer-barrow was opened in 1807 by Hoare. Grave-goods included a bronze and wood bucket, a shield-boss, two silvered studs, a bronze buckle, an iron sword, a scramasax, a knife and two spearheads. (SMR ST83NW400; WAM 46, 159; VCH 1(1), 223; Geake 1997, 187).

**MALMESBURY:**

- 300) Old Bell Inn: ST 932874: Excavations in 1988 produced Late Saxon pottery. Further excavations in 1993 yielded burials and a wall in dark soil, which were thought to be contemporary. (SMR ST98NW400; WAM 83, 220; WAM 84, 143-4).
- 301) St John's Street: ST 934871: Excavations behind the library in 1993 yielded Late Saxon pottery and a clay spindle whorl. The site is very close to the ?Saxon and medieval town wall. (SMR ST98NW404).
- 302) Bristol Street, Westport: ST 929873: A cottage in the street has recently been discovered to preserve the stone structure of an Anglo-Saxon church or chapel nave. Large megalithic quoins are visible. (Parker and Chandler 1993, 12, 157).

**MANNINGFORD:**

- 303) Lower Farm: SU 142583: A fragment of a great square-headed brooch. (SMR SU15NW407; WAM 83, 234).

**MARKET LAVINGTON:**

- 304) Drove Road Cemetery: SU 017548: A sherd of organic-tempered pottery. (SMR SU05NW400).
- 305) Grove Farm: SU 015540: A bronze strap-end, a bone comb and a C10 book clasp were recorded prior to excavations between 1986 and 1990, which uncovered evidence for Early, Middle and Late Saxon occupation in the form of three sunken-featured buildings, a further post-hole structure, ditches, pits and gullies. SFB 1 contained pottery of both Roman and early Saxon date, plus a double-sided composite comb, a fragmentary pin beater/pin and a perforated stone loomweight or thatchweight. SFB 2 contained Early/Middle Saxon pottery, whilst SFB 3 yielded two antler pin beaters, an antler awl and an iron heckle tooth, in addition to both Early Saxon and Romano-British pottery. Further excavations in 1995 revealed three post-holes, one containing an organic-tempered pottery rim-sherd and a fragment of animal bone. A structure cutting through the fill of SFB 1 has been interpreted as Middle Saxon in date, whilst the settlement boundary ditch has yielded a quantity of Late Saxon pottery. It should also be noted that some structural evidence for

Romano-British activity was noted on the site, whilst a nearby high-status Romano-British building, perhaps a villa, is inferred from finds of roof tiles, box flue tiles and architectural fragments. (SMR SU05SW400; Williams and Newman 1998; Eagles 2001, 210, 217).

- 306) Market Lavington churchyard: SU 014540: A C5-7 cemetery containing 42 inhumations was excavated in the 1980s along the NW edge of the churchyard and to the W and SW of the church. Grave goods included disc and saucer brooches, spearheads of C5, C6 and C7 type, shield-bosses, dress pins, knives, buckles, belt fittings and amber beads. (SMR SU05SW401; Williams and Newman 1998; Eagles 2001, 210, 217).
- 307) Market Lavington: SU 017537: A sceat of unrecorded type. (SMR SU05SW402).
- 308) SE of Market Lavington: SU 026540: A 'porcupine' sceat of Series E Type 5 was found in 1988. (SMR SU05SW403; WAM 83, 205-8).

#### **MARLBOROUGH:**

- 309) Near Savernake Hospital: SU 207686: An inhumation burial with a C5/C6 iron spearhead of Swanton's Group K1. (SMR SU26NW400; WAM 44, 244; WAM 46, 168; WAM 61, 29; VCH 1(1), 86; Meaney 1964, 270; Eagles 2001, 211).
- 310) Cricket Field: SU 186684: A late C9/early C10 silver-gilt pin with a globular head and 2 iron padlock keys. (SMR SU16NE400; WAM 74/5, 56-60; Eagles 1997, 388).
- 311) Wye House: SU 191692: A sherd of 'Saxon' pottery was found in 1997 during an evaluation excavation. (SMR SU16NE402).
- 312) Summerfield House: (unlocated): A sceat of Series H Type 49 was found in 1888. (SMR SU16NEU12; WAM 50, 494-5; WAM 83, 205-6; VCH 1(1), 86; Eagles 1997, 388).
- 313) Ferndale/Barnfield: (unlocated): Two 'Byzantine' coins. (SMR SU16NEU21).
- 314) Marlborough parish: (unlocated): A Saxon or medieval tanged spearhead. (SMR SU16NEU28).

**MERE:**

- 315) 9 Barnes Close: ST 813322: A richly furnished female burial dating to c.650-700 was excavated in 1995. The grave goods consisted of two gold earrings inset with garnets, a gold bracteate with an interleaved design and four blue glass beads. (SMR ST83SW400; WAM 90, 156; Wessex Archaeology 1995; Eagles 2001, 219).
- 316) Charnage Down: (unlocated): A split-socketed iron spearhead was found in 1922. (SMR ST83SWU07; WAM 46, 173; VCH 1(1), 87).
- 317) St Michael's Church: ST 811322: The lower part of the E wall of the W tower is considered by Pevsner to be of C11 date. (Pevsner and Cherry 1975, 346).

**MILDENHALL:**

- 318) Poulton Downs: SU 203715: A female skeleton was found thrown into a Romano-British well. She was accompanied by an iron knife, a bronze pin, two iron buckles and three beads (one of amber and two of ribbed glass), which are dated to the late C6 or early C7. (SMR SU27SW400; WAM 53, 220-2; VCH 1(1), 89; Meaney 1964, 271-2; Eagles 1997, 382-3; Eagles 2001, 212).
- 319) River Kennet banks, W of Mildenhall: SU 200693: An organic-tempered pottery sherd. (SMR SU26NW401; WAM 74/5, 207).
- 320) SW of Mildenhall: SU 213693: A penny of Ethelred II of Long Cross type minted in Lincoln by the moneyer Sumarlithr was found in 1977. (SMR SU26NW403; WAM 72/3, 198-9, 207; WAM 76, 88; Metcalf 1998, 263).
- 321) Mildenhall: SU 210694: A spearhead with a tang and blade, which may be either Saxon in date or ethnographic African. (SMR SU26NW405).
- 322) N of Mildenhall: (unlocated): A C6 saucer brooch. (SMR SU26NWU07; Eagles 1997, 381).
- 323) Near Mildenhall: (unlocated, but possibly SU 210697): A C6 inhumation burial was found before 1827. The skeleton was accompanied by a pair of saucer brooches with cruciform design, a bronze pin, a knife, a bronze ring and 21 beads of glass and amber. (SMR SU26NWU13; WAM 6, 259; WAM 61, 28; VCH 1(1), 89; Meaney 1964, 270; Eagles 1997, 381).

- 324) St John the Baptist Church: SU 210695: There are Anglo-Saxon windows in the lower part of the west tower. (Pevsner and Cherry 1975, 348-9).

#### **MILSTON:**

- 325) SE of Milston Farm House: SU 165451: 'Saxon' pottery and bone comb fragments. (SMR SU14NE400; VCH 1(1), 89; Meaney 1964, 270).
- 326) SW of Brigmerston Farm: SU 156452: A gilded copper-alloy brooch in the form of a bird. It is a copy of a 'Frankish' bird brooch. (SMR SU14NE403; WAM 84, 148; Eagles 2001, 218-9).
- 327) Silk Hill: (unlocated): An intrusive skeleton with an iron lance-head placed by the head was found in a barrow opened by Hoare in the C19. (SMR SU14NEU06; Meaney 1964, 276).

#### **MILTON LILBOURNE:**

- 328) NW of Fyfield: SU 182589: A sherd of 'Saxon' pottery. (SMR SU15NE404).

#### **MINETY:**

- 329) Minety: (unlocated): A bronze brooch. (SMR SU09SWU03; Archaeologia 91, 101; VCH 1(1), 90).
- 330) St Leonard's Church: SU 009912: Fragments of a C9 stone cross. (Pevsner and Cherry 1975, 352).

#### **NETHERAVON:**

- 331) All Saints Church: SU 148484: Much of the west tower is of C11 date with herringbone work. Stumps of the original Anglo-Saxon *porticus* are preserved in the walls of the aisles. (Taylor and Taylor 1965, 456-9).

#### **NORTH NEWNTON:**

- 332) SE of Woodbridge Inn: SU 132570: Two skeletons, one with a shield-boss and a spearhead, were found together in the same grave. There may be other burials



nearby. (SMR SU15NW400; WAM 47, 265-7, 316; WAM 61, 29; WAM 67, 175; VCH 1(1), 91; Meaney 1964, 279).

#### **NORTON:**

- 333) Cowage Farm: ST 908861: Aerial photography, geophysical survey and limited excavation have revealed a substantial Anglo-Saxon settlement, including a timber 'hall' of two phases, a building with an apse at its east end, which has been interpreted as a church, and c.20 other structures. Few finds have come from the site, but a radiocarbon date of AD 555-665 (AD 430-760) at the 68% (95%) confidence level was obtained from a lump of oak charcoal in a wall trench. The site is clearly of high status and has been compared to Cowdery's Down in Hampshire. (SMR ST98NW403; *Antiquaries Journal* 61, 316-21; *Archaeological Journal* 143, 240-59; Eagles 1994, 21; Hinton 1994, 37, 42; Eagles 2001, 224).
- 334) Norton: (unlocated): A Merovingian coin of unrecorded type. (SMR ST88NEU14; WAM 74/5, 188-9).

#### **ODSTOCK:**

- 335) S of Odstock Copse: SU 141245: A split-socketed iron spearhead. (SMR SU12SW400; VCH 1(1), 93).

#### **OGBOURNE ST ANDREW:**

- 336) SW of Ogbourne St Andrew: SU 186720: A C6 small-long brooch, dress hooks and two sceattas, one of which is a Frisian 'porcupine' sceat of Series E. (SMR SU17SE401; WAM 83, 205-6; WAM 84, 148; Eagles 1997, 381).
- 337) SW of Ogbourne St Andrew: SU 187720: An animal-headed strap-end. (SMR SU17SE402; WAM 82, 185).
- 338) E of Ogbourne St Andrew: SU 192722: A C6 saucer brooch decorated with six spirals. (SMR SU17SE403; WAM 82, 185; Eagles 1997, 381).
- 339) Bay Bridge: SU 188712: A copper buckle fragment and two pierced coins. (SMR SU17SE404).

- 340) W of Barbury Castle: SU 144762: A stamped pottery sherd. (SMR SU17NW404; WAM 83, 229).
- 341) St Andrew's churchyard: SU 188723: Intrusive burials of Saxon and medieval date were found in a Bronze Age bowl-barrow, which was excavated in 1884. A skeleton in a wooden coffin was found along with a further 20 skeletons of both sexes. Geophysical work was undertaken in 1999 in order to establish the relationship between the church, the manorial complex and the barrow. (SMR SU17SE609; WAM 94, 250; VCH 1(1), 94; Meaney 1964, 271; Parker and Chandler 1993, 6; Geake 1997, 186).
- 342) Horse Meadow: (unlocated): A ?C11 flat near-rectangular mount of Williams' Class B Group 7 with a raised design of an animal's head. (SMR SU17SEU09; WAM 85, 69; Williams 1997, 96).
- 343) Ogbourne St Andrew: (unlocated): A penny of Harthacnut of Jewel Cross type minted in Oxford by the moneyer Ælfwine Tosti. (BNJ 58, 157).

#### **OGBOURNE ST GEORGE:**

- 344) Buckerfields: SU 199738: A garter hook. (SMR SU17SE400; WAM 80, 243).
- 345) Round Hill Downs: SU 215755: Nine sherds of organic-tempered pottery were found close to a known Romano-British settlement site. Fowler believes it may be C5-7 in date. SMR notes that the area contains much modern dumping. (SMR SU27NW400; WAM 61, 31-2; WAM 76, 177; Eagles 1997, 381; Eagles 2001, 211).
- 346) Round Hill Downs: SU 212757: One sherd of organic-tempered pottery. (SMR SU27NW403; WAM 82, 185).
- 347) Round Hill Downs: SU 215756: Seventeen sherds of organic-tempered pottery. (SMR SU27NW404; WAM 83, 235).
- 348) Ogbourne St George: (unlocated): A sceat of Series S Type 47 was found in 1991. (BNJ 63, 148).
- 349) Ogbourne St George: (unlocated): Three coins of Edward the Confessor were found at the same findspot as the sceat discussed above in 1991. The first is a penny of Trefoil Quadrilateral type. The second is a cut farthing of Pacx type. The third is a cut halfpenny of Expanding Cross type. (BNJ 63, 148, 152).

**ORCHESTON:**

- 350) S of Elston Hill: (unlocated): Skeletons are reported, which may be Saxon in date and may form part of a cemetery. An iron knife was also found, which was exhibited in 1856. (SMR SU04NEU03; WAM 3, 267; WAM 46, 168; WAM 81, 132; VCH 1(1), 95; Meaney 1964, 267).

**PATNEY:**

- 351) Patney: SU 085610: A crude bronze strap-end with simple linear decoration on one face. (SMR SU06SE402).

**PEWSEY:**

- 352) Blacknall Field ('Black Patch'): SU 155580: A C5-6 cemetery with 102 inhumations and three cremations was excavated between 1969 and 1976. C5 finds include applied saucer brooches, button brooches and a spearhead of Swanton's group E1. A square-headed brooch of Anglian style was found in grave 21, whilst a 'Celtic' penannular brooch of possible British manufacture was found in grave 102. The cemetery remained in use throughout the C6. An excavation report is currently being prepared for publication by Bruce Eagles. (SMR SU15NE400; WAM 65, 206; WAM 66, 189-90; WAM 67, 175; WAM 68, 135-6; WAM 88, 130; Eagles 1994, 16; Eagles 1997, 380-1; Eagles 2001, 209, 218; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 187).
- 353) St John the Baptist Church: SU 163598: The foundations of an Anglo-Saxon church have been found beneath and W of the present Norman church. (SMR SU15NE401).
- 354) Brunkard's Yard: SU 166604: A C7 gold pendant with filigree decoration. (SMR SU16SE401; WAM 83, 229; WAM 85, 149-50).
- 355) NE of Hill View: SU 159593: A ?C11 convex triangular mount of Williams' Class A Type 11B with a lion design. (SMR SU15NE402; WAM 78, 133; WAM 85, 64; Williams 1997, 67).
- 356) Pewsey Downs: (unlocated): A blue glass bead. (SMR SU15NEU08).

**POTTERNE:**

- 357) Potterne: ST 995584: A Late Saxon timber proprietary church was excavated by Norman Davey in the 1960s on a site close to the present parish church. He also found evidence for a baptistery and a priest's house. The present church has an inscribed C10 tub font, which is believed to have been originally housed in the baptistery. Some Late Saxon pottery was recovered in the excavations, including fragments of a Cheddar E type cooking pot, which is dated to the C11 or before. (SMR ST95NE400; WAM 59, 116-23; WAM 83, 57-69; Taylor and Taylor 1965, 734).
- 358) Green Lane: SU 012593: A Late Saxon bronze strap-end. (SMR SU05NW401).
- 359) Potterne: (unlocated): An unpublished discovery of ?Saxon burials in the 1920s, which were laid out in a spoke-wheel arrangement, as at Crofton in Great Bedwyn. (Eagles 1997, 383).

**PRESHUTE:**

- 360) Temple Down: SU 132725: A complete urn of soft sandy grey/brown ware was found in 1895. It is believed to be of Early Saxon date, although it was found in an area where 'many Roman pots' have also been recovered. (SMR SU17SW400; WAM 26, 411; WAM 38, 311; WAM 46, 173; WAM 50, 190; VCH 1(1), 97; Meaney 1964, 276-7; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 211).
- 361) Clatford Down: SU 144714: A Frankish denier of Charles the Bald (840-875) struck at the Rouen mint. It may be an imitation of early C10 date. (SMR SU17SW401; WAM 64, 51-5; Pollard 2002, 212).

**PURTON:**

- 362) The Fox: SU 103871: A C7 inhumation cemetery, consisting of ten or eleven burials, was excavated in 1912 and 1925. Grave goods include glass beads, iron swords, iron knives, iron spearheads and a bone pin. (SMR SU18NW401; WAM 37, 496, 606-8; WAM 61, 36; Medieval Archaeology 5, 229; VCH 1(1), 98; Meaney 1964, 272; Eagles 1994, 17; Geake 1997, 186; Eagles 2001, 222).

**RAMSBURY:**

- 363) NW of Membury hillfort: SU 300756: A fragment of a C5 gilded copper-alloy saucer brooch with a star design. (SMR SU37NW400; WAM 84, 148; Eagles 1997, 380).
- 364) Ramsbury: SU 272715: The parish church of Holy Cross (centre of a bishopric from c.909-1058) contains much pre-Conquest sculpture, including fragments of one or more C9 crosses, a sepulchral slab decorated with a Latin cross and lion *passant*, and two C9 coped stones. Evidence for a Middle Saxon (late C8/early C9) iron-smelting industry and associated settlement was found in excavations in 1974 adjacent to the High Street at the above grid reference. Rhenish lava querns point to long-distance trading contacts, whilst animal bones of beaver, deer and pigs indicate the presence of substantial tracts of woodland in the area. (SMR SU27SE400; VCH 2, 27-30; Medieval Archaeology 24, 1-68; Taylor and Taylor 1965, 502-3; Eagles 1997, 387-8).
- 365) N of Eastridge House: SU3005738: Two decorated strap-ends. (SMR SU37SW401).
- 366) Axford: SU 243703: A sceat of unrecorded type was found before 1892. (SMR SU27SW401; WAM 83, 205).
- 367) 11 Crowood Lane: SU 279719: A silver ring with punched decoration, possibly medieval. (SMR SU27SE401; WAM 78, 134).
- 368) N of The Poplars: SU 287717: A C6 saucer brooch, a bronze snake brooch and a decorated brass stud. (SMR SU27SE402; Eagles 1997, 381).
- 369) E of Crowood Farm: SU 285737: A brass brooch or buckle-plate fragment and a silver coin. (SMR SU27SE403).
- 370) Whittonditch: ST 288726: A C6 flat plain disc brooch. (SMR SU27SE404; Eagles 1997, 381).
- 371) NW of Preston: SU 272747: A lead or pewter brooch. (SMR SU27SE405).
- 372) N of The Poplars: SU 288728: A buckle. (SMR SU27SE407).
- 373) N of The Poplars: SU 287716: A copper-alloy decorated stud. (SMR SU27SE408).
- 374) S of Little Wood: SU 285724: A gilt pin. (SMR SU27SE409).
- 375) Whittonditch: SU 291728: A brooch. (SMR SU27SE410).
- 376) N of Whittonditch: SU 289731: A bronze strap-end. (SMR SU27SE411).
- 377) N of Shell's Wood: SU 288741: The top of a dagger pommel. (SMR SU27SE412).

- 378) N of Preston: SU 275745: A brooch fragment. (SMR SU27SE413).
- 379) Crowood: SU 269748: A copper-alloy button brooch. (SMR SU27SE419).
- 380) Ramsbury: SU 272741: A copper-alloy strap-end, gilded on the upper surface, with a ring-and-dot design. (SMR SU27SE421).
- 381) Ramsbury: SU 272747: A bronze strap-end with dot-in-circle decoration. (SMR SU27SE422).
- 382) Littlecote: SU 301705: A few Early-Middle Saxon organic-tempered sherds and sherds of a Late Saxon grit-tempered cooking pot are noted from the Roman villa excavations. (Walters and Canham n.d., 13-14).
- 383) Axford: (unlocated): A penny of Harold II of Pax type was found in 1891. (Metcalf 1998, 251).
- 384) Ramsbury: (unlocated): A penny of Ethelred II of First Hand type minted in London. (Metcalf 1998, 265).

#### **ROUNDWAY:**

- 385) Play Close: SU 013632: A penny of Athelstan of Horizontal type minted probably in Winchester by the moneyer Wulfheard was found in 1993. (SMR SU06SW400; BNJ 64, 150).
- 386) Roundway Down: SU 005647: A high-status female secondary inhumation burial in a Bronze Age bowl-barrow was discovered in 1840. The body was placed in an iron bound coffin or chest and was accompanied by a cabochon garnet and gold necklace, a composite gold pin-suite and a wooden bucket with bronze mounts. The burial, which may have been a bed burial, is ascribed a date in the later C7 and is comparable to the similar example on Swallowcliffe Down (see Swallowcliffe below). A geophysical survey in the area of the barrow was undertaken in September 2000, in addition to fieldwalking and a small-scale excavation. (SMR SU06SW401; WAM 61, 29; WAM 72/3, 191-5; WAM 94, 236-9; Archaeological Journal 8, 176-7; VCH 1(1), 99, 188; Meaney 1964, 274; Speake 1989, 107; Geake 1997, 187-8; Eagles 2001, 223, 225).
- 387) Roundway Down: (unlocated): An iron spearhead with part of the shaft preserved. (SMR SU06SWU12; WAM 57, 268).

- 388) 'Near Devizes': (unlocated): A C7 Merovingian gold tremissis, struck at Sedunum (Sion in Switzerland), was exhibited in 1850. Although the findspot is unknown, Paul Robinson has suggested that it may originally have come from the high-status C7 burial on Roundway Down described above. (SMR SU06SWU16; WAM 72/3, 191-5; WAM 74/5, 188-9).
- 389) Roundway: (unlocated): A cut halfpenny of Edward the Confessor of Radiate/Small Cross type struck in Salisbury by the moneyer Godwine was found in 1998. (BNJ 68, 174).

### **ROWDE:**

- 390) E of Withybed Wood: ST 994634: A C6-C7 blue glass bead. (SMR ST96SE400; WAM 70/1, 136 (listed under Bromham)).

### **RUSHALL:**

- 391) Near Rushall church: SU 128558: A bronze animal-headed strap-end. (SMR SU15NW401; WAM 81, 142).
- 392) Rushall Down: (unlocated): A spearhead is thought to be Saxon in date, although it may also be Romano-British. (SMR SU15SWU11; VCH 1(1), 99).

### **SALISBURY:**

- 393) Kelsey Road: SU 150302: A C6 inhumation burial with a knife, a chisel and an iron spearhead. (SMR SU13SE400; WAM 46, 169; VCH 1(1), 104; Eagles 2001, 206).
- 394) Old Sarum: SU 134329: Two C5 burials are recorded, which may part of a larger cemetery. They were accompanied by two applied brooches without decorated plates, a glass bead, a bronze pin with two triangular spangles attached to the terminal, a bronze clip and an ivory ring with associated iron and bronze objects. (SMR SU13SW400; WAM 65, 208).
- 395) Harnham: SU 137287: An extensive C5-6 cemetery with 64 graves was excavated in 1853. There are only minimal records, although it should be noted that some of the finds display 'Frankish' links. The number of females with rings and bracelets in the Romano-British fashion is also notable. (SMR SU12NW400; WAM 1, 196-208;

- WAM 52, 345; *Archaeologia* 35, 259-78; *Archaeologia* 107, 109-10; VCH 1(1), 102-3; Meaney 1964, 268-9; Eagles 1994, 15; Eagles 2001, 206, 218).
- 396) S of East Harnham church: SU 140288: Part of a skeleton was found in 1931 with plates of two ?C6 saucer brooches and a bronze pin. (SMR SU12NW401; WAM 46, 155; WAM 52, 345; VCH 1(1), 103; Meaney 1964, 269; Eagles 2001, 206).
- 397) Netheravon Road: SU 149310: A Saxon glass bead with a yellow border and wavy bands in white and grey was found following the excavation of a Romano-British site (SMR SU13SW312). (SMR SU13SW401; WAM 52, 395; VCH 1(1), 104).
- 398) East Harnham, Old Vicarage: SU 140288: A late C6/early C7 bronze girdle ornamented with a 'Celtic' floral motif and two helmeted figures. (SMR SU12NW402; VCH 1(1), 103; Meaney 1964, 269).
- 399) St Edmund's Church: SU 147304: A C6 cemetery with 20-30 inhumations was found in 1771-4. Grave-goods include shield-bosses, knives, bucket mounts and spearheads. (SMR SU13SW402; WAM 46, 155-6; VCH 1(1), 102; Meaney 1964, 275; Eagles 2001, 206).
- 400) S of Dairyhouse Bridge: SU 155293: A complete coarse organic-tempered pottery bowl was found in 1860. It was found only a few hundred metres away from Petersfinger cemetery. (SMR SU12NE402; WAM 63, 103-5; WAM 64, 128; WAM 70/1, 130; VCH 1(1), 58 (wrongly included in Petersfinger)).
- 401) Old Sarum: SU 138327: Old Sarum was a borough by 1086, although few Anglo-Saxon finds have been noted. A sceat of ?Series N Type 41b was found before 1771. A penny of Eadgar of Reform Small Cross type minted in London is also known, as well as a Utrecht coin of Bishop Bernaldus, 1027-54. (SMR SU13SW403; WAM 57, 352-70; WAM 83, 205; *Archaeological Journal* 104, 129-39; Metcalf 1998, 264).
- 402) E edge of Old Sarum: SU 142325: 14 intrusive inhumations were found in a Bronze Age barrow. All but one were extended with their hands tied behind their backs. Two had bronze buckles. (SMR SU13SW404; VCH 1(1), 192; Meaney 1964, 275).
- 403) Dairyhouse Bridge: SU 157293: 13 sherds of organic-tempered pottery were found together with animal bone, although no structures were identified. The site is close to the cemetery at Petersfinger. (SMR SU12NE405; WAM 63, 103; WAM 64, 128; WAM 70/1, 130, 136).



- 404) Salisbury: (unlocated): A penny of Edward the Confessor of Trefoil Quadrilateral type minted in Salisbury by the moneyer Wineman was found in 1866. (Metcalf 1998, 266).
- 405) 'Near Salisbury': (unlocated): A penny of Cnut of Short Cross type minted in Lincoln by the moneyer Godaman was found in 1992/3. (BNJ 67, 139).

### **SEAGRY:**

- 406) NW of Dodford Farm: ST 972812: A highly unusual unfinished 'Celtic' bronze hanging bowl mount in the form of a bird with scroll decoration is thought to date from the mid-late C7. Eagles cites it as possible evidence for a 'British' workshop in north-west Wiltshire. A bronze plated iron stirrup with copper inlay and an iron scramasax knife have also been found here. (SMR ST98SE404; WAM 74/5, 190, 207; WAM 91, 39; Medieval Archaeology 24, 118-9; Eagles 2001, 221).
- 407) Bed of the River Avon: (unlocated): A penny of Edward the Confessor of Expanding Cross type minted in London by the moneyer Godwine was found in 1981. (SMR ST98SEU04; Metcalf 1998, 269).

### **SEEND:**

- 408) Great Thornham Farm: ST 929597: A ?C11 copper-alloy triangular mount of Williams' Class A Type 10A with Urnes style decoration. (SMR ST95NW403; WAM 84, 148; WAM 85, 67-8; Williams 1997, 57).

### **SHALBOURNE:**

- 409) SE of Shalbourne Mill: SU 317636: A collection of Early and Middle Saxon metalwork, including a small-long brooch, part of the head-plate of a gilded square-headed brooch of Kentish type, pins, strap-ends, a buckle and two sceattas. One of the sceattas is a Frisian 'porcupine' sceat of Series E. (SMR SU36SW400; WAM 83, 205-6; WAM 84, 148-9; Eagles 1997, 381; BNJ 58, 149).
- 410) Catmore Copse: SU 317657: A C7 'Merovingian' gold tremissis was found in 1989. It appears to be an English copy of a continental coin. (SMR SU36NW400; WAM 86, 150-1).

- 411) NE Shalbourne: SU 317635: A strap-end fragment with an animal's head design. (SMR SU36SW401).

### **SHERRINGTON:**

- 412) E of Sherrington: ST 968391: Eight intrusive burials were found in a Neolithic long barrow. Five skeletons were unaccompanied, whilst a sixth had an iron spearhead, a seventh had a sword, a knife, a shield-boss and a buckle, and an eighth had an iron knife and a piece of lead. (SMR ST93NE401; WAM 38, 399, 413; WAM 61, 29; VCH 1(1), 105, 143; Eagles 2001, 209).

### **SHREWTON:**

- 413) E of Downbarn Plantation: SU 086470: A penny of Ethelred II of Small Crux type minted in Canterbury by the moneyer Leofing was found in 1957. (SMR SU04NE400; Metcalf 1998, 268).
- 414) NW of Maddington Allotments: SU 065444: An inhumation with two bronze wheel-shaped objects, an iron knife and pottery was reported by Stukeley in the C18 on the site of the windmill. Subsequent investigations in 1968 yielded a C7 inhumation cemetery with distinctive grave goods, including openwork satchel fittings and a gold bracteate. (SMR SU04SE400; WAM 46, 169-70; WAM 64, 128; Archaeologia 43, 286; Medieval Archaeology 13, 241; VCH 1(1), 106; Meaney 1964, 276; Eagles 2001, 209).
- 415) Shrewton: (unlocated): An iron spearhead. (WAM 38, 321; WAM 46, 174; VCH 1(1), 106).

### **STANTON FITZWARREN:**

- 416) E of Stanton Fitzwarren: SU 188905: A ?C7 burial with a tanged iron knife was found on the parish boundary with Highworth in 1906. (SMR SU19SE401; WAM 38, 322; WAM 61, 29; VCH 1(1), 106; Meaney 1964, 276; Geake 1997, 188; Eagles 2001, 222).

**STANTON ST QUINTIN:**

- 417) Stanton St Quintin: (unlocated): A cut halfpenny of Cnut of Quatrefoil type from the Ilchester mint was found in 1985. (BNJ 56, 94).

**STAPLEFORD:**

- 418) Bridge House: SU 068370: A spearhead. (SMR SU03NE400; WAM 72/3, 207).

**STEEPLE LANGFORD:**

- 419) River Wylfe, N of Little Langford: SU 046371: A C5-C6 iron spearhead was dredged from the river in the 1940s. (SMR SU03NW401; WAM 69, 180-1, 186).
- 420) Little Langford: SU 048366: A single sherd of organic-tempered pottery was found on the site of the deserted medieval village in 1988. Two further sherds were found during excavations in 1994 ahead of a pipeline, together with three sherds that have tentatively been identified as Late Saxon wheel-thrown ware of Cheddar type. (SMR SU03NW404; WAM 83, 234; Wessex Archaeology 1994a, 10).
- 421) 'Lott Mead', Hanging Langford: SU 035372: One sherd of organic-tempered pottery was recovered during fieldwork. (SMR SU03NW405).
- 422) S of East Clyffe: SU 043371: An incomplete silver gilded disc brooch with settings of paste, garnet and glass remaining. (SMR SU03NW406; WAM 83, 229).
- 423) All Saints Church: SU 037374: A fragment of a stone cross-shaft is housed within the church. It is reputed to have come from the former church at Hanging Langford. (Pevsner and Cherry 1975, 483).

**SUTTON MANDEVILLE:**

- 424) All Saints Church: ST 986288: At least three Late Saxon burials, one with a bun-shaped baked clay loomweight in its fill, were discovered partly overlain by the church's foundations. (SMR ST92NE404; WAM 94, 252).

**SUTTON VENY:**

- 425) Pit Meads: ST 903432: A Late Saxon spearhead was found close to the easternmost of the two Romano-British villas, which were excavated by Hoare in the C19. (SMR ST94SW403; WAM 80, 243).

**SWALLOWCLIFFE:**

- 426) Vine Cottage: ST 965269: Organic-tempered pottery sherds were found together with Romano-British sherds during excavation. (SMR ST92NE400; Eagles 2001, 220).
- 427) Swallowcliffe Down: ST 967254: A high-status secondary female bed-burial, believed to date from c.650-700, in a Bronze Age round barrow was excavated in 1966 and published in 1989. Grave goods include an iron and yew-wood bucket, a maple-wood casket, a silver spoon, a ?censer, a pair of iron knives, a bone comb, beads, a bronze-bound wooden bucket, a satchel, two glass palm-cups and traces of wood and textile. The barrow itself seems to have been the *Posses Hlaewe* of a C10 charter and is located both near a *herepath* and on the parish boundary with Ansty. (SMR ST92NE402; WAM 42, 598; WAM 61, 29; WAM 63, 115; WAM 80, 243; Speake 1989; Welch 1992, 89; Eagles 1994, 25; Geake 1997, 188; Eagles 2001, 219, 225-6).
- 428) Swallowcliffe: (unlocated): A sherd of organic-tempered pottery. (SMR ST92NEU09; WAM 67, 175).

**SWINDON:**

- 429) Downs View Road: SU 166826: C5 pottery is noted from a Roman-British well. (SMR SU18SE400; WAM 70/1, 136).
- 430) St Mary's Church, Rodbourne Cheney: SU 140867: Two fragments of Anglo-Saxon cross-shaft have been re-set within the church wall. (SMR SU18NW400; Pevsner and Cherry 1975, 514).
- 431) Evelyn Street: SU 158832: A ?C7 inhumation burial, found before 1933 and excavated in 1978, was found to contain an iron spearhead and an iron knife. Stray pottery sherds are also noted. (SMR SU18SE401; WAM 46, 156; WAM 61, 28; VCH 1(1), 113; Eagles 2001, 222).

- 432) Market Square: SU 158832: A sunken-featured building, containing a pair of shears, large pots and over 100 loomweights beside the charred remains of a wooden loom, was excavated in 1975. The building had been destroyed by fire and the deposits were sealed by much burnt daub. Underlying this building was a slightly larger building of post-hole construction, with internal stake-holes, containing decorated bone pins, yellow vessel glass and a gold fragment with an inset garnet. (SMR SU18SE402; WAM 70/1, 136; *Medieval Archaeology* 21, 214; Canham and Phillips n.d.; Eagles 2001, 222).
- 433) Rear of Lloyds Bank: SU 158837: Two sunken-featured buildings, one of which cut through an earlier C4 Romano-British stone building, were excavated in 1977. It contained two double-sided weaving combs, a bone spindle-whorl, a bone pin, a bone pin-beater and an iron knife. (SMR SU18SE403; WAM 72/3, 207; WAM 90, 55-76; Eagles 2001, 222).
- 434) 11 Little Avenue, Cheney Manor: SU 141864: A sherd of organic-tempered pottery. (SMR SU18NW403).
- 435) The Hermitage: SU 159837: A sunken-featured building was excavated in 1993, yielding an iron knife, pottery and animal bones. Further excavations in 1994 yielded 55 sherds of Early-Middle Saxon pottery, representing three fabric types, although no Saxon structures were located. (SMR SU18SE404; WAM 90, 55-76; *Wessex Archaeology* 1994b).
- 436) Penfold Nurseries: SU 158835: Sherds of organic-tempered pottery were found during excavations in 1977. (SMR SU18SE405).
- 437) Broome Manor Lane: SU 167824: A sherd of organic-tempered pottery was found in a ditch. (SMR SU18SE406).
- 438) Swindon Hill: (unlocated): A baked clay loomweight was found together with an organic-tempered pottery sherd. (SMR SU18SEU13).
- 439) Old Swindon: (unlocated): A penny of Baldred (805-23). (SMR SU18SEU14; WAM 34, 312; WAM 72/3, 197).
- 440) 9-11 High Street, Old Town: SU 158838: A quantity of Roman, Anglo-Saxon, medieval and post-medieval pottery was found in garden soils in 2001. (WAM 96, 236).

**TEFFONT:**

- 441) N of Teffont Evias church: ST 991313: A ?C11/C12 decorated grit-tempered pottery sherd was found together with human bones. (SMR ST93SE400; WAM 69, 181-2).
- 442) St Edward's Church, Teffont Magna: ST 989324: Two fragments of a C9 stone cross-shaft are housed within the church. (SMR ST93SE403; WAM 48, 183-4; WAM 51, 350-1; Pevsner and Cherry 1975, 519).
- 443) Thompson's Orchard, Teffont Magna: ST 988326: A probable 'Saxon' pottery sherd. (SMR ST93SE403; WAM 78, 133).
- 444) N of Black Horse Inn: ST 988318: 'Saxon' pottery sherds. (SMR ST93SE404).

**TIDCOMBE and FOSBURY:**

- 445) N of Little Down: SU 310556: A wide scatter of organic-tempered pottery sherds may be indicative of a settlement site. (SMR SU35NW400).

**TIDWORTH:**

- 446) Perham Down Barracks: SU 252492: An inhumation burial with a split-socketed spearhead and a shield-boss. (SMR SU24NE400; WAM 49, 114; VCH 1(1), 92; Meaney 1964, 271).
- 447) Furze Hill: SU 244483: A late C5/early C6 inhumation burial found in a field lynchet was excavated in 1993. (SMR SU24NW400; *Medieval Archaeology* 37, 287).
- 448) Matthew Estate: SU 240490: Pits of Early-Middle Saxon date were excavated in 1999, revealing pottery, animal bones, a dog skeleton, worked stone, bone and other artefacts. Although no structures were found, occupation is inferred. 23 sherds of pottery were found, comprising organic- and chalk-tempered wares, in addition to a sandy ware. Whilst the organic-tempered sherds are believed to be C5-8 in date, the chalk-tempered pottery is assigned a date-range of C8-10. (WAM 95, 240-8).

**TILSHEAD:**

- 449) NW of Tilshead Lodge: SU 021475: Two intrusive interments in a Neolithic long barrow were excavated by Thurnham in the C19. One skeleton was accompanied by an iron handle, studs, a shield-boss and the remains of a wooden bucket. The other

was unaccompanied. (SMR SU04NW400; WAM 38, 402-3; WAM 46, 165; Archaeologia 42, 180-96; VCH 1(1), 114, 144; Meaney 1964, 277).

- 450) Kill Barrow: SU 000478: Two intrusive skeletons were found close to the surface of a Neolithic long barrow, which may only possibly be Anglo-Saxon in date. (WAM 61, 29; VCH 1(1), 114; Meaney 1964, 271).
- 451) Tilshead High Street: (unlocated): A penny of Ethelred II of Long Cross type. (SMR SU04NWU02).

### **TOCKENHAM:**

- 452) Tockenham: (unlocated): A coin of Cuthred of Wessex (740-756). (SMR SU07NWU03; WAM 90, 40; Lewis 1994, 190).

### **TROWBRIDGE:**

- 453) Court Street: ST 855578: Excavations in 1977 and 1986-8 ahead of development revealed a sequence of Middle and Late Saxon settlement, beginning in the C7-8. A sunken-featured building was accompanied by ground-level buildings of beam-slot construction, which were in turn succeeded by others of post-hole type. Twelve sherds of organic-tempered pottery were found, although the pottery found in the fill of the sunken-featured building was not organic-tempered, thereby raising some questions about the chronology of pottery on the site. A stone church (with graveyard) was built in or after the middle of the C10 and this was accompanied by a manorial enclosure in the C11. This was in turn converted into a medieval castle in the C12. Artefacts found include a silver pin and gold thread, iron slags, a crucible used in copper-alloy production and implements used in textile manufacture. Coins discovered on the site were 1) A cut halfpenny of Cnut of Quatrefoil type minted in Winchester by the moneyer Oda; 2) a penny of Cnut of Helmet type minted in Totnes by the moneyer Ælfwine; 3) a penny of Edward the Confessor of Expanding Cross type minted in London by the moneyer Epi or Ewi, which had been made into a brooch; 4) two coins of Hiberno-Norse Phase V type, both from the backfill of Grave 1696? (SMR ST85NE400; Graham and Davies 1993; Eagles 2001, 224; Metcalf 1998, 269).

**UPAVON:**

- 454) SW of Upavon: SU 127546: Two sceattas of Series O and Series X and a strap-end were found in 1987. (SMR SU15SW403).
- 455) Widdington Farm: SU 124536: A C5 Type E3 button brooch, a disc brooch, an 'Anglo-Danish' strap-end and another strap-end. (SMR SU15SW404; Eagles 2001, 209; McOmish *et al.* 2002, 109, 157).
- 456) Widdington Farm: SU 127546: A C5 Type 1 button brooch. (SMR SU15SW405; Eagles 2001, 209; McOmish *et al.* 2002, 109, 157).
- 457) Upavon: SU 138550: A gilt bronze button brooch. (SMR SU15NW406; WAM 79, 257; Eagles 2001, 209; McOmish *et al.* 2002, 109, 157).
- 458) S of Upavon: SU 135546: A bronze strap-end with animal-head decoration. (SMR SU15SW406; WAM 82, 185).
- 459) Upavon: (unlocated): A C8-9 lead-alloy disc brooch was found in 1987. Is this the disc brooch noted in 455 above? (WAM 96, 218-9).

**UPTON LOVELL:**

- 460) The Old Manor House: ST 945408: A 'Saxon' pottery sherd was found during an evaluation excavation in 1993. (SMR ST94SW401).

**UPTON SCUDAMORE:**

- 461) SW of the church: ST 864476: A fragment of a ?Saxon decorated comb. (SMR ST84NE550).
- 462) Near Upton Scudamore: ST 8743: A C11 copper-alloy belt-, casket- or book-hasps. (PAS WILT-7B9874).
- 463) St Mary's Church: ST 865477: The nave is considered by Pevsner to possess long- and-short quoins of C11 date. (Pevsner and Cherry 1975, 543).

**URCHFONT:**

- 464) Urchfont: (unlocated): A spearhead. (SMR SU05NWU13).
- 465) Oakfrith Wood: SU 028651: A single organic-tempered pottery sherd was found during fieldwalking in 2001. (WAM 96, 236).



**WANBOROUGH:**

- 466) Callas Hill: SU 215830: A skeleton with an iron spearhead and an iron knife was found in 1927. (SMR SU28SW401; WAM 44, 91, 244; VCH 1(1), 118; Meaney 1964, 267; Eagles 2001, 212).
- 467) N of Foxhill Stud: SU 224820: An inhumation cemetery of 6-8 graves was excavated in 1941. Grave goods included a globular pot, a buckle, a knife, a sword, a shield-boss and a split-socketed spearhead. (SMR SU28SW402; WAM 49, 542-3; VCH 1(1), 118; Meaney 1964, 268; Eagles 2001, 212).
- 468) Upper Wanborough: SU 208827: Sherds of 'Saxon' pottery. (SMR SU28SW405).
- 469) Callas Hill: SU 215831: A C6 button brooch and a ?C11 flat five-sided mount of Williams' Class A Type 12. (SMR SU28SW409; WAM 85, 66; Williams 1997, 73).
- 470) Wanborough: (unlocated): A square-headed brooch with a downward-biting animal design and two saucer brooches with animal ornament and three-forked centres. They may come from the Foxhill cemetery site. (SMR SU28SWU09; VCH 1(1), 118).
- 471) N of Callas Hill: SU 216833: A burial lying E/W is recorded cut into the debris of a Romano-British villa. (WAM 70/1, 136).
- 472) Fox Hill: SU 236818: A saucer brooch. (WAM 72/3, 207).
- 473) Wanborough: (unlocated): A sceat of ?Series E was found in c.1987. (WAM 83, 205-6).

**WARMINSTER:**

- 474) King Barrow, Boreham: ST 897444: Three intrusive interments, one with an iron two-edged sword, are recorded in a Neolithic long barrow. (SMR ST84SE400; WAM 46, 166, 174; VCH 1(1), 118, 145; Meaney 1964, 269; Eagles 2001, 209).
- 475) Battlesbury Camp: ST 898456: Three iron seaxes. (SMR ST84NE400; WAM 52, 218; VCH 1(1), 118; Meaney 1964, 265).
- 476) Boreham: ST 894443: 'Saxon' pottery sherds were found during fieldwalking. (SMR ST84SE401).

- 477) Cold Harbour: ST 868455: A 'Late Saxon' chapel is referred to in C18 manuscripts. There are reports of finds of bones, coffins and stone foundations. (SMR ST84NE401).
- 478) Emwell Street: ST 870451: Excavations in 1979 revealed occupation and industrial deposits extending back to the C11, when the site was most likely a back street to the urban core of the developing Late Saxon town. A few sherds of Cheddar E pottery were found and there was evidence for metalworking. (SMR ST84NE402; Smith 1997).
- 479) Warminster: (unlocated): A 'London-style' C7 gold tremissis was sent to the British Museum for identification in c.1870. There is a chance that it came from the grounds of Boreham Manor. (SMR ST84SEU07; VCH 1(1), 119; WAM 83, 206).
- 480) Warminster: (unlocated): A ?C11 mount of Williams' Class A Type 11A. (Williams 1997, 65).

#### **WESTBURY:**

- 481) Wellhead: ST 872503: 89 sherds of organic-tempered pottery were found during excavations headed by Colonel Shaw. These included 15 rims, representing 12 different vessels, and 17 basal fragments, of which one was a highly unusual pedestal base. The Wellhead site is known as a prosperous Romano-British settlement with evidence for industrial activity. Some Neolithic, Bronze Age and Iron Age pottery also suggests earlier occupation near by. The question of settlement continuity was picked up by Fowler and Musty in 1964, who attempted but failed to establish a stratigraphic relationship between the organic-tempered pottery and the Romano-British occupation layers in a trial excavation. More recent investigations at the Wellhead site have yielded organic-tempered pottery scattered over a wide area. A bone pin, a bead fragment, a spindle whorl and half a loomweight may also be Anglo-Saxon in date. (SMR ST85SE400; WAM 60, 138; WAM 61, 32-4, 36; WAM 84, 51; Eagles 2001, 210).
- 482) Westbury: (unlocated): A coin of Cuthred of Wessex (740-756) was found in 1865. (SMR ST85SEU05; WAM 72/3, 196).

- 483) White Horse: ST 896517: A penny of Archbishop Wulfred dating from before 823 and by the moneyer Seaberht. (BNJ 57, 134).

### **WEST KNOYLE:**

- 484) NNE of Old Willoughby Hedge: ST 863337: A C7 primary inhumation in a bowl barrow with grave goods of a spearhead, a knife and a 'sugar-loaf' shield-boss. (SMR ST83SE402; VCH 1(1), 119, 195; Meaney 1964, 270; Geake 1997, 188; Eagles 2001, 219).
- 485) West Knoyle: (unlocated): A ?C11 convex narrow 'key-hole' mount of Williams' Class A. (WAM 85, 68; Williams 1997, 84).

### **WEST OVERTON:**

- 486) Overton Hill: SU 119683: An intrusive ?C6 interment in a round barrow (Grinsell's No. 6) was excavated in 1962 by Smith and Simpson. It was once considered to be Bronze Age in date, but is now known to have been constructed in the Roman period, probably during the C2. Finds include organic-tempered pottery, an iron stud (probably from a shield) and a fragment of a human atlas bone. (SMR SU16NW400; WAM 59, 68-85; WAM 80, 103-119; VCH 1(1), 195; Fowler 2000a, 53; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 176-8, 229-30).
- 487) Overton Hill: SU 119683: Intrusive ?C6 interments in a round barrow (Grinsell's No. 6a) were excavated in 1962 by Smith and Simpson. The barrow was once considered to be Bronze Age in date, but is now known to have been constructed in the Romano-British period, probably during the C2. Finds include organic-tempered pottery, an iron bar with a decorated terminal (perhaps a latch-lifter) and an iron buckle. (SMR SU16NW401; WAM 59, 68-85; WAM 80, 103-119; VCH 1(1), 195; Fowler 2000a, 53; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 176-8, 229-30).
- 488) Overton Hill: SU 119683: Intrusive ?C6 interments in a round barrow (Grinsell's No. 7) were excavated in 1962 by Smith and Simpson. The barrow was once considered to be Bronze Age in date, but is now known to have been constructed in the Romano-British period, probably during the C2. A child's skeleton was found cut into the barrow ditch. Finds include organic-tempered pottery, part of a human skull and an

- iron knife. (SMR SU16NW402; WAM 59, 68-85; WAM 80, 103-119; VCH 1(1), 195; Fowler 2000a, 53; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 176-8, 229-30).
- 489) Overton Hill: SU 119683: Four intrusive inhumations were found in a Bronze Age round barrow. Burials I and II lay on the SW side of the mound, whilst Burials III and IV lay at the summit. Organic-tempered pottery was present in the barrow. Burial I was a C6 'warrior', accompanied by a spear, a shield-boss, a knife and an iron ring. Burial II was a child of indeterminate sex with no grave goods. Burial III was another C6 'warrior' furnished with a shield edged with bronze clips, an iron buckle and an iron knife. Burial IV was a female accompanied by ten amber beads, a bronze ring, part of a bronze necklace and a bronze penannular brooch. Eagles has dated this burial to the C5 on the grounds that the brooch may be Late Roman in date. Pollard and Reynolds, however, consider all four burials to belong to the C6. (SMR SU16NW403; WAM 58, 467; WAM 61, 29; WAM 80, 106, 110; VCH 1(1), 195; Eagles 1997, 383; Eagles 2001, 212; Fowler 2000a, 53; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 178, 229-31).
- 490) N of Hill Barn: SU 127667: An iron spearhead was found during deep ploughing. (SMR SU16NW407; WAM 69, 186; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 210-11).
- 491) Pickledean Down: SU 130698: An earthwork enclosure to the north of Down Barn has been assigned an Early or Middle Saxon date by Fowler, who suggests that it may be the 'missing' Hackpen sheep-cote. Pollard and Reynolds, however, believe that a Late Roman date is more likely, given that the enclosure overlies a deposit containing C1-C2 material. (SMR SU16NW412; WAM 58, 103, 348-50; WAM 61, 36; Fowler 2000a, 99, 230; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 216).
- 492) Pound Field Barrow: SU 134682: A featureless organic-tempered pottery sherd found in the upper layer of the ditch of a Bronze Age round barrow is believed to be Anglo-Saxon in date, although an Iron Age origin cannot be ruled out. (SMR SU16NW414; Powell *et al.* 1996, 63; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 211).
- 493) 'Headlands': SU 125683: Aerial photography has revealed a complex of earthwork and cropmark features on the former estate boundary between East and West Overton. Included within this complex are an Early Iron Age enclosed settlement and a probable Romano-British villa complex. There are also four rectilinear features,

which are interpreted by Fowler as timber 'halls' of C5-C7 date. Pollard and Reynolds agree with Fowler's interpretation, commenting that the structures, which are about 10m x 20m each, fit well with the tradition of Early and Middle Saxon buildings. Furthermore, they also draw parallels between the arrangement of the buildings here and the arrangement of those at Cowage Farm in Norton parish (see above). (Fowler 2000a, 60, 230; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 216).

#### **WHITEPARISH:**

- 494) Whiteparish: SU 264251: A coin of Cnut, struck in London between 1030 and 1036. (SMR SU22NE401).

#### **WILCOT:**

- 495) Wilcot: SU 138640: A sceat of 'Southampton' type depicting an image of Woden on one side and a bird on the other. (SMR SU16SW405; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 212).

#### **WILSFORD:**

- 496) Ell Barrow: SU 073513: An intrusive interment in a Neolithic long barrow. The skull has a wound, which has been interpreted as a sword cut. (SMR SU05SE400; *Archaeologia* 42, 196; VCH 1(1), 122; Meaney 1964, 267).

#### **WILSFORD cum LAKE:**

- 497) St Michael's Church: SU 135398: A ?Saxon two-ended bone point was found in a cobb wall. (SMR SU13NW400).
- 498) Normanton Down: SU 112413: A spearhead. (SMR SU14SW401; WAM 84, 149).
- 499) Normanton: SU 114410: A Neolithic long barrow, excavated before 1812 by Cunnington, was found to have a secondary inhumation near the surface. It may only possibly be Anglo-Saxon in date. (VCH 1(1), 123, 145; Meaney 1964, 270).
- 500) Lake Field: SU 120395: Stukeley in 1763 reported a find of a spearhead, helmet and dagger from near the surface of a round barrow. (Meaney 1964, 270).

- 501) Wilsford: (unlocated): A C5/C6 Swanton's Type H2 spearhead with the tip missing. It may be from the site of a round barrow (Wilsford 2b). (SMR SU14SWU58).
- 502) Lake: SU 137388: A C5-6 unaccompanied inhumation burial with a wooden 'cover' was found in a watery context on the edge of the River Avon in 1996. (WAM 96, 7-18).

### WILTON:

- 503) South Street: SU 096312: Late Saxon pottery sherds were recovered during evaluation excavations in 1995. Further sherds were recovered in 1997, representing six fabrics of mid-C9 to C12 date. Two organic-tempered sherds recovered may be either Saxon or Early Iron Age in date. (SMR SU03SE400; WAM 90, 159; WAM 93, 181-204).
- 504) Kingsbury Square: SU 098311: The Wilton hanging-bowl, dating to c.450, was found in 1860. (SU03SE401; WAM 46, 441-4; WAM 91, 35-41; VCH 1(1), 123; Meaney 1964, 277; Eagles 2001, 209).
- 505) St John's Square: SU 094314: A Late Saxon bank and a wet ditch were excavated in 1970. A sherd of Saxon pottery was found during a 1993 evaluation. A further 1997 excavation confirmed the bank and ditch (part of the Saxon *burh* defences) and revealed post-holes, dated to between the C5 and C8, forming a fence or palisade. (SMR SU03SE406; WAM 66, 191; WAM 91, 181-204).
- 506) Wilton: (unlocated): Two silver pennies of Ethelred II and Edward the Confessor from the unlocated Wilton mint. (SMR SU03SEU06).

### WINTERBOURNE:

- 507) Winterbourne Gunner: SU 182352: A large inhumation cemetery with 72 known burials, ranging in date from the C5 to the C8. Of C5 date is the 'Frankish warrior' burial (Grave VI), which contained a throwing axe (a *francisca*) and a strap-end with distinctive animal ornament. Two stamped pottery sherds, typically dated to the C6, were found in the fill of this burial. They cannot, however, be used to date the burial itself. C6 finds include a perforated spoon in Grave VII and an 'Anglian' small-long

- brooch. (SMR SU13NE400; WAM 58, 36; WAM 59, 86-109; WAM 61, 28, 36; WAM 87, 157; Meaney 1964, 278; Eagles 1994, 13-15; Eagles 2001, 206, 218).
- 508) NE of Winterbourne Gunner church: SU 180353: A penny of Ethelred II of First Hand type minted in Winchester. (SMR SU13NE402; WAM 83, 229).
- 509) N of Winterbourne Gunner church: SU 181355: A few organic-tempered pottery sherds were found, together with Romano-British sherds, during the excavation of medieval settlement earthworks. Eagles speculates that this might indicate the site of the Saxon settlement associated with the inhumation cemetery, which lies only 400m to the S. (WAM 61, 108; Eagles 2001, 206).
- 510) Winterbourne Gunner: (unlocated): A ?C11 mount of Williams' Class A Type 8. (Williams 1997, 47).

#### **WINTERBOURNE BASSETT:**

- 511) SE of Drock Piece: SU 118741: A strap-end. (SMR SU17SW403; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 211).
- 512) E of Winterbourne Bassett: SU 105749: A buckle. (SMR SU17SW404; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 211).
- 513) S of Winterbourne Bassett: SU 103744: A buckle. (SMR SU17SW405; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 211).
- 514) Winterbourne Bassett: (unlocated): A sceat of Series H Type 39 was found in 1990. (BNJ 60, 159).
- 515) Winterbourne Bassett: (unlocated): A penny of Edward the Confessor of Trefoil Quadrilateral type minted in Winchester by the moneyer Eadwine was found in 1995. (Metcalf 1998, 270).

#### **WINTERBOURNE MONKTON:**

- 516) W of East Farm: SU 098712: An organic-tempered pottery sherd. (SMR SU07SE402; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 211).

**WINTERBOURNE STOKE:**

- 517) NE of Longbarrow Crossroads: SU 104421: A glass bead with a blue and white spiral pattern was found intrusive in a Bronze Age bowl-barrow. (SMR SU14SW400; VCH 1(1), 127; Meaney 1964, 278).
- 518) Winterbourne Stoke West Barrow Group: SU 076420: An intrusive inhumation in a Bronze Age disc-barrow was accompanied by an iron knife. (SMR SU04SE401; VCH 1(1), 127, 221; Meaney 1964, 278).
- 519) NE of Longbarrow Crossroads: SU 101416: Five intrusive inhumations were found before 1812 near the surface of a Bronze Age bell-barrow. They may only possibly be Anglo-Saxon in date. (WAM 61, 29; VCH 1(1), 127; Meaney 1964, 278).
- 520) Manor Farm: (unlocated): A sherd of 'Saxon' pottery. (WAM 87, 149).
- 521) Winterbourne Stoke: (unlocated): An incomplete copper alloy Middle/Late Saxon hooked tag, decorated with random punch-and-dot decoration was found in 1993. (PAS WILT-E7DE93).

**WINTERSLOW:**

- 522) Winterslow Firs: SU 223346: A spearhead. (SMR SU23SW400).
- 523) Roche Court Down: SU 250357: A cemetery was excavated in 1930. 18 skeletons were found, of which nine were decapitated and four had their wrists bound behind their backs. All were buried in a ditch. 17 of the skeletons are likely to be C5-6 in date, whilst the eighteenth may date from the Bronze Age. (SMR SU23NE400; WAM 45, 568-99; WAM 46, 157; WAM 59, 86; VCH 1(1), 128; Meaney 1964, 272).
- 524) Roche Court Down: SU 251357: A C6-C7 cemetery with 13 graves and 16 skeletons was excavated in 1930-1. Two burials had iron knives of C6 type. (SMR SU23NE401; WAM 45, 568-99; WAM 46, 156-7; WAM 59, 86; VCH 1(1), 128; Meaney 1964, 273; Geake 1997, 187).
- 525) Roche Court Down: SU 252357: A primary inhumation in a round barrow was excavated in 1931. The skeleton was accompanied by a single-edged knife with the remains of a leather sheath, two pieces of a small iron object and the leg bone of a sheep. (WAM 45, 568-99; VCH 1(1), 127, 203, 243; Meaney 1964, 273; Geake 1997, 187).



- 526) SE of The Pheasant Inn: SU 234348: A skeleton with a circular bronze brooch and a scabbard. (SMR SU23SW401; WAM 46, 157, 170; VCH 1(1), 128; Meaney 1964, 278).
- 527) Winterslow: (unlocated): A coin of Offa. (SMR SU23SWU05; WAM 2, 32).
- 528) Winterslow: (unlocated): A hoard of Saxon and medieval coins was reported by Canon Jackson in the C19. (SMR SU23SWU07; WAM 64, 66).

#### **WOODFORD:**

- 529) Between Upper Woodford and Lake: (unlocated): A split-socketed iron spearhead was found in 1863. (SMR SU13NWU09; WAM 46, 174; VCH 1(1), 128).

#### **WOOTTON BASSETT:**

- 530) Vastern Farm: SU 052813: A glass bead. (SMR SU08SE400; VCH 1(1), 128).
- 531) Wootton Bassett: (unlocated): A Mercian sceat of Series K Type 42 was found in c.1850. (SMR SU08SEU02; WAM 78, 133; WAM 83, 205).

#### **WOOTTON RIVERS:**

- 532) W of Lady Margaret Farm: SU 189631: A Late Saxon or Early Norman stirrup-mount with animal's head decoration. (SMR SU16SE404).

#### **WORTON:**

- 533) S of the church: ST 970572: A saucer brooch. (SMR ST95NE401).

#### **WROUGHTON:**

- 534) Barbury Castle: SU 150763: A scramasax of C6-C7 date, an iron spearhead and knives were found, seemingly not associated with a burial deposit. No human remains have been found. Barbury Castle is believed to be the site of the Battle of *Barenburh* in AD 556, which is recorded in the Anglo-Saxon Chronicle. (SMR SU17NE400; WAM 46, 174; VCH 1(1), 94; Meaney 1964, 265; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 212).

- 535) Harry Garrett Court: SU 147804: Two small organic-tempered pottery sherds. (SMR SU18SW400).
- 536) Snapps Close: SU 149800: Three organic-tempered pottery sherds, including one rim-sherd. (SMR SU18SW401).
- 537) Uffcot Down: SU 143765: A C8 decorated bronze strap-end. (SMR SU17NW401; WAM 70/1, 136; Pollard and Reynolds 2002, 212).
- 538) Roberts Close: SU 148803: Four organic-tempered pottery sherds were found in the 1980s. (SMR SU18SW402).
- 539) Falkirk Road: SU 143814: An organic-tempered pottery sherd. (SMR SU18SW403).
- 540) Church Hill: SU 139802: Four organic-tempered pottery sherds were found in the 1980s. (SMR SU18SW404).
- 541) Clyde Cottages: SU 149818: Four organic-tempered pottery sherds, including one rim-sherd. (SMR SU18SW405).
- 542) 3 Greens Lane: SU 150802: A chalk-tempered pottery sherd was found in the 1980s. (SMR SU18SE408).
- 543) Wanchet Field: SU 153804: A number of organic-tempered pottery sherds were found in the 1980s and in 1991. (SMR SU18SE409).
- 544) Brimble Hill: SU 155802: Excavations in 2000, following metal detector finds, revealed two late C6 burials in a ploughed field. One grave contained the remains of a child, who was associated with a pair of large gilded saucer brooches and two beads of amber and glass. The second burial yielded an elderly adult male, accompanied by a sword, two spears, a shield boss and two buckles. (WAM 95, 291).

#### **WYLYE:**

- 545) Fisherton de la Mere House: SU 000385: A bun-shaped spindle whorl of pinkish limestone. (SMR SU03NW400).

#### **‘WILTSHIRE’:**

- 546) ‘North Wiltshire, near Wilts./Berks. border’: (unlocated): A sceat of Series E was found in 1993. (BNJ 68, 169).

- 547) 'North Wiltshire, near Wilts./Berks. Border': (unlocated, but same findspot as coin above): A cut halfpenny of Ethelred II of Last Small Cross type was found in 1993. (BNJ 66, 229).
- 548) 'Salisbury Plain': (unlocated): A Danish coin of Magnus the Good, 1042-7, was found in 1957. (Metcalf 1998, 266).
- 549) 'Wiltshire': (unlocated): A tongue from a ?C7 cast tinned copper alloy shield-on-tongue buckle. (PAS HAMP3368).
- 550) 'Swindon area': (unlocated): A sceat of Series J Type 72. (BNJ 60, 159).
- 551) 'Ridgeway, near Swindon': (unlocated): A sceat of Series N Type 41. (BNJ 61, 151).
- 552) 'Swindon area': (unlocated): A sceat of Series M Type 45 was found in 1987. (BNJ 57, 132).
- 553) 'Swindon area': (unlocated): A penny of Edward the Confessor of Expanding Cross type minted in London by the moneyer Spræcling. (BNJ 56, 95).
- 554) 'Swindon area': (unlocated): A cut halfpenny of Ethelred II of Last Small Cross type minted in Winchester by the moneyer Wulfnoth was found in 1993. (Metcalf 1998, 267).

Indicator	Place-name	Parish	Location	Roman Features
<i>Hām</i>	Tottenham	Great Bedwyn	SU 247638	Villa site with pottery kilns. SMR SU26SW302; [1:87]
	Upham	Aldbourn	SU 228770	Villa site inferred from baths. SMR SU27NW302; [1:42]
'Black'	Black Furlong	Teffont	ST 990310	Cemetery with 30+ burials. SMR ST93SE301
	Black Field	Mildenhall	SU 217694	Site of <i>Cunetio</i> small town. SMR SU26NW300; [1:4]
	Blackland	Potterne	SU 000597	Coins, pottery and roof tiles. SMR ST95NE307; [1:210]
	Black Acre	Corsham	ST 860698	Coffin burial and pottery. SMR ST86NE300
	Black Furlong	Calne Without	SU 019682	Temple site with many finds. SMR SU06NW324; [1:257]
<i>Ceastel</i>	Chessells	Broughton Gifford	ST 895638	Pottery and roof tiles found by author. SMR informed.
	Cold Castle	Upton Scudamore	ST 862483	Extensive settlement. SMR ST84NE309; [1:38]
	Castle Copse	Great Bedwyn	SU 283629	Large courtyard villa complex. SMR SU26SE304; [1:88]
	Castle Barn	Wilcot	SU 142622	Villa complex close by. SMR SU16SW307; [1:120]
	Castle Ground	Froxfield	SU 276699	Villa site relocated in 1976. SMR SU26NE303; [1:84]
<i>Stān</i>	Stanton Park	Stanton St Quintin	ST 898795	Villa and associated settlement. SMR ST87NE300 & 303; [1:109 & 219]
	Stanton Park	Stanton Fitzwarren	SU 174902	Villa and associated settlement. SMR SU19SE300 & 326; [1:108 & 218]
'Church'	Churches	Bradford-on-Avon	ST 818614	Extensive villa complex. SMR ST86SW309; [1:55]
	Church Pits	Orcheston	ST 073482	Large linear village settlement. SMR SU04NE300; [1:32]
	Church Ditches	Upavon	SU 088519	Rectilinear enclosure – temple? SMR SU15SW314
<i>Crocc</i>	Crockford	Winsley/ Limpley Stoke	ST 783611	Roman masonry exposed. SMR ST76SE301; [1:197]
	Crockley	South Wraxall	ST 839656	Settlement cropmarks near by. SMR ST86NW619.
<i>Flōre</i>	Hoolyflower	West Dean	SU 257271	Villa complex with mosaic. SMR SU22NE300; [1:117]
<i>Cinder</i>	Cinderhill	Nettleton	ST 795787	Settlement with cemetery. SMR ST77NE300; [1:206]

Table 1: Romano-British archaeological associations of various 'indicator' names in Wiltshire, with reference to Sites and Monuments Record data and settlements listed in Appendix 1.

Parish	Place	Date	Coins			Latest Coin	Reference
			Br	S	G		
All Cannings	(All Cannings)	1995	33	0	0	[375-378]	Moorhead 1997b
Amesbury	Long's Farm	1843	✓	✓	0	Theodosius I (379-395)	Robertson 2000 No. 1463
Amesbury	Boscombe Down	1990	0	1	8	Arcadius (383-408)	Robertson 2000 No. 1498A
Avebury	West Kennett Long Barrow	Before 1962	6	0	0	Valentinian II (375-392)	Robertson 2000 No. 1458
Barford St Martin	Hamshill Ditches	Before 1960	9	0	0	Valentinian I (364-375)	Robertson 2000 No. 1376
Bishops Cannings	Blagan Hill	1992	5837	1569C	1	Honorius (395-423)	Guest <i>et al.</i> 1997
Bishopstone (N)	Hinton Down	1990	0	8C	0	Arcadius (383-408)	Robertson 2000 No. 1498B
Bromham	(Bromham)	1981	0	416	0	Gratian (367-383)	Robertson 2000 No. 1426
Colerne	(Colerne)	1941	0	200C	0	Honorius (395-423)	Robertson 2000 No. 1596
Easterton	(Easterton)	Before 1866	90	0	0	Magnentius (350-353)	Robertson 2000 No. 1337
Great Wishford	Grovely Wood/ Ebsbury	1906	0	300	0	Arcadius (383-408)	Robertson 2000 No. 1597
Great Wishford	Grovely Wood/ Ebsbury	1906	954	0	0	Honorius (395-423)	Robertson 2000 No. 1598
Little Bedwyn	Chisbury	1981	99	0	0	[388-402]	Robertson 2000 No. 1512
Mildenhall	<i>Cunetio</i>	1912	c. 88	c. 13	0	[364-375/8]	Robertson 2000 No. 1369A
Nettleton	Nettleton Shrub	1960	54	0	0	[c. 353-355]	Robertson 2000 No. 1338
Nettleton	Nettleton Shrub	c. 1960	131	0	0	[378-383]	Robertson 2000 No. 1427
Preshute	Manton Down	1883	✓	26C	0	Honorius (395-423)	Robertson 2000 No. 1599
Rushall	Church Ditches	1862	10+	0	0	Valens (364-378)	Robertson 2000 No. 1401
Swindon	(Swindon)	Before 1868	76	0	0	Valens (364-378)	Robertson 2000 No. 1402
Wilcot	Stanchester	2000	0	1199	3	Honorius (395-423)	Abdy 2000

Table 2: Roman coin hoards from Wiltshire with coins minted after AD 350.  
(Br = bronze, S = silver, G = gold, C = some coins are 'clipped').

Place-name element <sup>1</sup>	Total <sup>2</sup>	Medieval settlements <sup>3</sup>	Pre-1086 reference <sup>4</sup>	Domesday reference <sup>5</sup>	First on record after 1086 <sup>6</sup>	Historic parish status <sup>7</sup>
<i>Tūn, lngtūn</i> – ‘farm’	190	190	34 (18%) <b>4th</b>	90 (47%) <b>3rd</b>	88 (46%) <b>6th</b>	97 (51%) <b>2nd</b>
<i>Cot</i> – ‘cottages’	45	45	5 (11%) <b>5th</b>	13 (29%) <b>6th</b>	28 (62%) <b>4th</b>	2 (4%) <b>6th</b>
<i>Wīc</i> – ‘farm’	43	43	0 (0%) <b>7th=</b>	2 (5%) <b>7th</b>	41 (95%) <b>2nd</b>	0 (0%) <b>7th=</b>
<i>Burh</i> – ‘fortified place’	54	30	10 (33%) <b>1st</b>	18 (64%) <b>1st=</b>	11 (37%) <b>7th</b>	13 (43%) <b>3rd</b>
<i>Worth</i> – ‘farm, enclosure’	16	16	5 (31%) <b>2nd</b>	7 (44%) <b>4th</b>	8 (50%) <b>5th</b>	6 (38%) <b>4th</b>
<i>Hāmtūn</i> – ‘home farm’	15	15	1 (7%) <b>6th</b>	5 (33%) <b>5th</b>	10 (67%) <b>3rd</b>	1 (7%) <b>5th</b>
<i>Throp</i> – ‘dependent farm’	10	10	0 (0%) <b>7th=</b>	0 (0%) <b>8th</b>	10 (100%) <b>1st</b>	0 (0%) <b>7th=</b>
<i>Stoc</i> – ‘dependent farm’	10	10	3 (30%) <b>3rd</b>	6 (60%) <b>1st=</b>	3 (30%) <b>8th</b>	6 (60%) <b>1st</b>

Table 3: Old English ‘habitative’ elements in Wiltshire settlement-names.

<sup>1</sup> Only those elements appearing in five or more Wiltshire place-names recorded before 1600 are included. All names are taken from Gover *et al.* 1939.

<sup>2</sup> The total number of occurrences in Gover *et al.* 1939.

<sup>3</sup> The number of examples judged by the author to have been medieval settlements. This is obviously subjective, but I have aimed to rule out those place-names that appear to refer only to topographical features.

<sup>4</sup> The number of examples recorded in pre-1086 charters and other documentary sources. This figure is given in absolute terms and as a percentage (of those that are medieval settlements). The ranking of the element according to percentage follows in bold.

<sup>5</sup> The number of examples recorded in the Domesday Survey as manors. See note 4 for explanation of values.

<sup>6</sup> The number of examples that are first mentioned in documents post-dating the Domesday Survey of 1086. See note 4 for explanation of values.

<sup>7</sup> The number of examples that once had parish churches. See note 4 for explanation of values.

Place-name element <sup>1</sup>	Total <sup>2</sup>	Medieval settlements <sup>3</sup>	Pre-1086 reference <sup>4</sup>	Domesday reference <sup>5</sup>	First record after 1086 <sup>6</sup>	Historic parish status <sup>7</sup>
<i>Lēah</i> – ‘wood, clearing’	101	48	11 (23%) <b>12th</b>	11 (23%) <b>14th</b>	32 (67%) <b>1st</b>	15 (31%) <b>12th</b>
<i>Ford</i> – ‘ford’	52	33	14 (42%) <b>5th=</b>	23 (70%) <b>5th</b>	7 (21%) <b>9th=</b>	23 (70%) <b>3rd</b>
<i>Hamn</i> – ‘river meadow’	46 <sup>8</sup>	23	8 (35%) <b>8th</b>	11 (48%) <b>12th</b>	9 (39%) <b>5th</b>	12 (52%) <b>6th</b>
<i>Dūn</i> – ‘hill’	54	19	7 (37%) <b>7th</b>	8 (42%) <b>13th</b>	8 (42%) <b>3rd</b>	11 (58%) <b>5th</b>
<i>Burna</i> – ‘stream’	27	11	7 (64%) <b>2nd</b>	8 (73%) <b>4th</b>	1 (9%) <b>12th</b>	9 (82%) <b>2nd</b>
<i>Cumb</i> – ‘broad valley’	63	14	1 (7%) <b>14th</b>	11 (79%) <b>3rd</b>	3 (21%) <b>9th=</b>	7 (50%) <b>7th=</b>
<i>Denu</i> – ‘narrow valley’	35	12	5 (42%) <b>5th =</b>	8 (67%) <b>6th=</b>	4 (33%) <b>7th</b>	4 (33%) <b>9th=</b>
<i>Halh</i> – ‘corner of land’	14	8	2 (25%) <b>11th</b>	5 (63%) <b>8th</b>	2 (25%) <b>8th</b>	4 (50%) <b>7th=</b>
<i>Wudu</i> – ‘wood’	58	8	4 (50%) <b>4th</b>	4 (50%) <b>10th=</b>	3 (38%) <b>6th</b>	5 (63%) <b>4th</b>
<i>Ēg</i> – ‘island in marsh’	9	6	5 (83%) <b>1st</b>	4 (67%) <b>6th=</b>	0 (0%) <b>13th=</b>	5 (83%) <b>1st</b>
<i>Feld</i> – ‘open land’	27	7	4 (57%) <b>3rd</b>	6 (86%) <b>1st</b>	0 (0%) <b>13th=</b>	2 (29%) <b>13th</b>
<i>Wella</i> – ‘spring, stream’	39	6	2 (33%) <b>9th=</b>	3 (50%) <b>10th=</b>	3 (50%) <b>2nd</b>	2 (33%) <b>9th=</b>
<i>Clif</i> – ‘slope’	14	6	2 (33%) <b>9th=</b>	5 (83%) <b>2nd</b>	1 (17%) <b>11th</b>	2 (33%) <b>9th=</b>
<i>Broc</i> – ‘stream’	32	5	1 (20%) <b>13th</b>	3 (60%) <b>9th</b>	2 (40%) <b>4th</b>	1 (20%) <b>14th</b>

Table 4: Old English ‘topographical’ elements in Wiltshire settlement-names.

<sup>1</sup> Only those elements appearing in five or more Wiltshire place-names recorded before 1600 are included. All names are taken from Gover *et al.* 1939.

<sup>2</sup> The total number of occurrences in Gover *et al.* 1939.

<sup>3</sup> The number of examples judged by the author to have been medieval settlements. This is obviously subjective, but I have aimed to rule out those place-names that appear to refer only to topographical features.

<sup>4</sup> The number of examples recorded in pre-1086 charters and other documentary sources. This figure is given in absolute terms and as a percentage (of those that are medieval settlements). The ranking of the element according to percentage follows in bold.

<sup>5</sup> The number of examples recorded in the Domesday Survey of 1086 as manors. See note 4 for explanation of values.

<sup>6</sup> The number of examples that are first mentioned in documents post-dating the Domesday Survey of 1086. See note 4 for explanation of values.

<sup>7</sup> The number of examples that once had parish churches. See note 4 for explanation of values.

<sup>8</sup> *This total includes those examples that may in fact be hām place-names, with the exception of Tockenham, Tottenham and Upham.*

Parish Church	Dedication	Distance from	Roman Remains
Alton Priors	All Saints	<100m	Box flue tiles in churchyard
Amesbury	Ss Mary & Melor	0m	Roman tiles in church walls
Box	St Thomas	100m	Large villa with 40+ rooms
Britford	St Peter	0m	Roman bricks in church walls
Cherhill	St James	0m	Villa with mosaic beneath church
Cricklade	St Mary	0m	Roman bricks in church walls
Fyfield	St Nicholas	<100m	Villa with mosaic
Maiden Bradley	All Saints	100m	Burial in lead coffin
Malmesbury	(Abbey)	100m	Building with hypocaust
Manningford Bruce	St Peter	<100m	Villa with mosaic in churchyard
Market Lavington	St Mary	100m	Building with high-status finds
Marlborough	St Mary	0m	Carving of Fortuna in church wall
Netheravon	All Saints	200m	Villa with baths
Old Sarum	(Cathedral)	200m	Walls and floor beneath castle?
Tockenham	St Giles	0m	Re-set altar in outer church wall
Tockenham	St Giles	200m	Villa with mosaic
Water Eaton	(Demolished)	0m	Column fragment used as font
West Dean	St Mary	100m	Villa with mosaic and baths
Winterbourne Gunner	St Mary	100m	Pottery concentration – building?
Winterslow	All Saints	100m	Building with high-status finds

Table 5: Wiltshire churches close to or incorporating Roman remains. (Based mainly on Sites and Monuments Record data).



Church	Dedication	DB <sup>1</sup>	Anglo-Saxon Fabric <sup>2</sup>	Other Evidence
Aldbourne	St Michael	Ch	-	-
Alderbury	St Mary	Ch & P	-	-
Alton Barnes	St Mary	-	2:19	-
Amesbury	Ss Mary & Mellor	Ch	2:26	Nunnery founded in c. 980
Avebury	St James	Ch	2:43	-
Bradford-on-Avon	St Lawrence	-	2:90	<i>Cenobium</i> in 1001 charter
Bremhill	St Martin	-	2:95	-
Britford	St Peter	Ch	2:97	-
Broad Chalke	All Saints	-	2:104	-
Brixton Deverill	St Michael	Ch	-	-
Bromham	St Nicholas	P	-	-
Burbage	All Saints	Ch	-	-
Burcombe	St John Baptist	-	2:118	-
Calne	St Mary	Ch	-	-
Chippenham	St Andrew	Ch	-	-
Chirton	St John Baptist	-	-	<i>Cirice-tun</i> place-name
Chiseldon	Holy Cross	-	2:147	-
Codford	St Peter	-	2:156	-
Colerne	St John Baptist	-	2:161	-
Collingbourne Ducis	St Andrew	Ch	-	-
Compton Bassett	St Swithun	-	2:170	-
Corsham	St Bartholomew	Ch	-	-
Cowage Farm	-	-	2:333	-
Cricklade	St Sampson	Ch	2:180	-
Crudwell	All Saints	-	2:186	-
Downton	St Lawrence	Ch	-	-
Enford	All Saints & St Margaret	P	-	-
Froxfield	All Saints	-	2:229	-
Great Bedwyn	St Mary	Ch	-	C10 book dedication
Hanging Langford	-	-	2:423	-
Hazelbury	-	Ch	-	-
Heytesbury	St Peter & St Paul	Ch	-	-
Highworth	St Michael	Ch	-	-
Inglesham	St John Baptist	-	2:257	-
Knook	St Margaret	-	2:271	-
Limpley Stoke	St Mary	-	2:290	-
Littleton Drew	All Saints	-	2:239	-
Ludgershall	St James	-	2:295	-
Malmesbury	(Abbey)	Ch	-	Monastery founded in C7
Melksham	St Michael	Ch	-	-
Mere	St Michael	-	2:317	-
Mildenhall	St James	-	2:324	-
Minety	St Leonard	-	2:330	-
Netheravon	All Saints	Ch	2:331	-
Ogbourne St Andrew	St Andrew	-	-	Saxon barrow burials in churchyard [2:341]
Pewsey	St John Baptist	Ch	2:353	-
Poulshot	St Peter	Ch <sup>3</sup>	-	-
Potterne	St Mary	-	2:357	-
Preshute	St George	Ch <sup>4</sup>	-	-
Ramsbury	Holy Cross	PP	2:364	Bishopric founded in 909
Rodbourne Cheney	St Mary	-	2:430	-
Rowde	St Matthew	P	-	-
Rushall	St Matthew	Ch	-	-
Sherston	Holy Cross	Ch	-	-

Church	Dedication	DB <sup>1</sup>	Anglo-Saxon Fabric <sup>2</sup>	Other Evidence
Sutton Mandeville	All Saints	-	-	Late Saxon burials [2:424]
Teffont Magna	St Edward	-	2:442	-
Tisbury	St John Baptist	-	-	Monastery recorded in C8
Trowbridge	-	-	2:453	-
Upavon	St Mary	Ch	-	-
Upton Scudamore	St Mary	-	2:463	-
Warminster	St Denys	-	-	<i>Mynster</i> place-name
Westbury	All Saints	Ch	-	-
West Overton	-	-	-	<i>Circstede</i> in C10 charter
Westport (Malmesbury)	-	-	2:302	-
Whitchurch (Malmesbury)	St James?	-	-	<i>Hwit-cirice</i> place-name
Whiteparish	All Saints	-	-	<i>Hwit-cirice</i> place-name
Wilcot	Holy Cross	Ch	-	-
Wilton	St Mary	Ch	-	Nunnery founded in C9
Winterbourne Stoke	St Peter	Ch	-	-
Wootton Rivers	St Andrew	ChCh	-	-

Table 6: Evidence for Anglo-Saxon and Domesday churches in Wiltshire.

<sup>1</sup> Reference to a church (Ch) or churches (ChCh) or a priest (P) or priests (PP) in Domesday Book.

<sup>2</sup> See relevant entries in Appendix 2.

<sup>3</sup> The church of Poulshot is listed as belonging to the manor of Corsham.

<sup>4</sup> Presbute is likely to be the Domesday church listed under Marlborough.

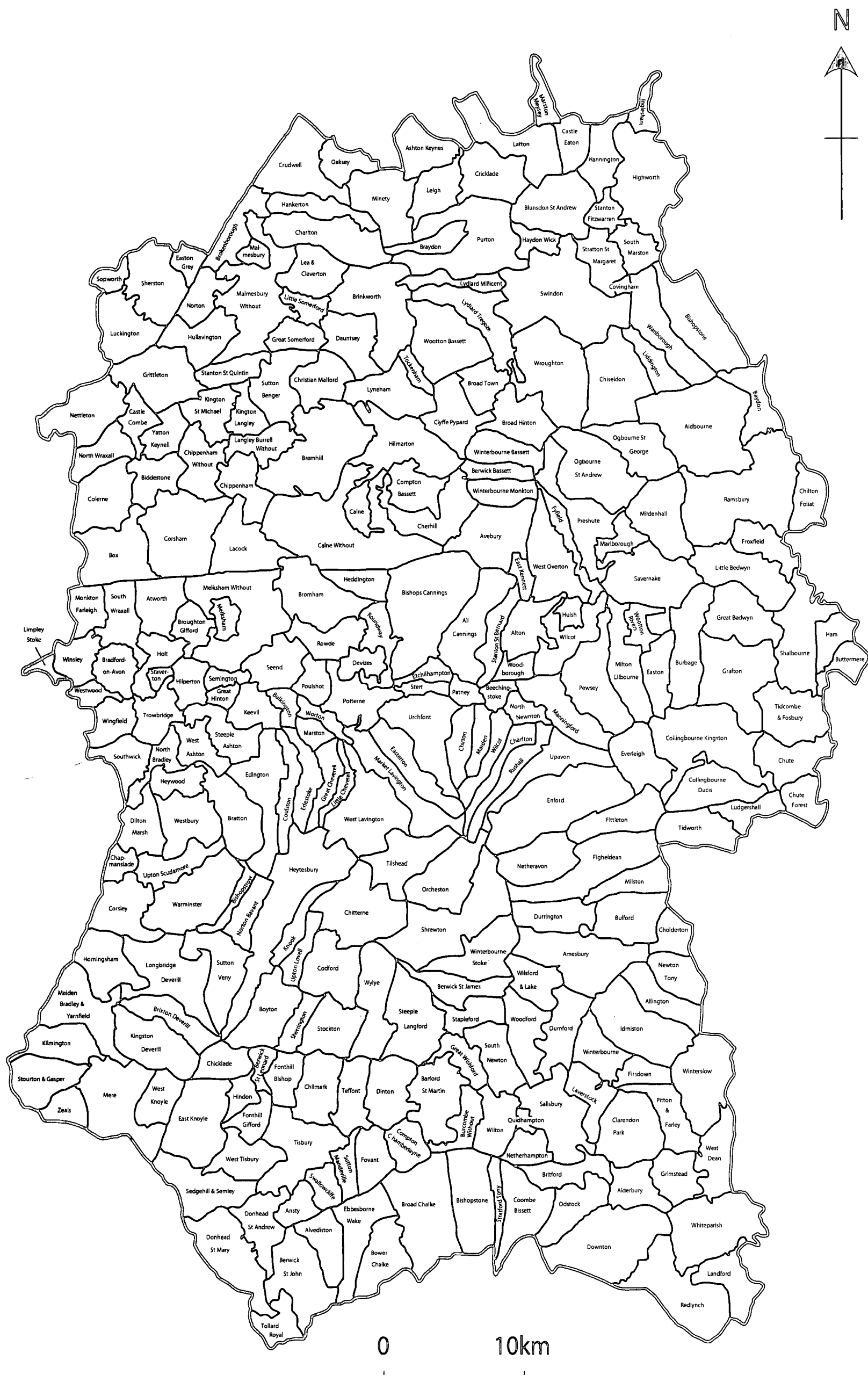
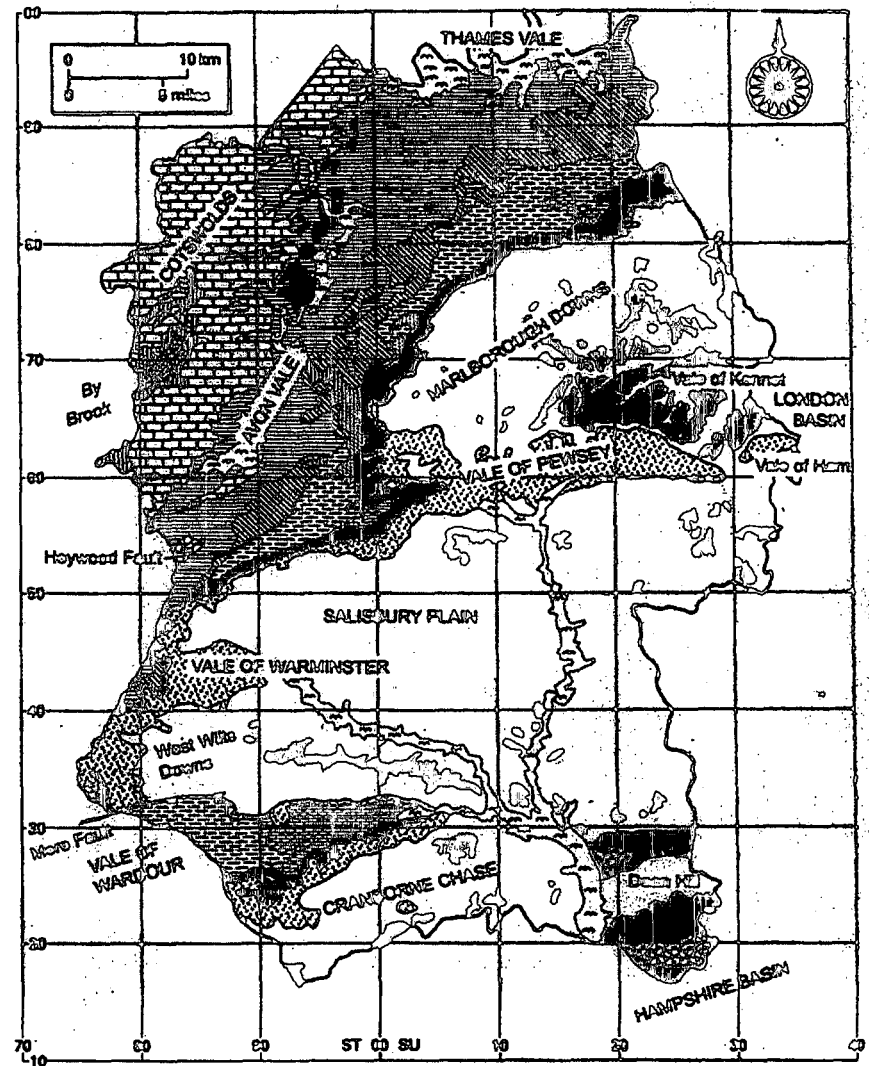
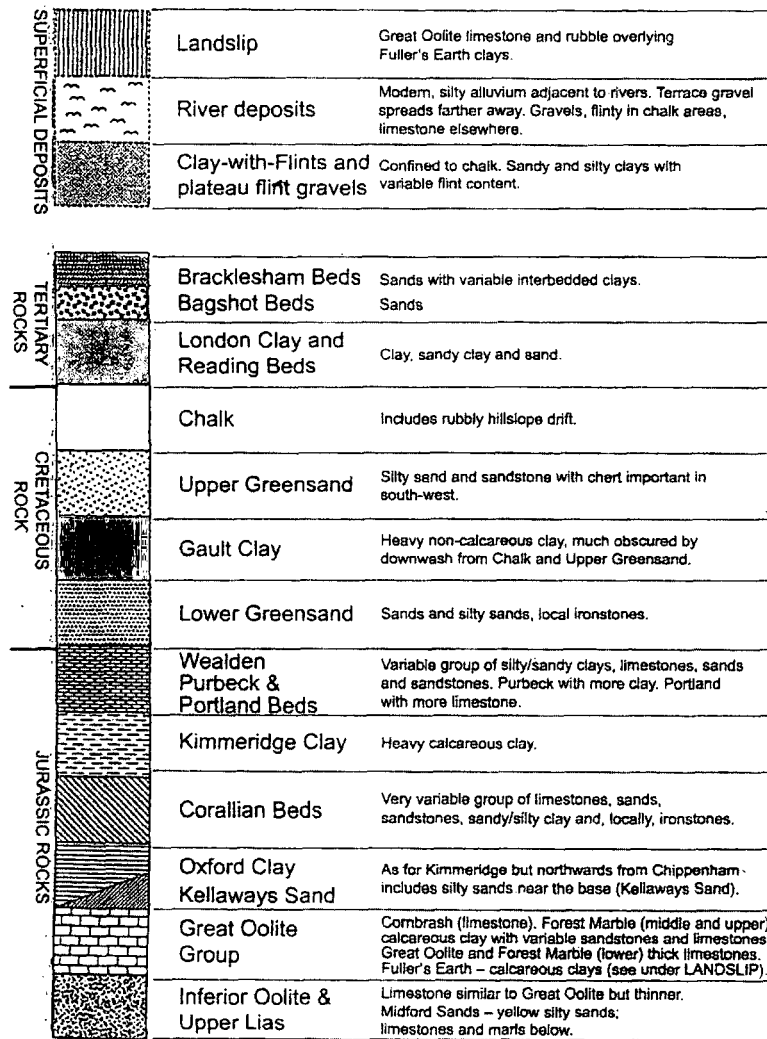
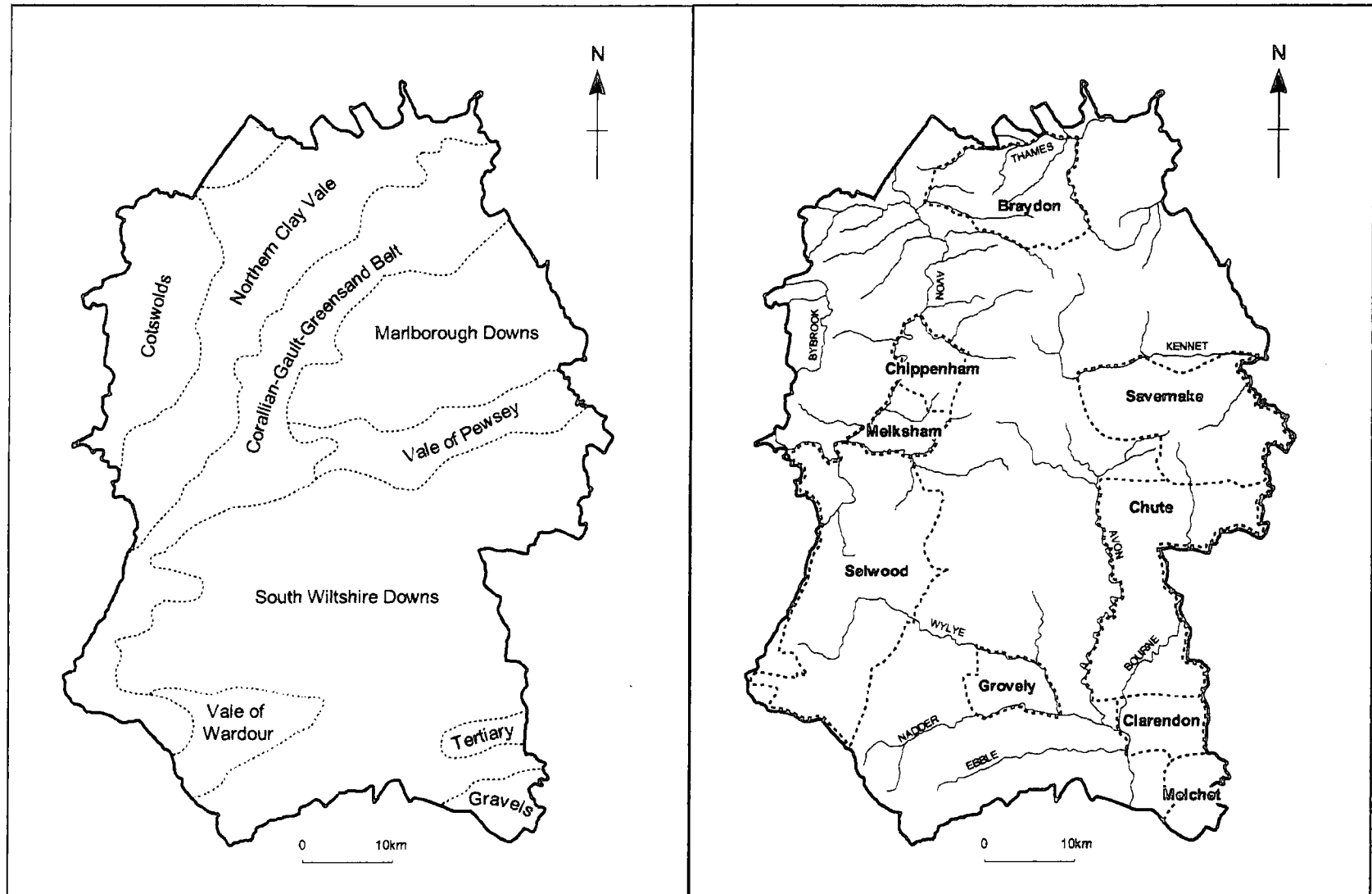


Figure 1: Map of the modern county of Wiltshire, showing present civil parishes.

Figure 2: The geology of Wiltshire (Geddes 2000).





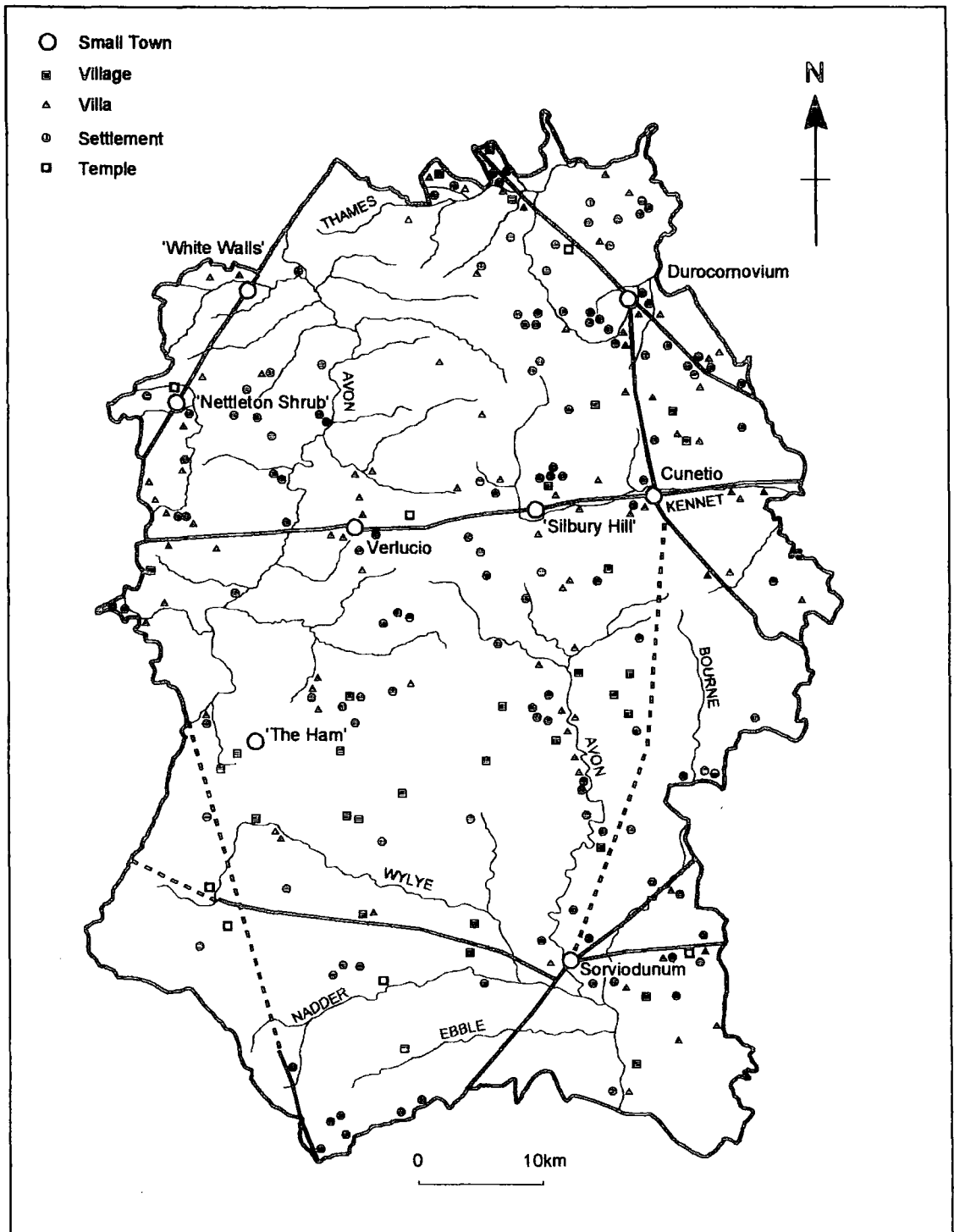


Figure 4: Distribution map of known Romano-British settlements in Wiltshire, shown in relation to the network of Roman roads (Based on data in Appendix 1 and Margary 1955).

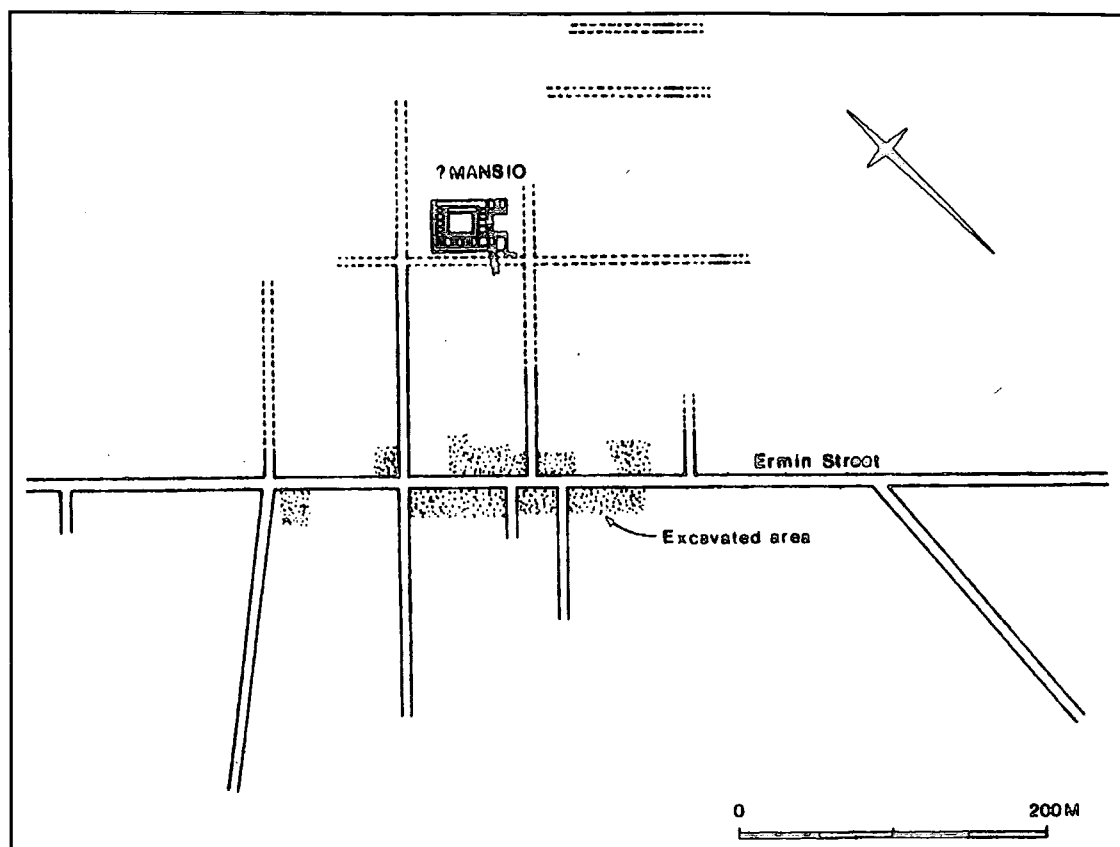


Figure 5: Plan of the Romano-British small town of *Durocornovium* in Wanborough parish (Corney 2001).

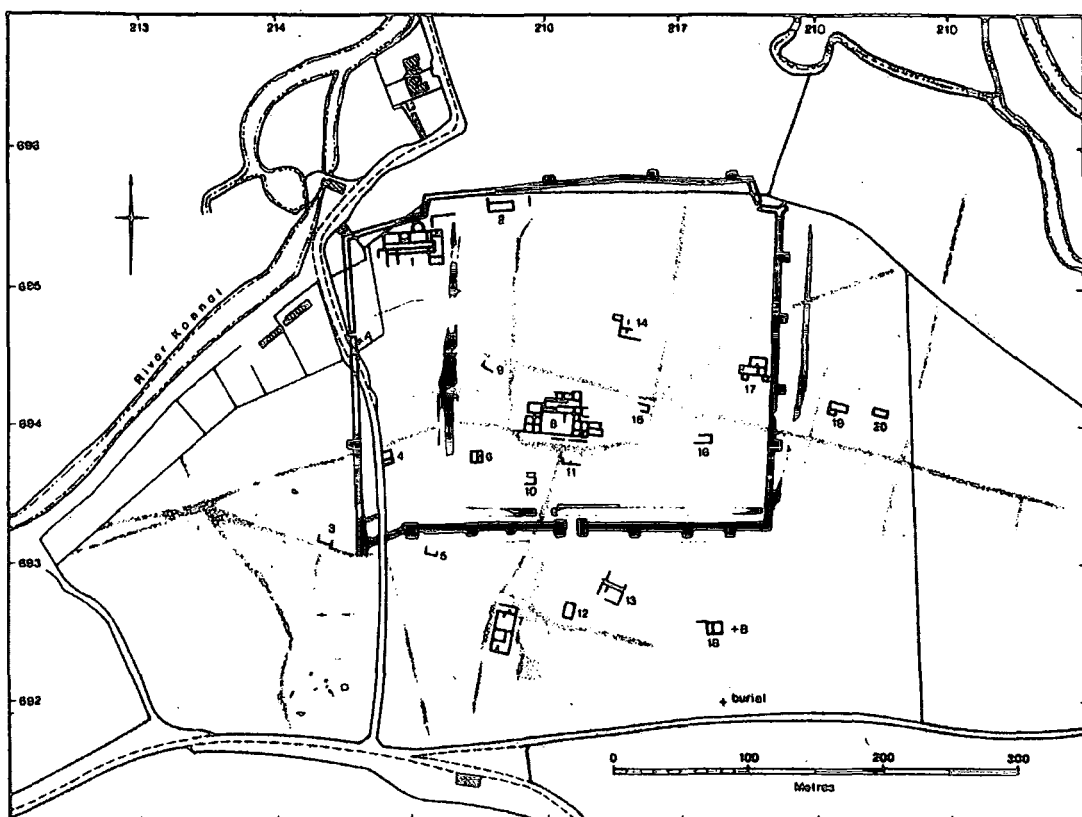


Figure 6: Plan of the Romano-British small town of *Cunetio* in Mildenhall parish, showing the principal buildings and Late Roman walls (Corney 2001).



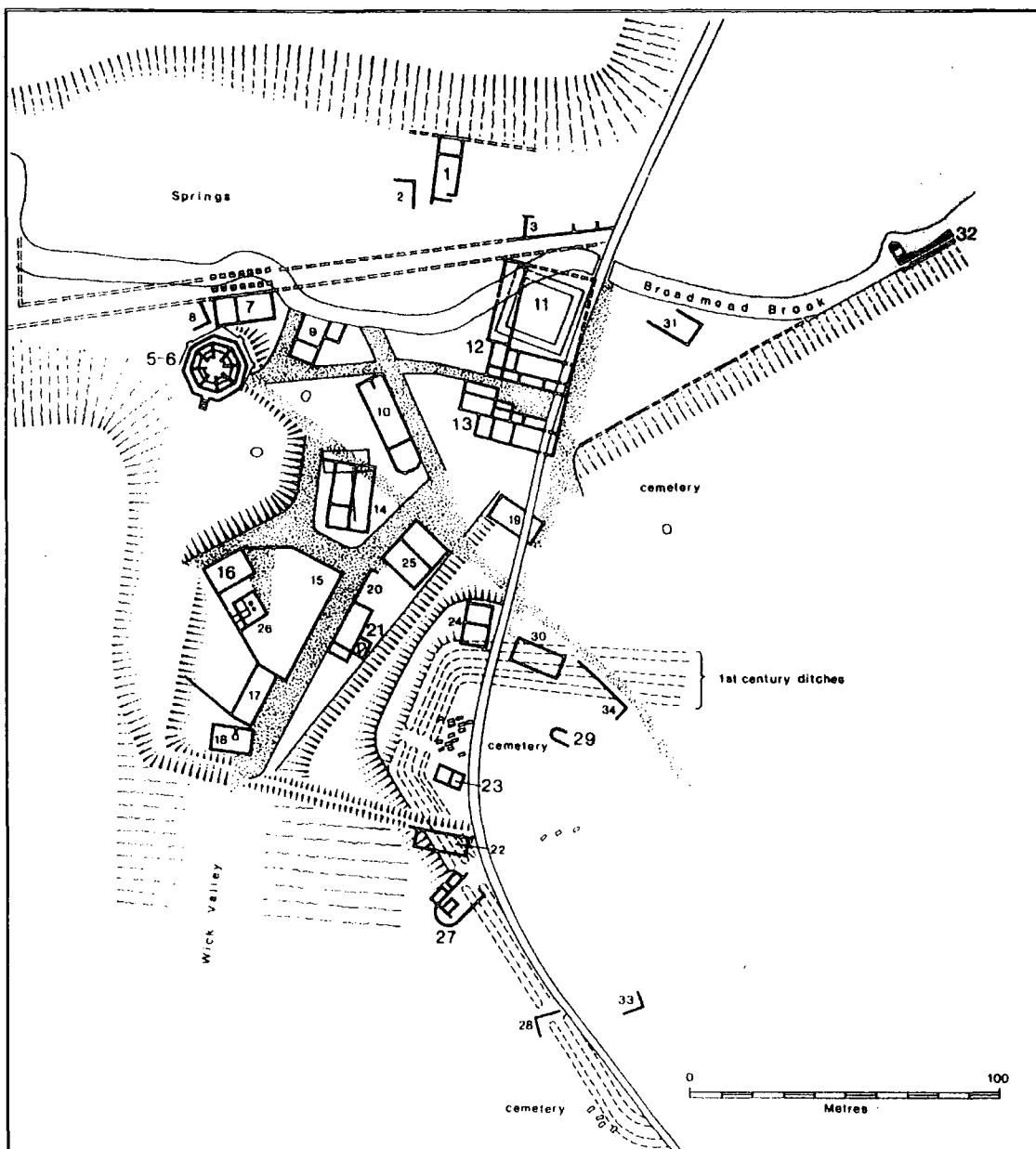


Figure 7: Plan of the Romano-British small town and temple complex at Nettleton Shrub (Corney 2001, after Wedlake 1982 and Burnham and Wachter 1990).

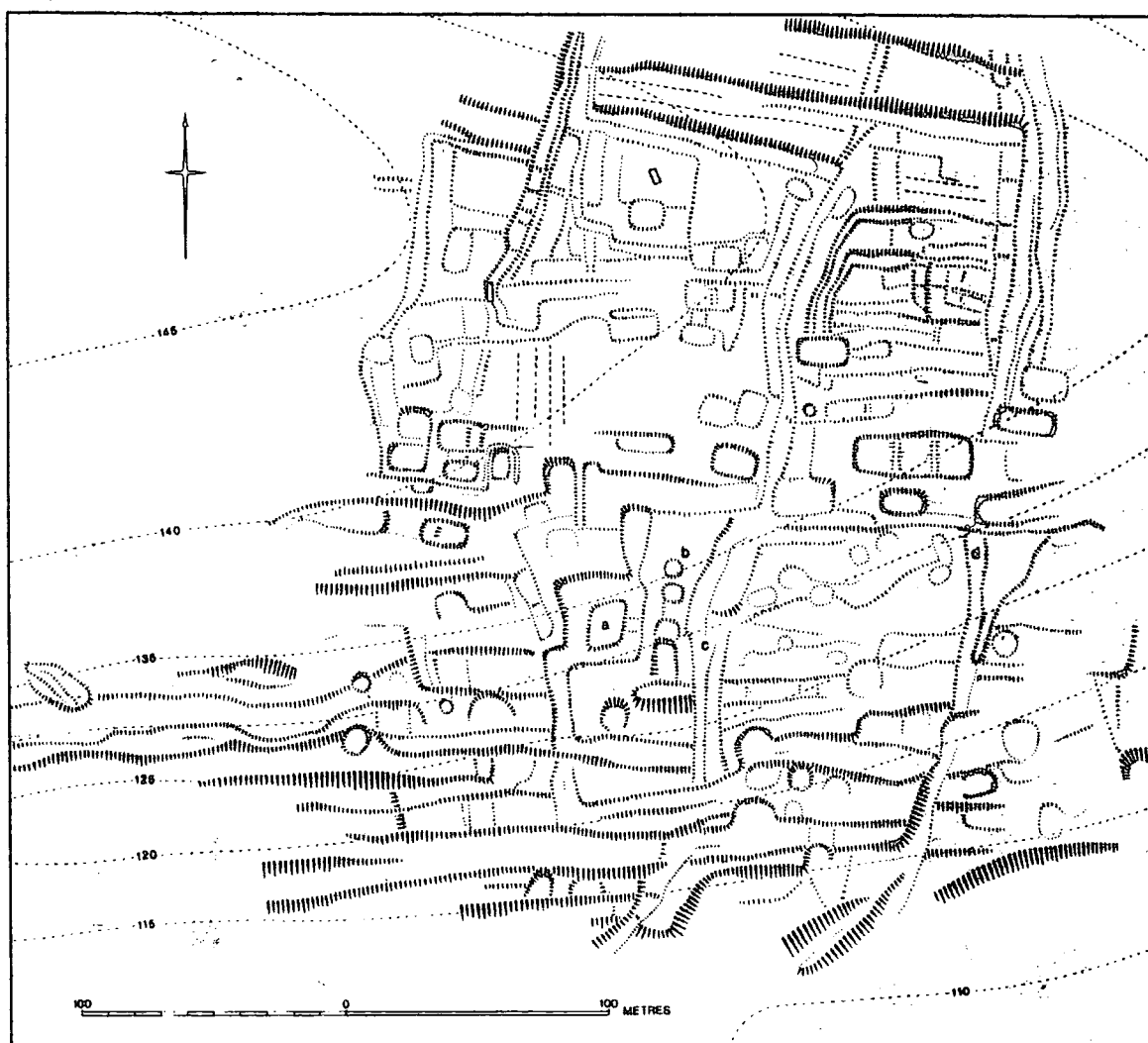


Figure 8: Plan of the earthworks of the Romano-British village settlement at Upavon Down in Upavon parish (McOmish *et al.* 2002).

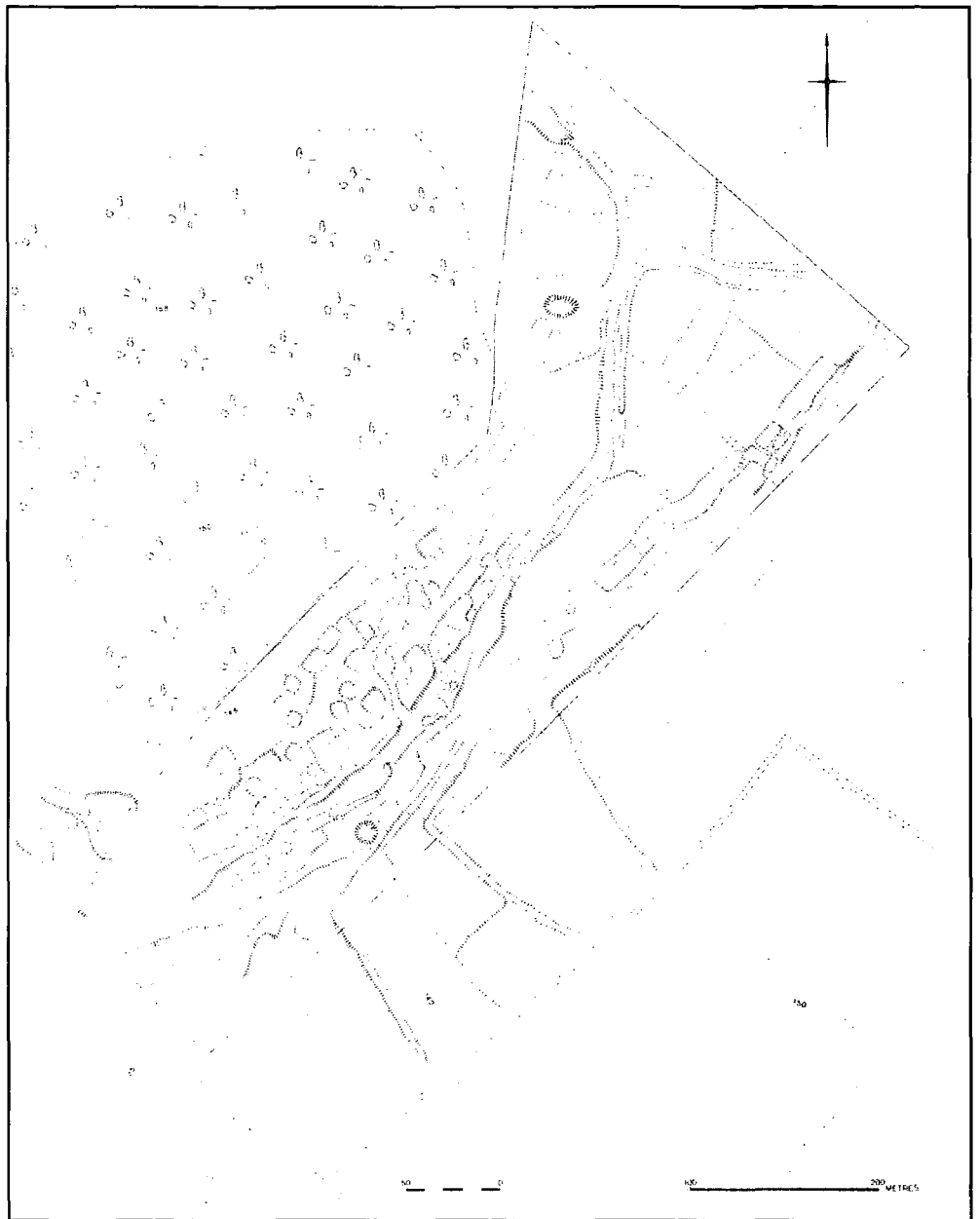


Figure 9: Plan of the earthworks of the Romano-British village settlement at Chisenbury Warren in Enford parish (McOmish *et al.* 2002).

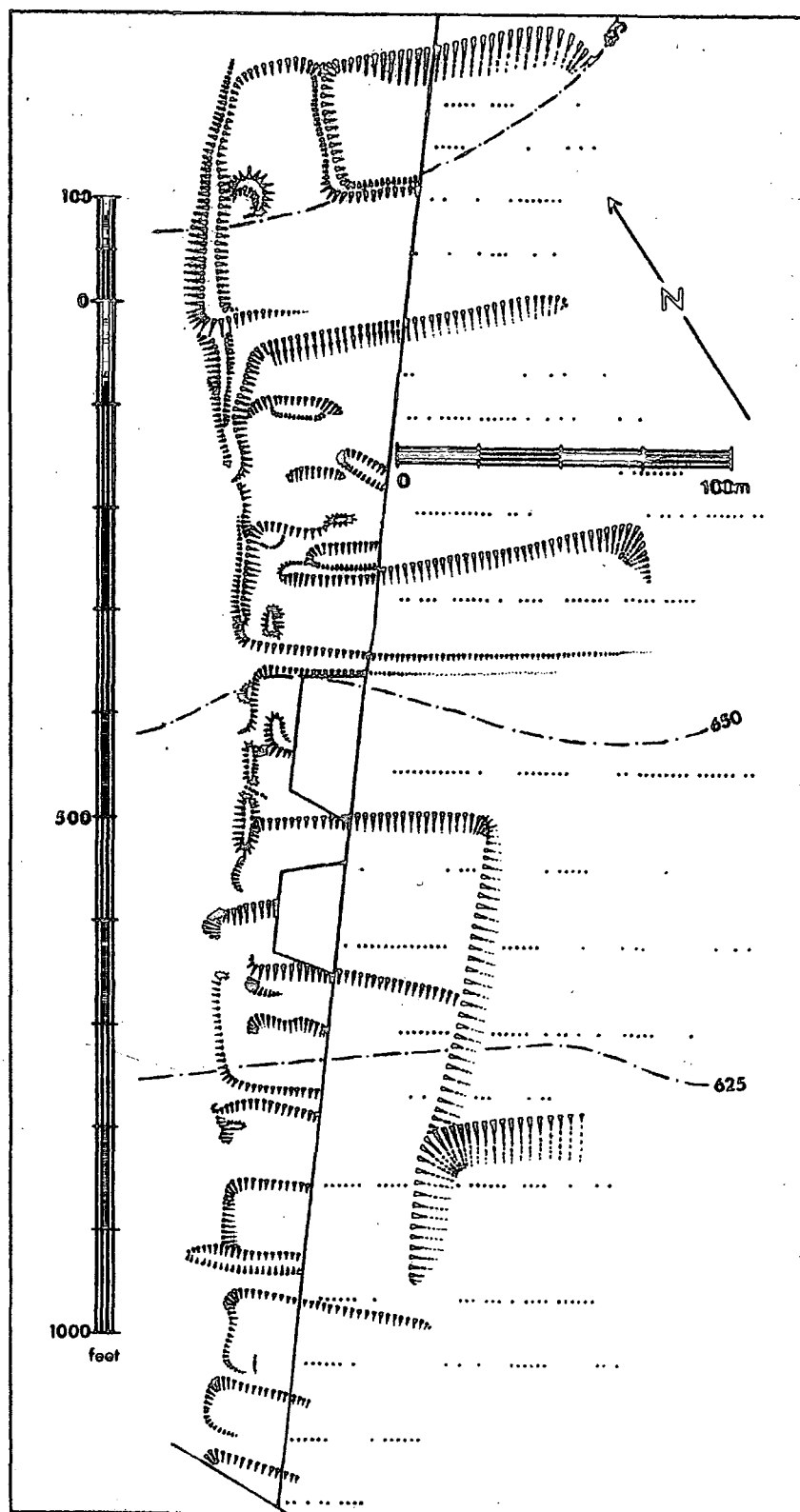


Figure 10: Plan of the Romano-British village earthworks at Overton Down South (ODS) in West Overton parish (Fowler 2000a).

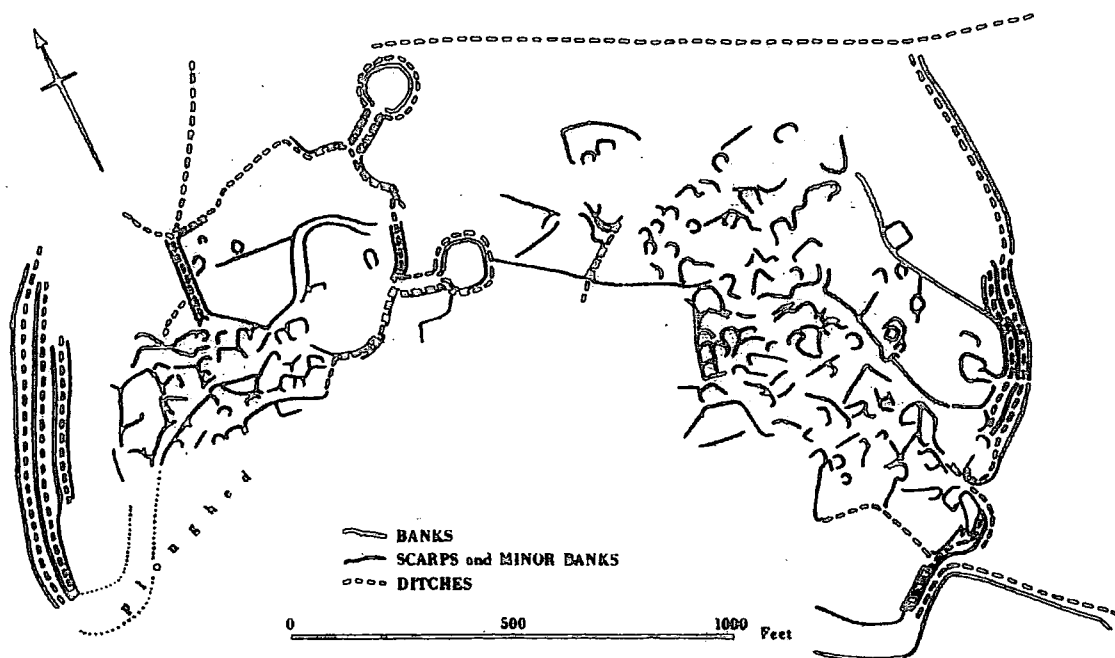


Figure 11: Plan of the Romano-British village earthworks at Hamshill Ditches in Barford St Martin parish (Bonney and Moore 1967).

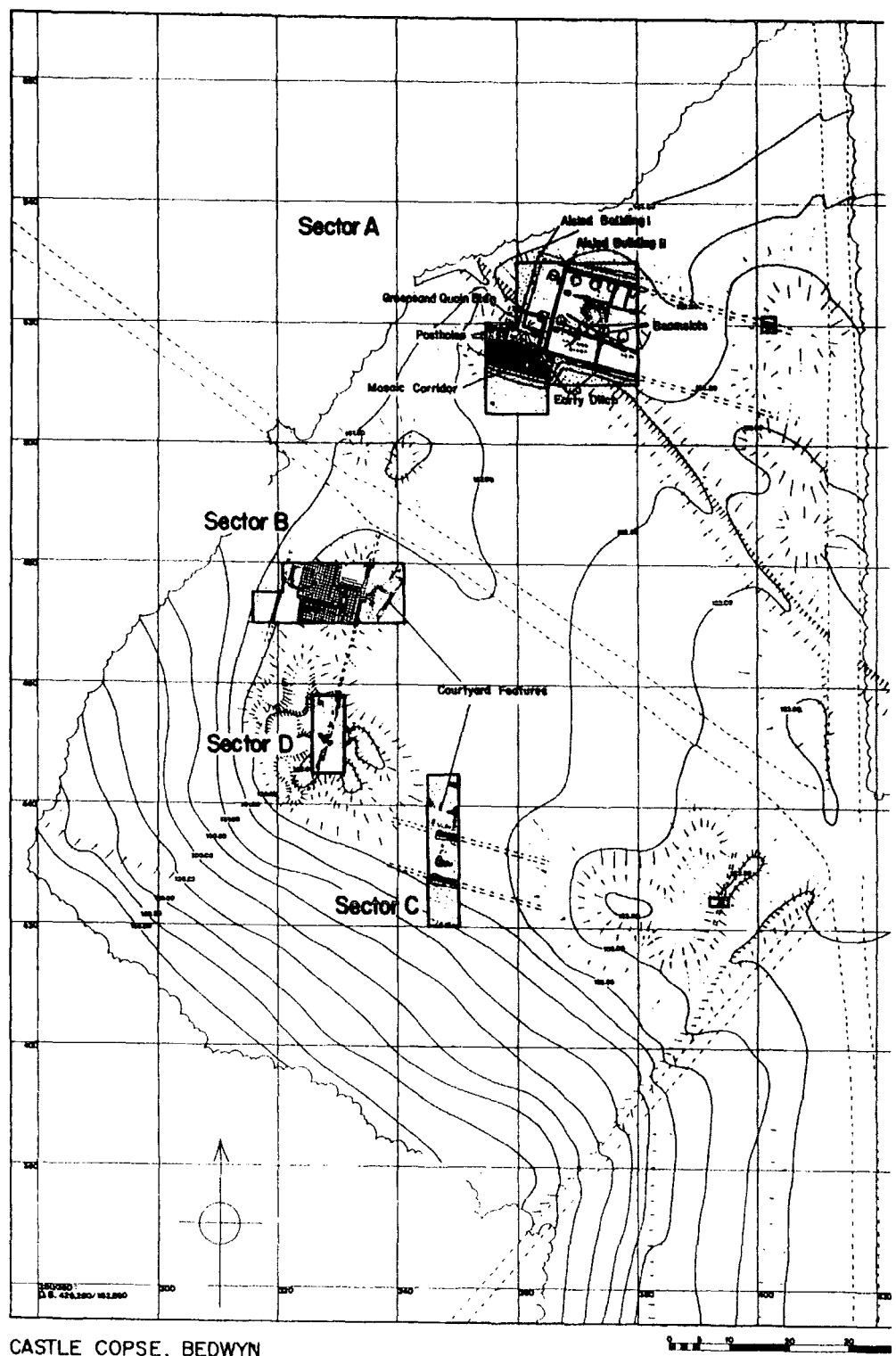


Figure 12: Plan of the excavated features on the Romano-British villa complex at Castle Copse in Great Bedwyn parish (Hostetter and Howe 1997).

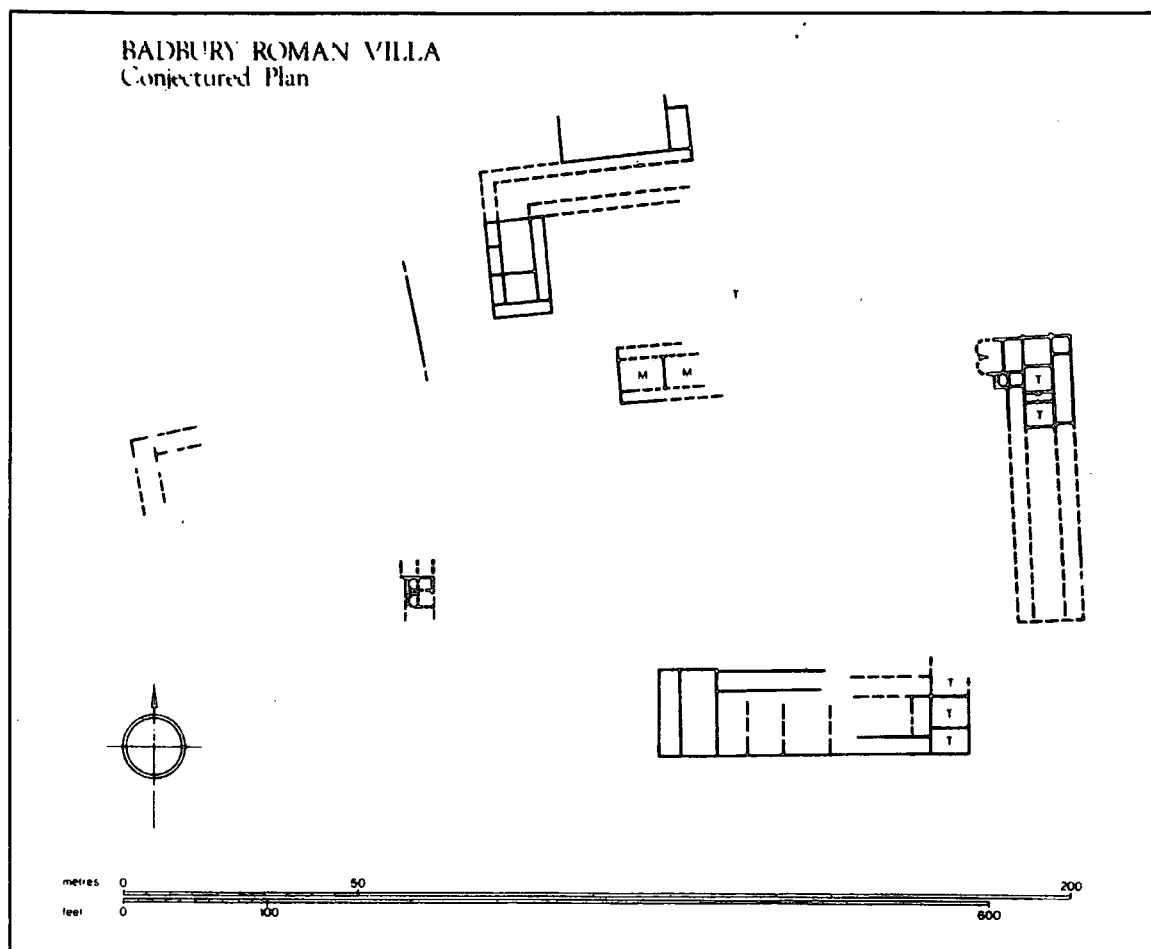


Figure 13: Conjectured plan of the partially excavated Romano-British villa at Badbury in Chiseldon parish (Walters 2001).

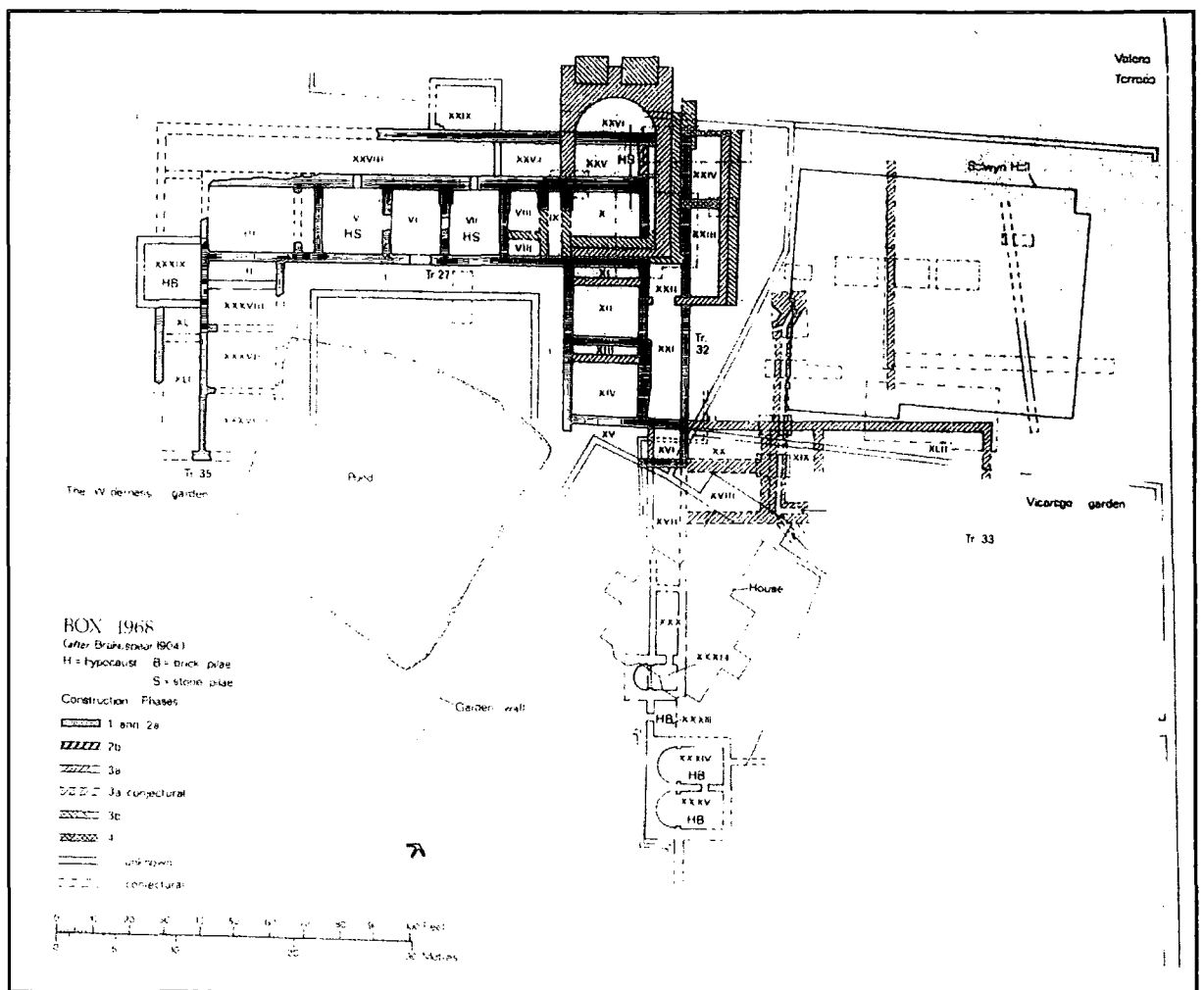


Figure 14: Plan of the Romano-British villa complex at Box (Hurst 1987).





Figure 15: Composite plan from geophysical survey and aerial photographs of the Iron Age and Romano-British enclosed settlement at Netheravon. The plan of the corridor villa is enlarged (McOmish *et al.* 2002).

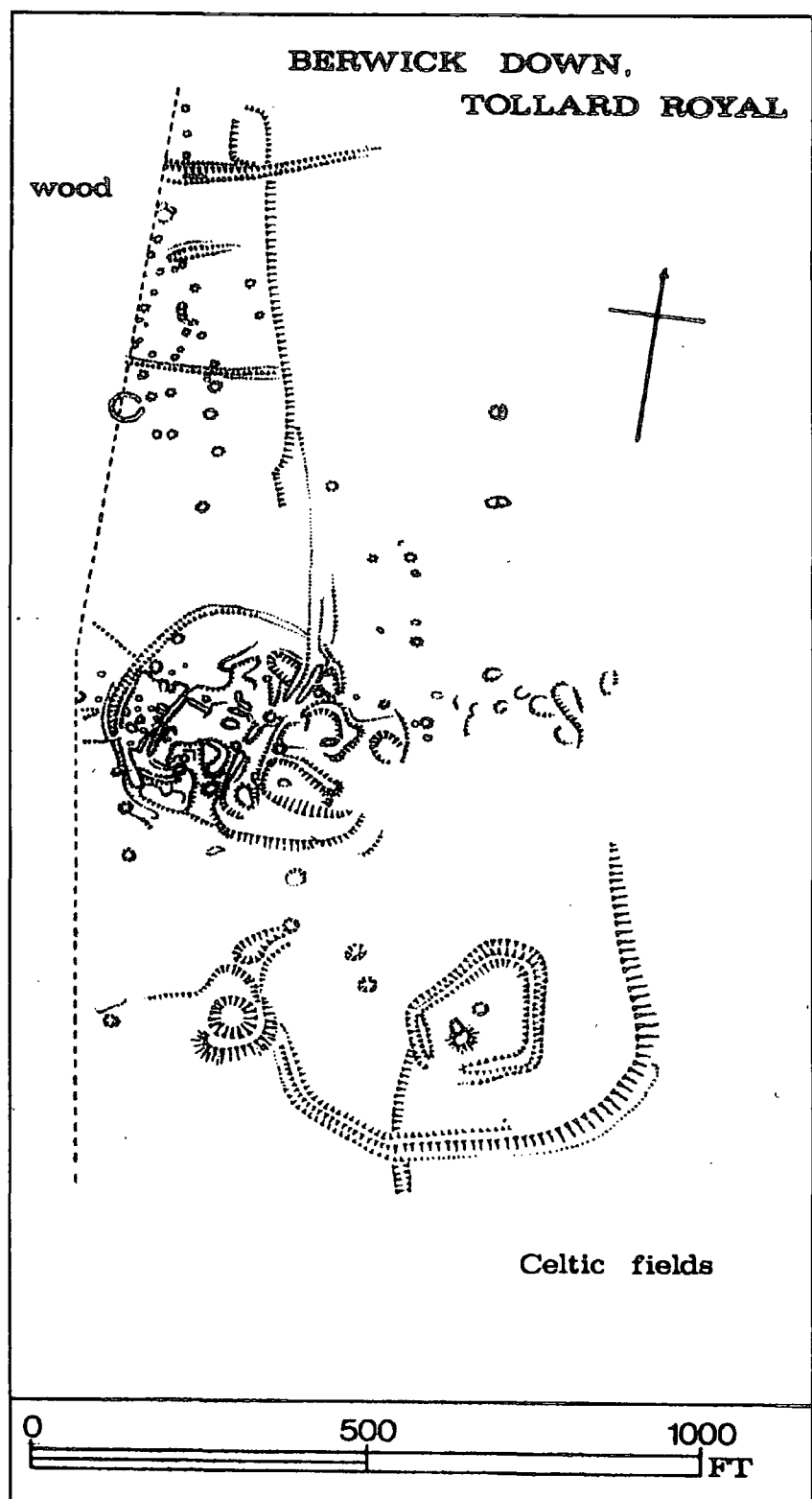


Figure 16: Plan of the earthworks of the Iron Age and Romano-British farming settlement on Berwick Down in Tollard Royal parish (Cunliffe 1973a).

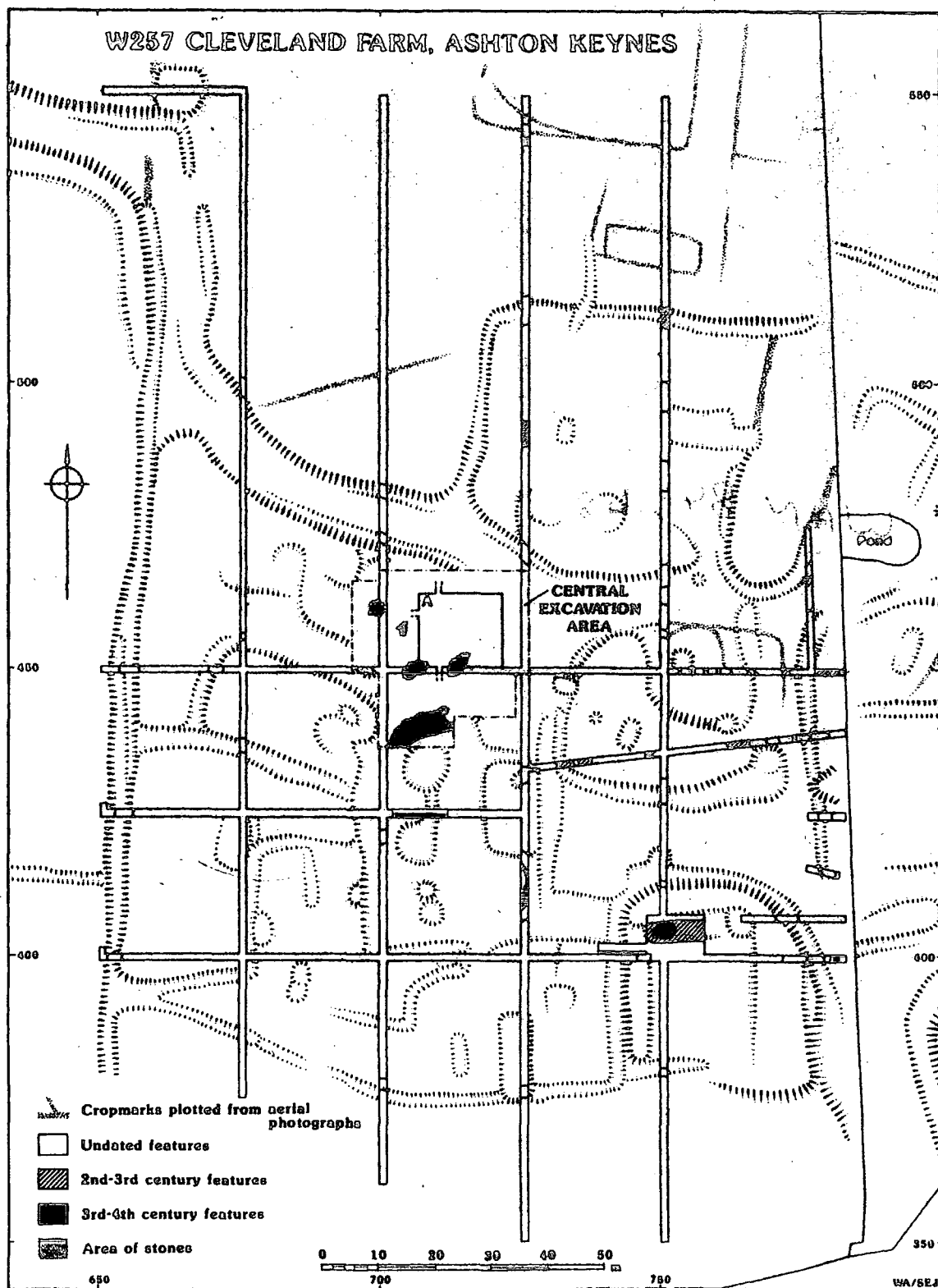


Figure 17: Plan of the excavations and earthworks at the Romano-British non-villa settlement at Cleveland Farm in Ashton Keynes parish (Coe et al. 1991).

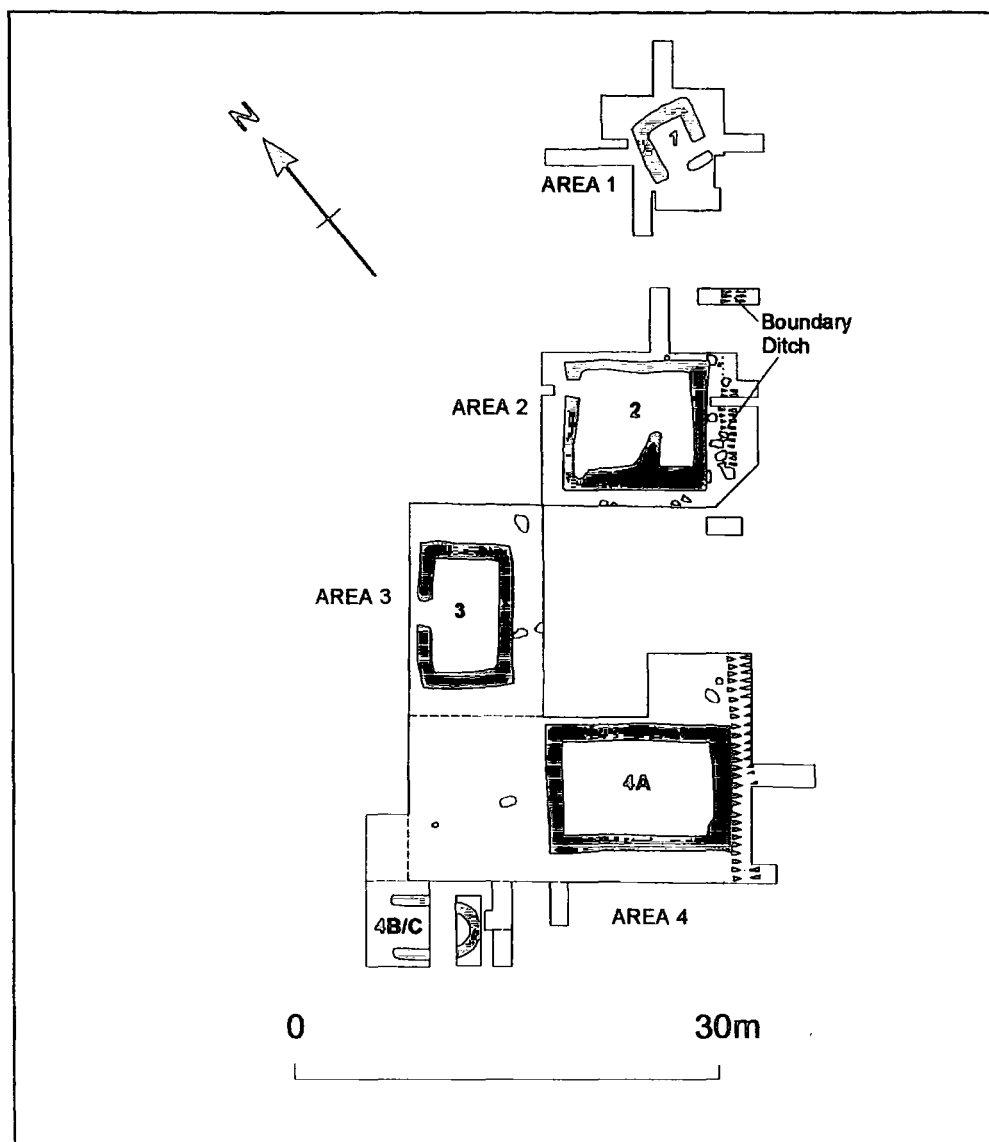


Figure 18: Plan of the excavated Late Roman settlement at ODXII on Overton Down in West Overton. (After Fowler 2000a).

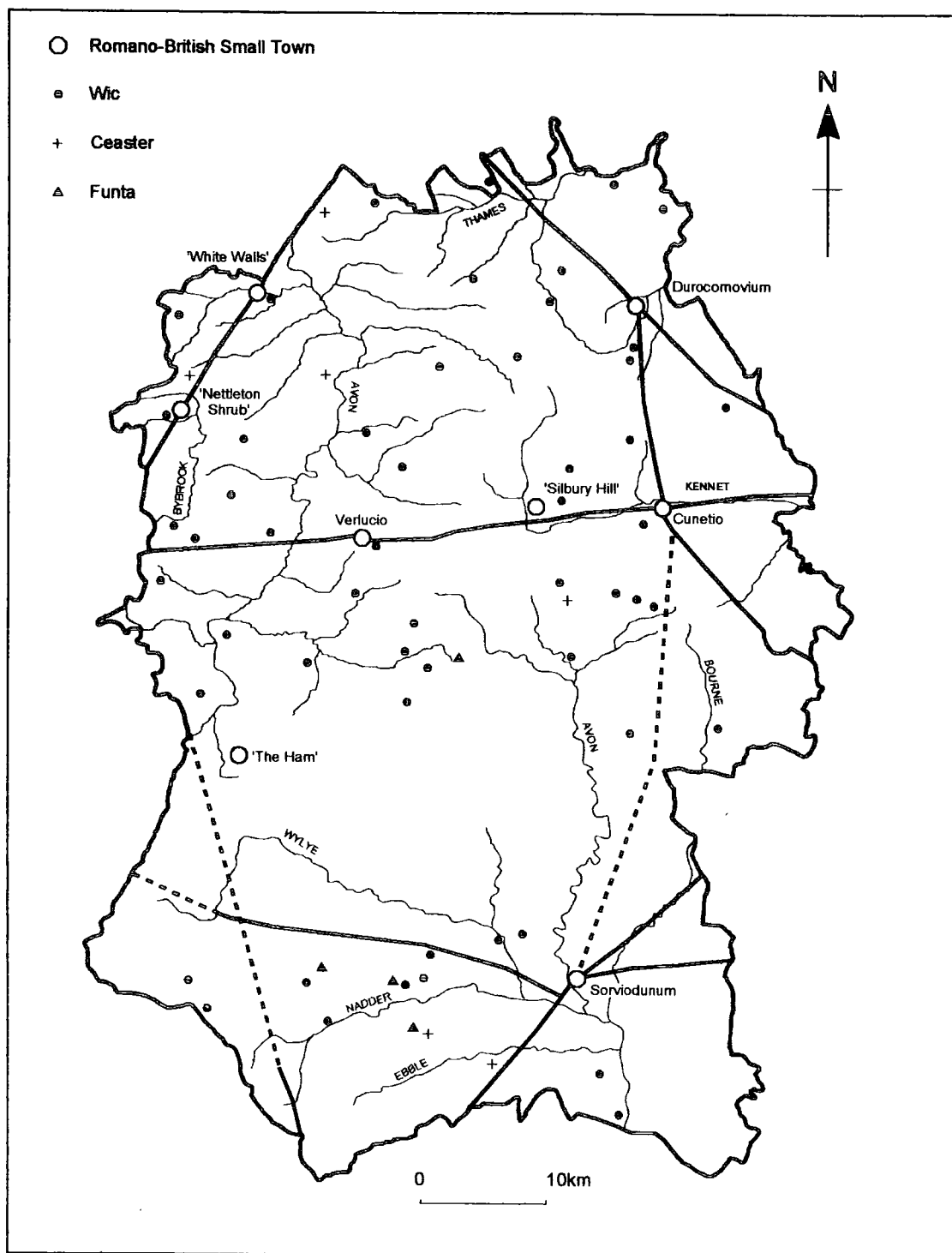


Figure 19: Distribution map of *wic*, *ceaster* and *funta* place-names in Wiltshire, in relation to Roman roads and small towns (Based mainly on data in Gover *et al.* 1939 and Hobbs 2003).

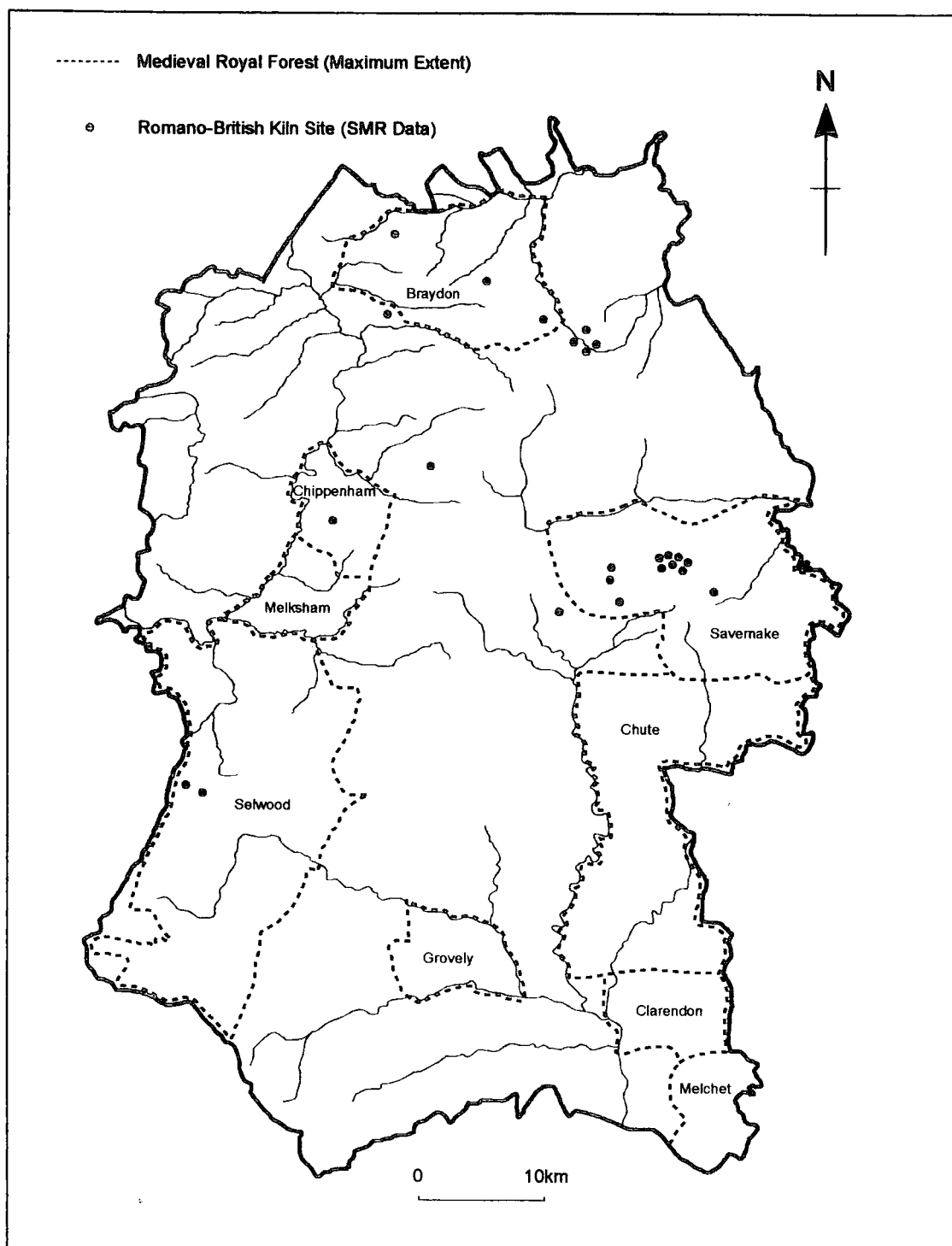


Figure 20: Distribution map of known Romano-British pottery and tile kilns in Wiltshire, shown in relation to the bounds of the medieval royal forests (Based on SMR data).



Figure 21: Aerial photograph transcription of Overton Down, showing that the north-south Ridgeway route is underlain by prehistoric field boundaries and trackways (Fowler 2000a).

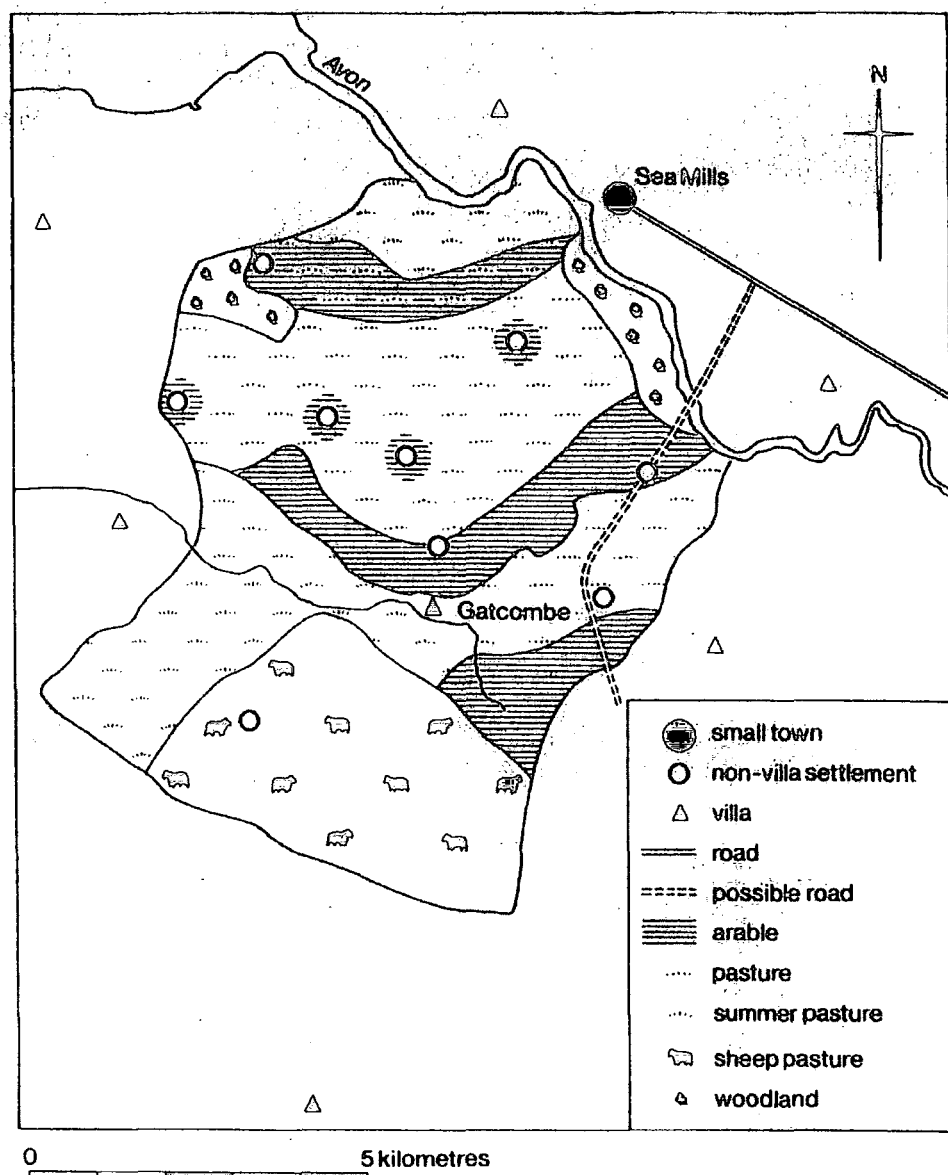


Figure 22: Keith Branigan's conjectured villa estate at Gatcombe in Somerset (Hingley 1989, after Branigan 1977b).



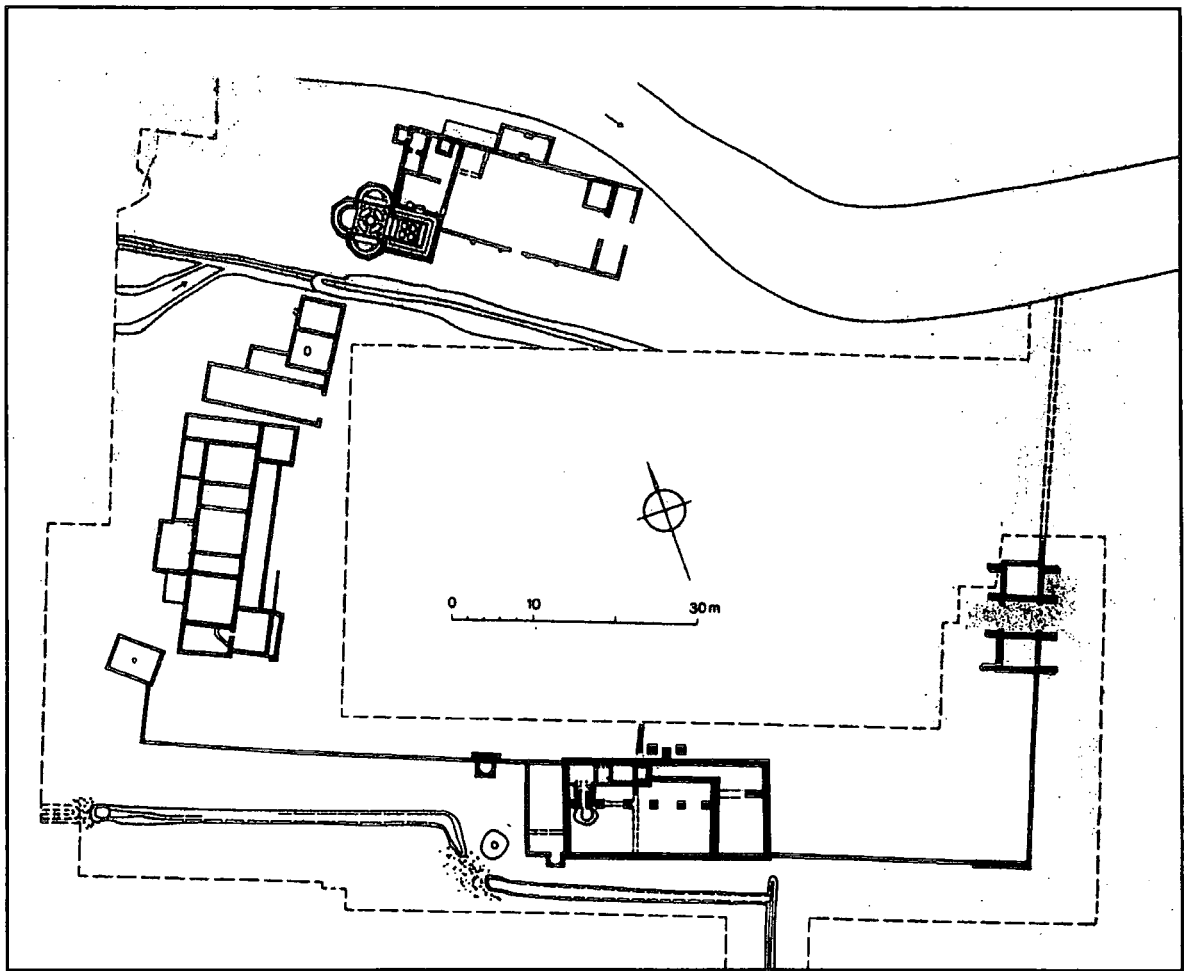


Figure 23: Plan of the late fourth-century phase of the Romano-British villa at Littlecote in Ramsbury parish (Walters 2001).

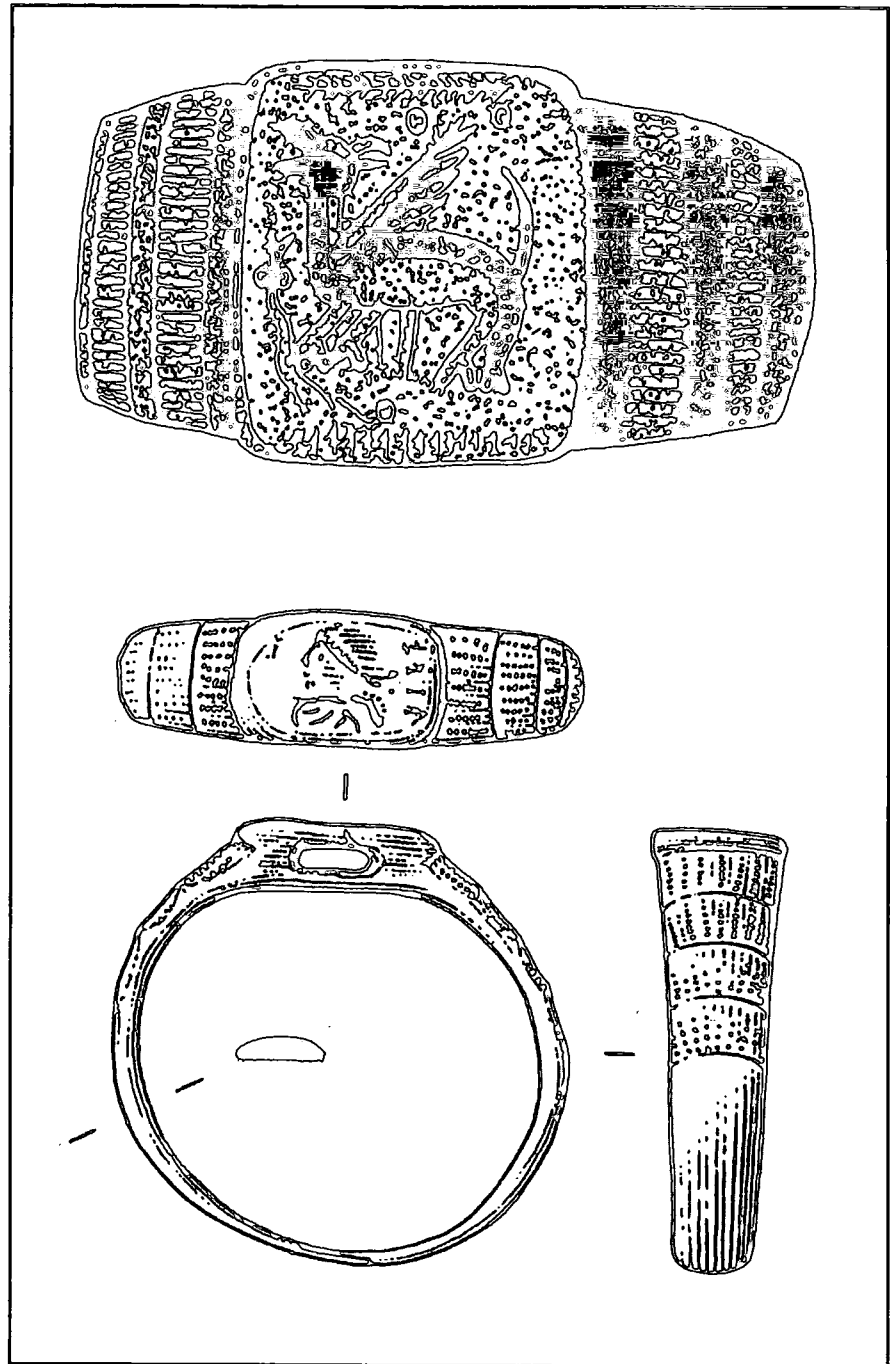


Figure 24: Late Roman jewellery from Wiltshire: one of the four silver rings from the Long's Farm hoard discovered in Amesbury parish (top) and the Roundway Down ring from Roundway parish (below) (Faulkner 2000 and Henig 2001).

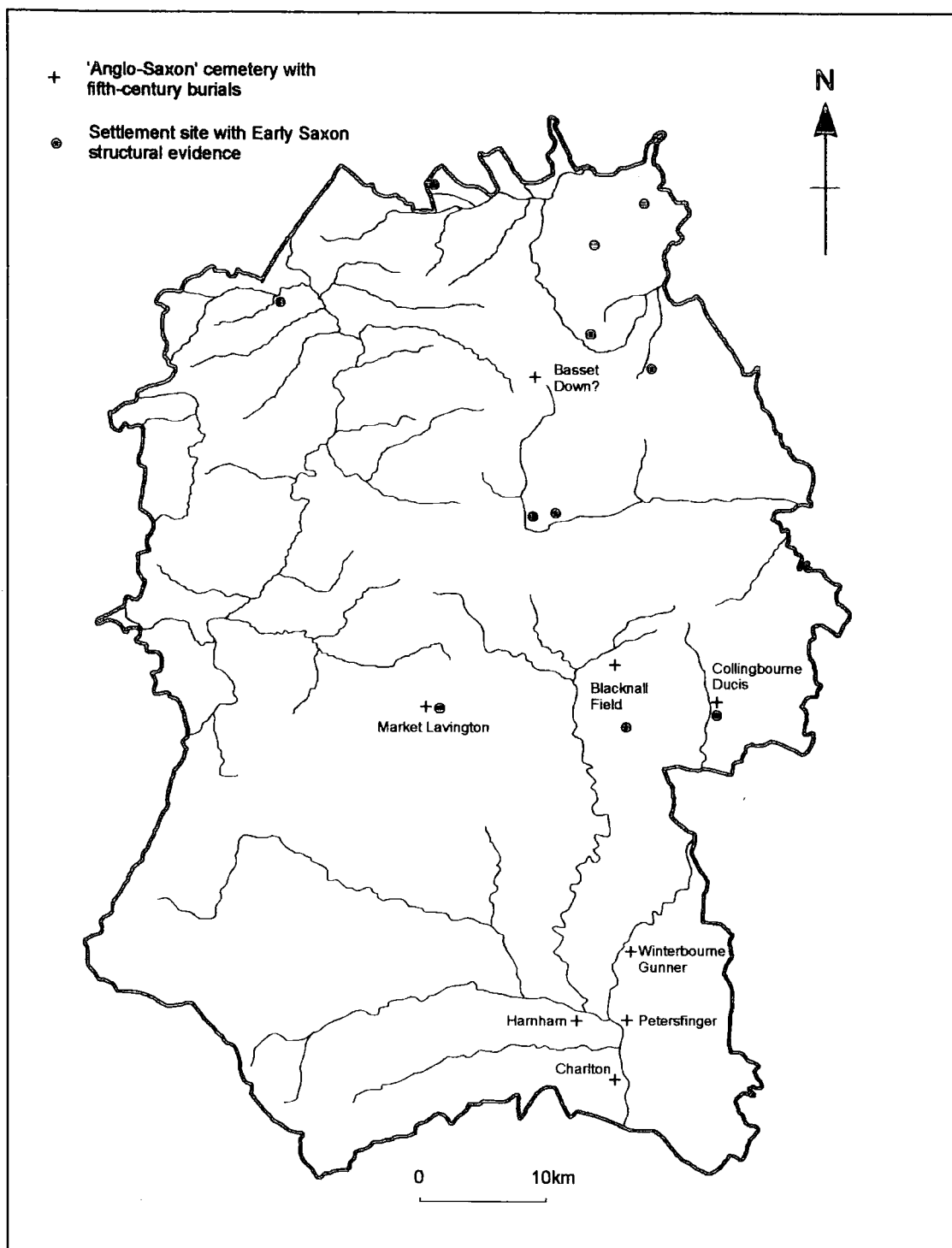
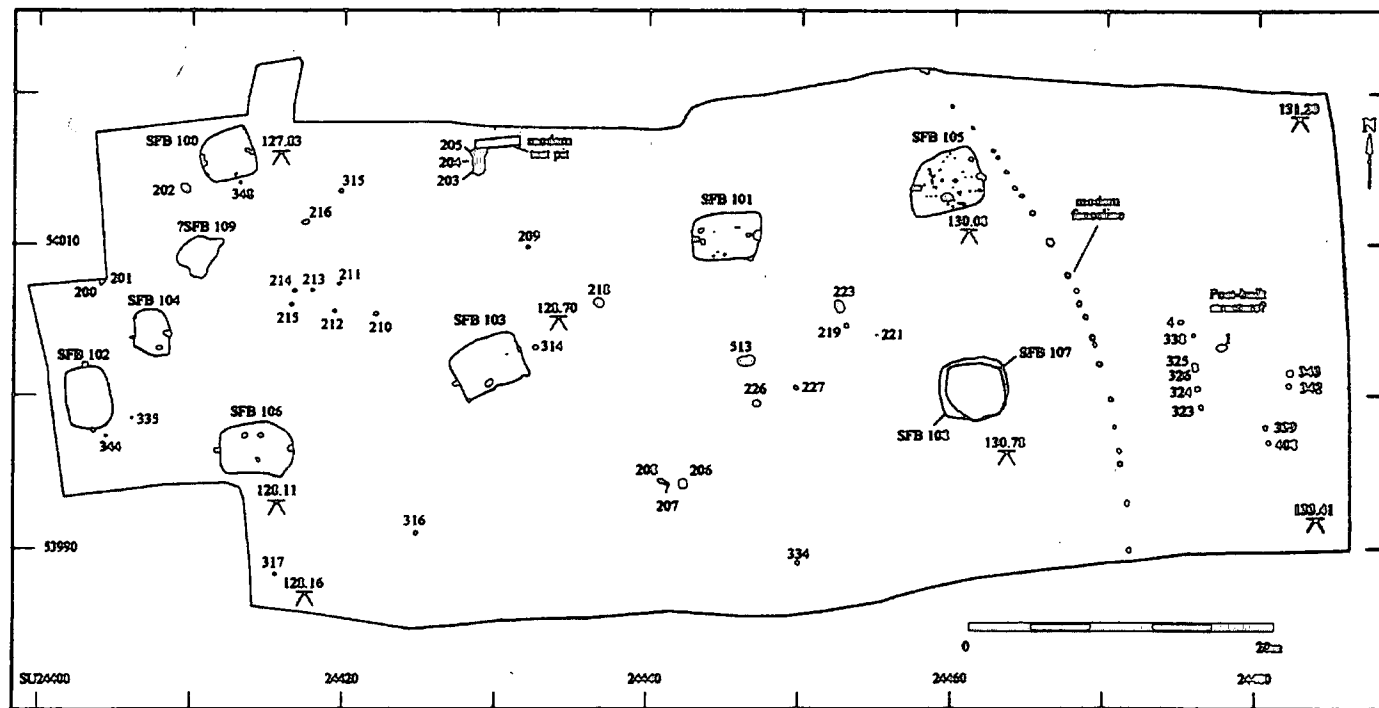


Figure 25: Distribution map of fifth-century Anglo-Saxon cemeteries and Early Saxon structural evidence in Wiltshire (Based on Eagles 2001 and SMR data).



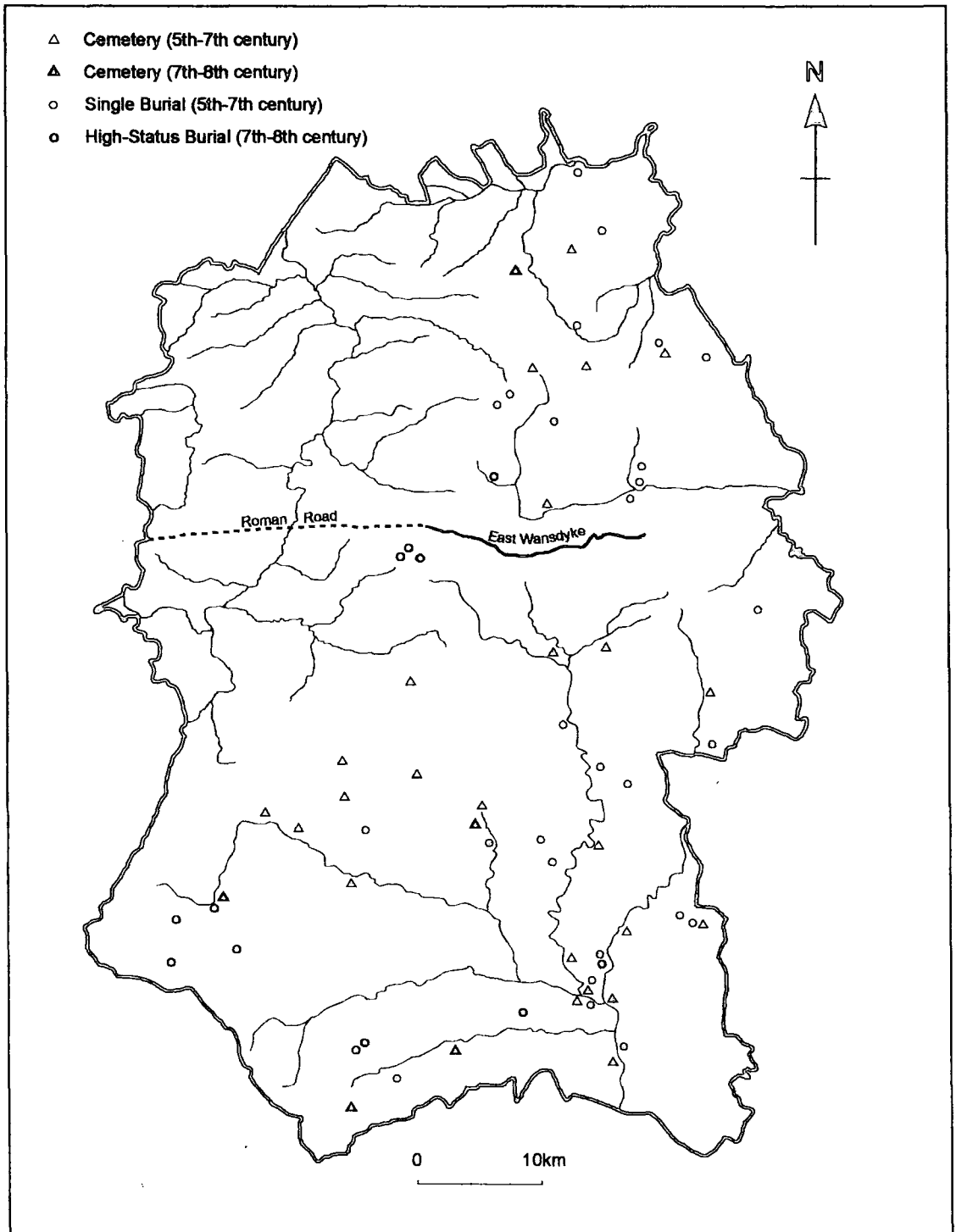
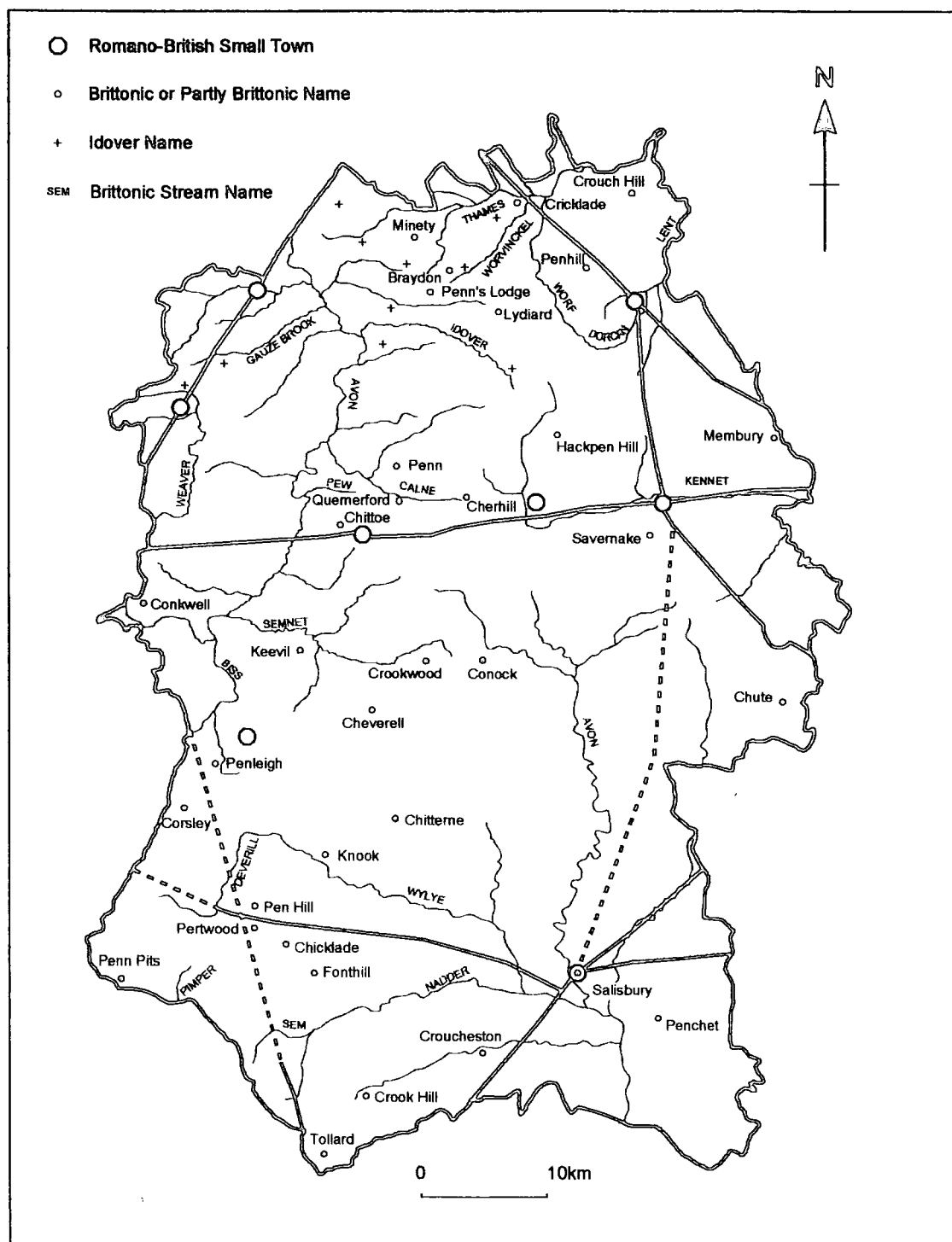


Figure 27: Distribution map of Anglo-Saxon burials in Wiltshire, also showing the East Wansdyke (After Eagles 2001, with additions).



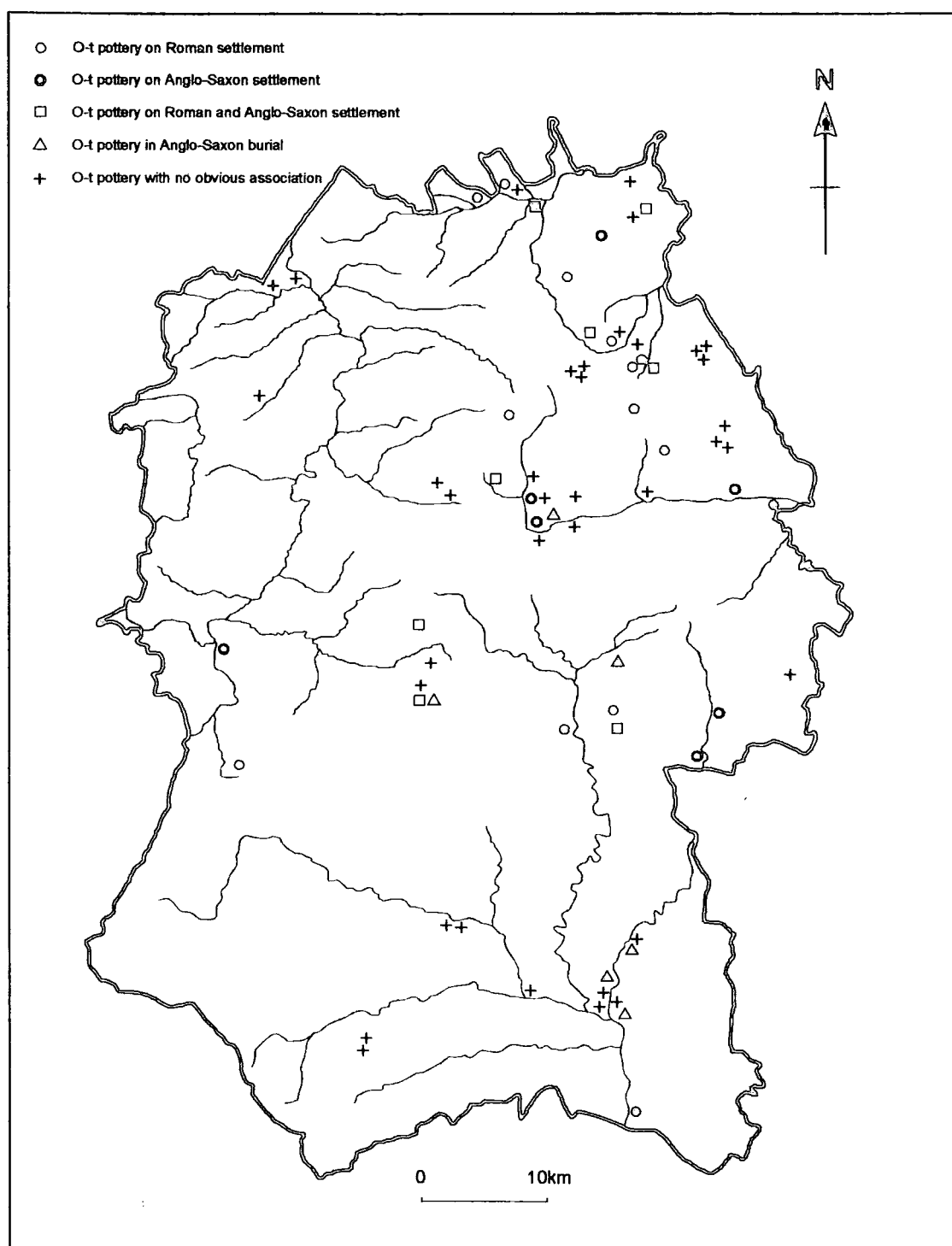


Figure 29: Distribution of post-Roman organic-tempered pottery in Wiltshire (Based on SMR data).

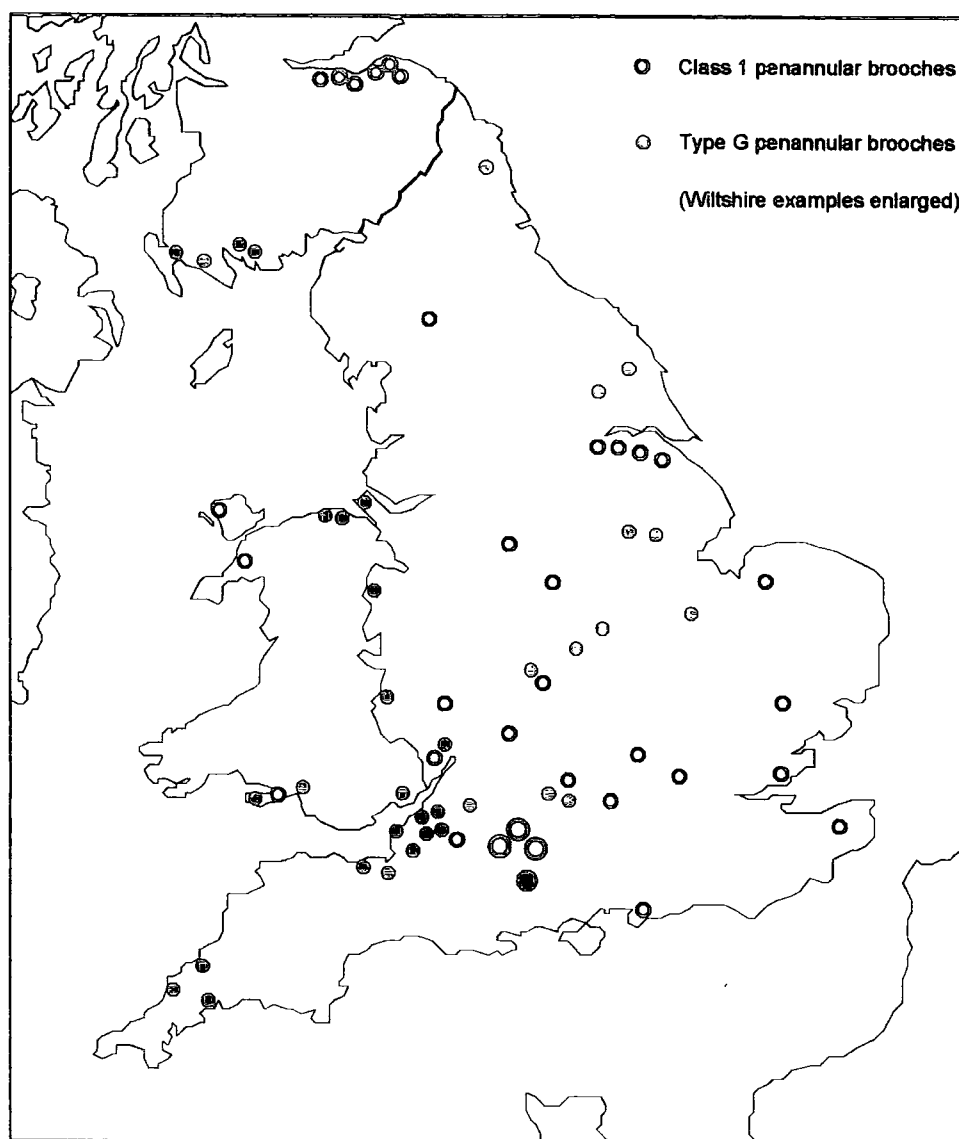


Figure 30: Distribution map of Class 1 and Type G penannular brooches in England, Wales and southern Scotland. (After Dark 2000).



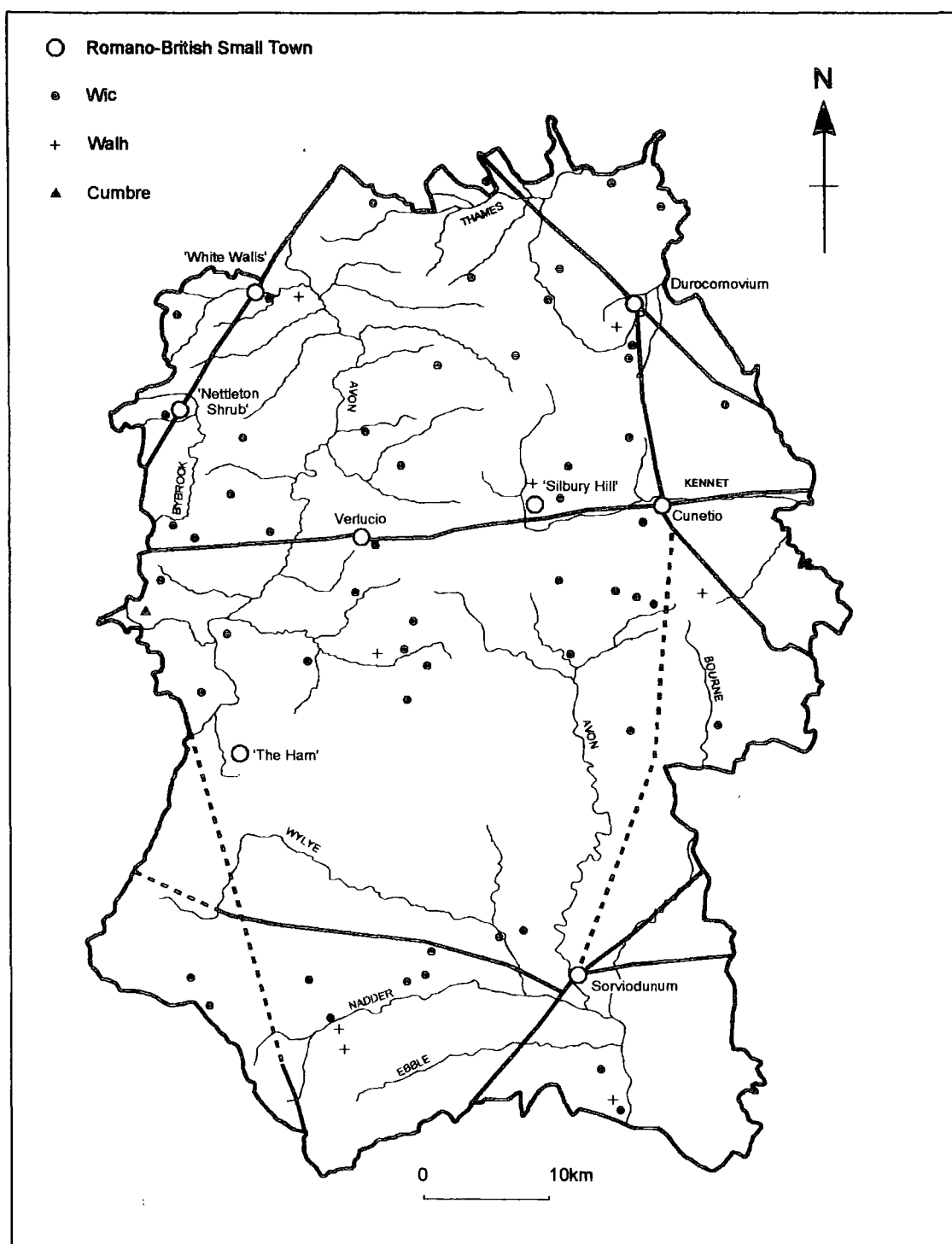


Figure 31: Distribution map of *wic*, *walh* and *cumbre* place-names in Wiltshire, in relation to Roman roads and small towns. (Based on data in Gover *et al.* 1939).

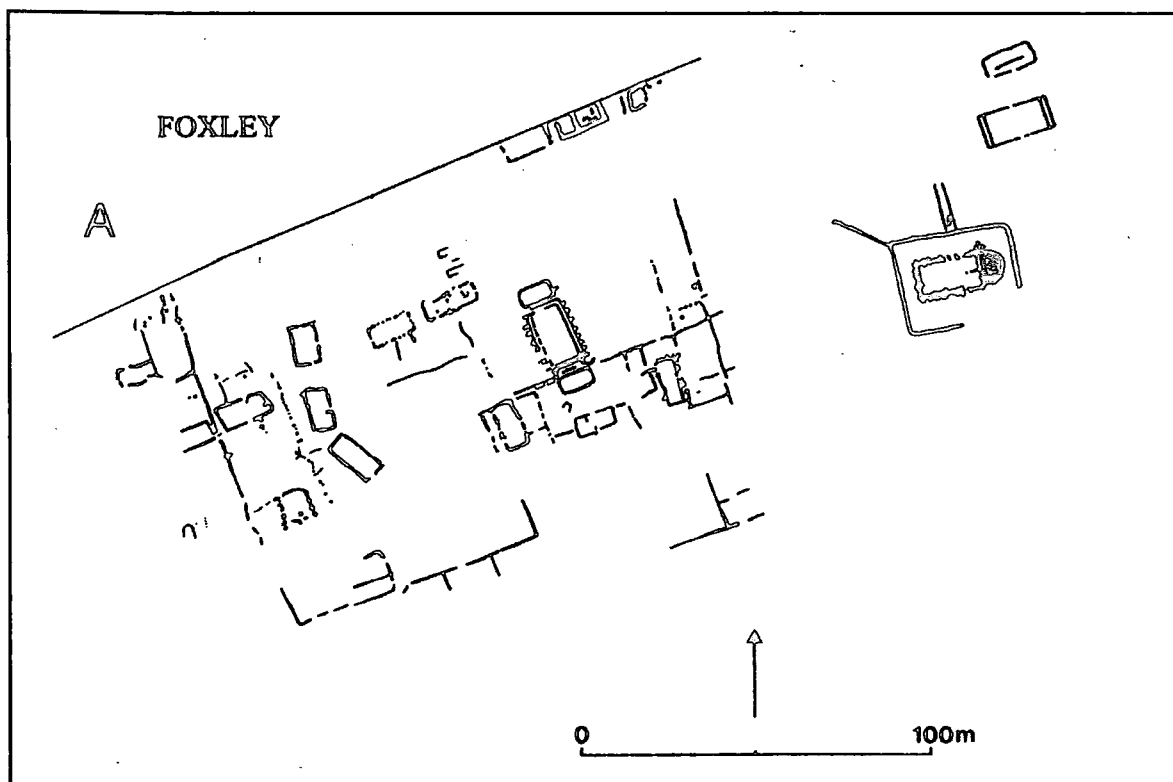


Figure 32: Plan of the cropmarks revealing the Anglo-Saxon settlement at Cowage Farm in Norton parish (Reynolds 2003).

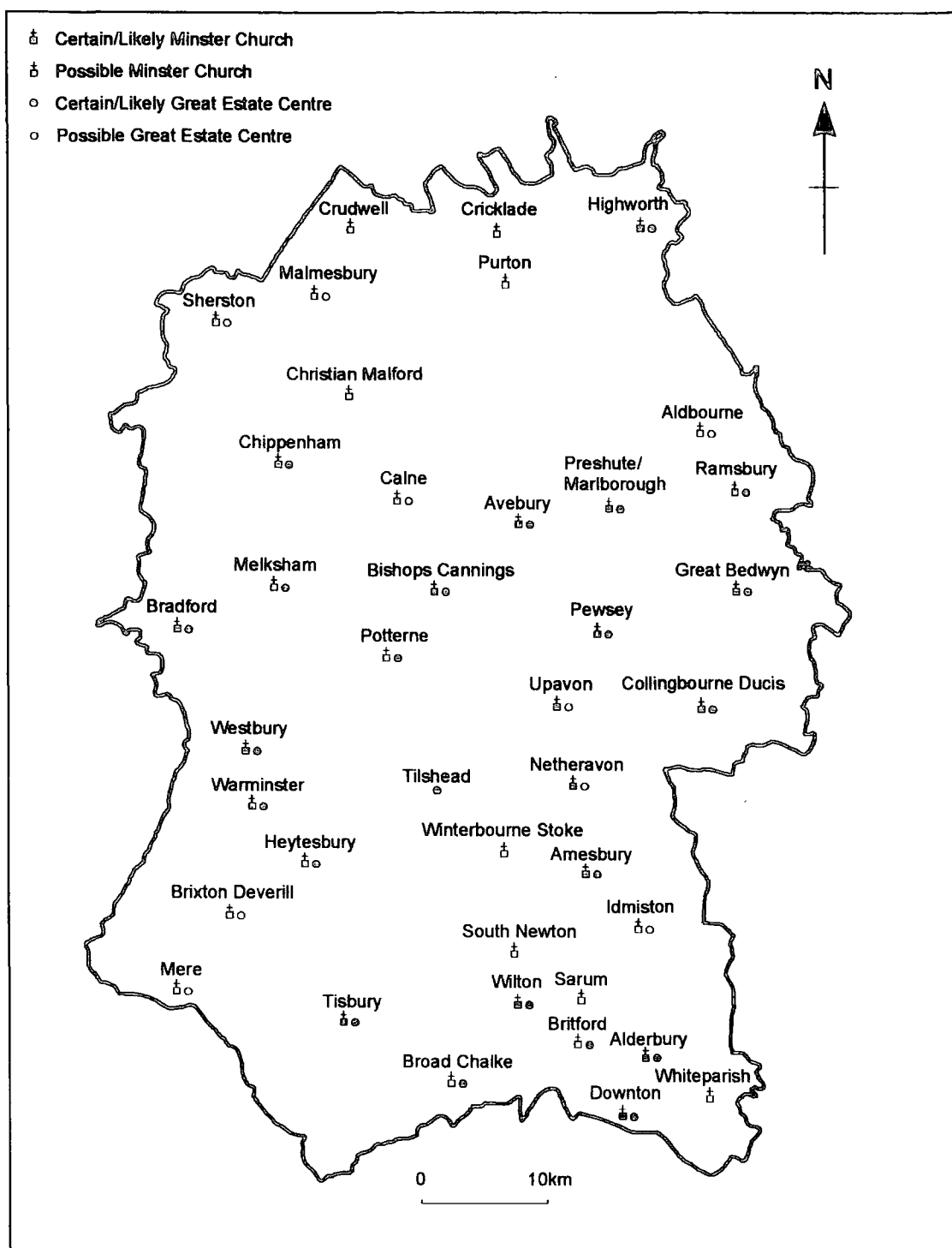


Figure 33: Provisional map of Anglo-Saxon great estate centres and minster churches (including secondary minsters) in Wiltshire. (Based partly on data in Hase 1994 and Pitt 1999).

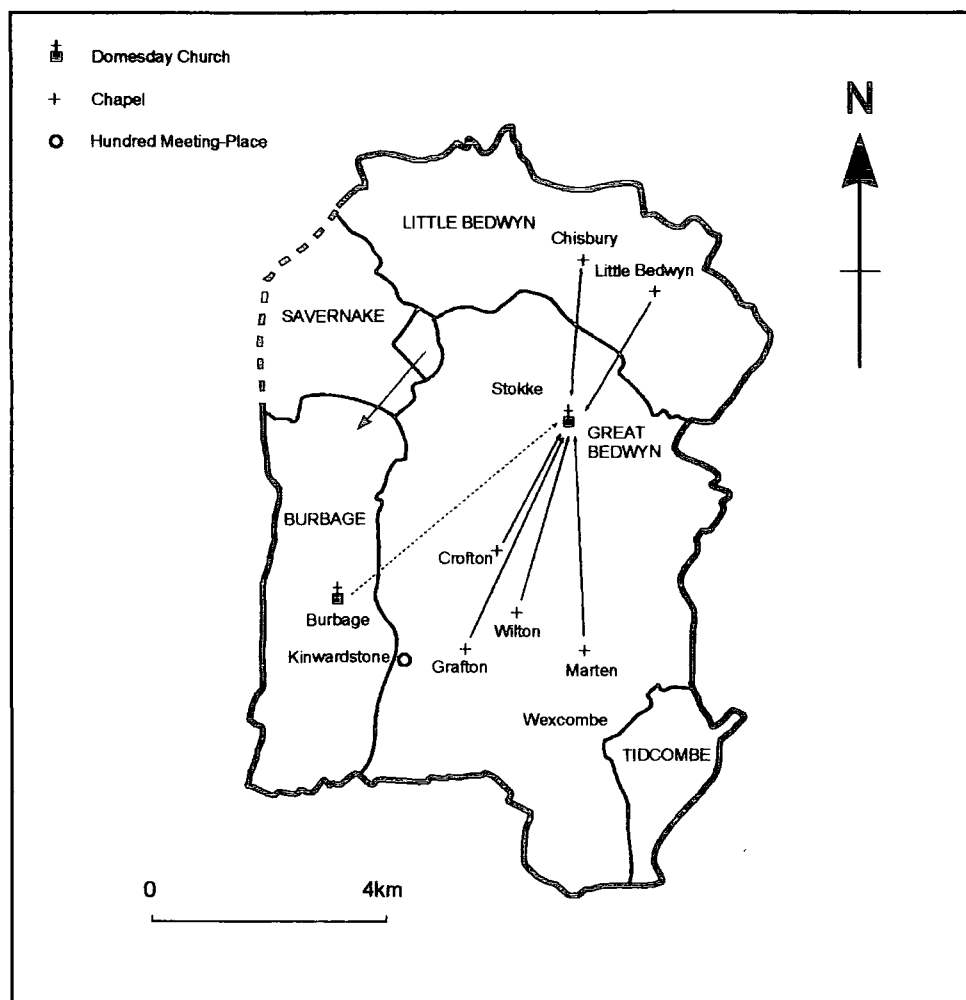


Figure 34: Provisional map of the Middle Saxon great estate of Great Bedwyn, showing known ecclesiastical dependence on the Great Bedwyn minster. (After Eagles 1997).

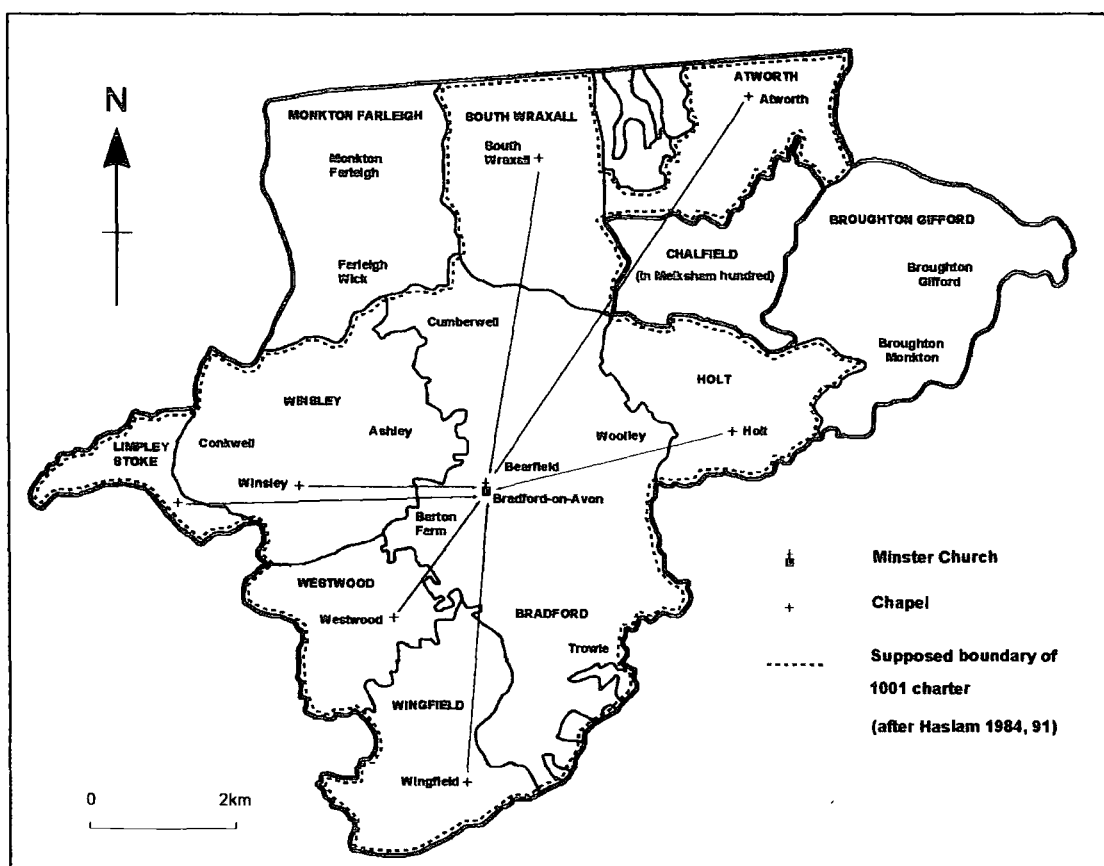


Figure 35: Provisional map of the Domesday hundred and Anglo-Saxon great estate of Bradford-on-Avon, showing the likely composition of the Shaftesbury Abbey estate in 1001 and known ecclesiastical dependence on the Bradford minster.

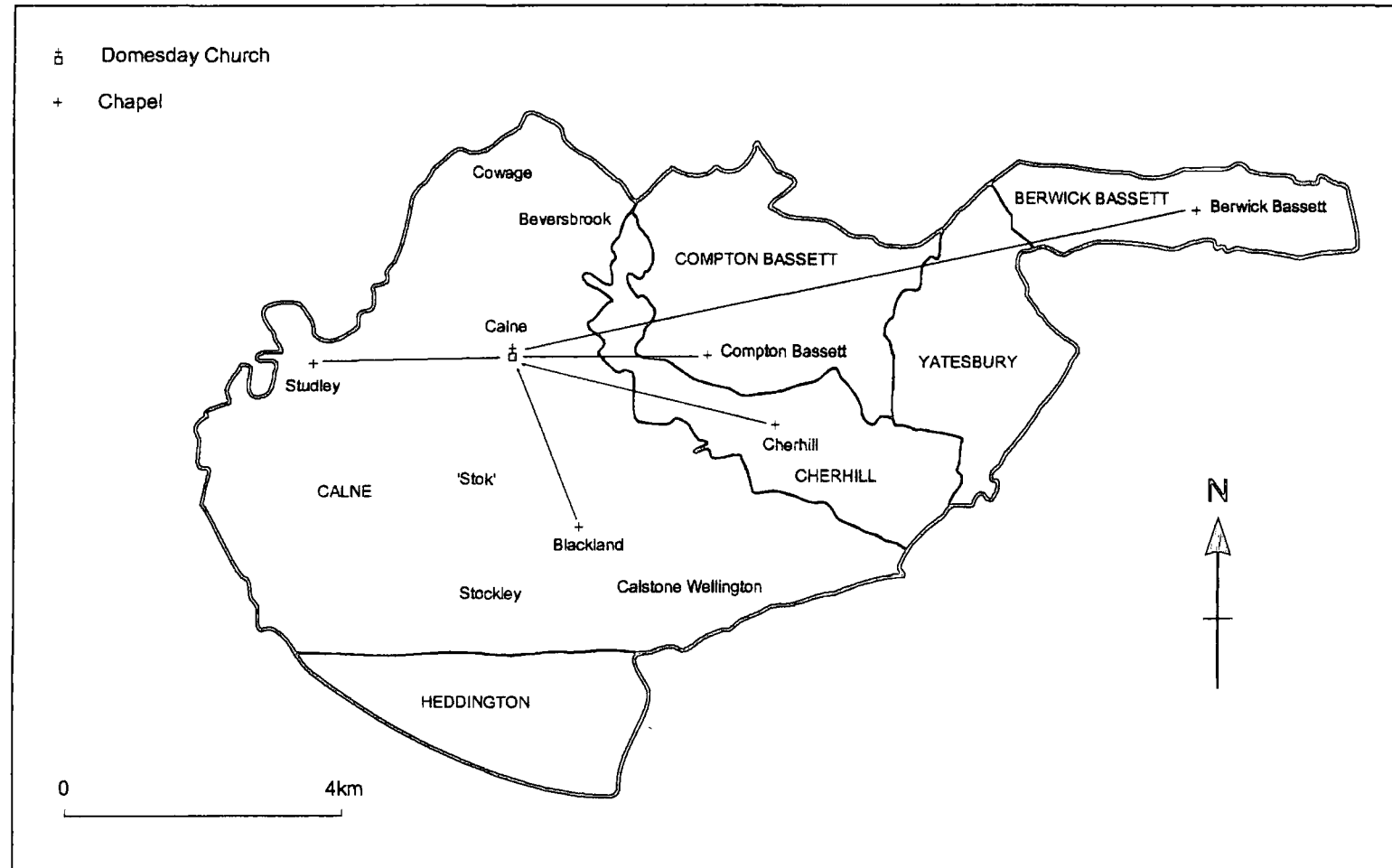


Figure 36: Provisional map of the Anglo-Saxon great estate of Calne, showing known ecclesiastical dependence on the Calne minster.

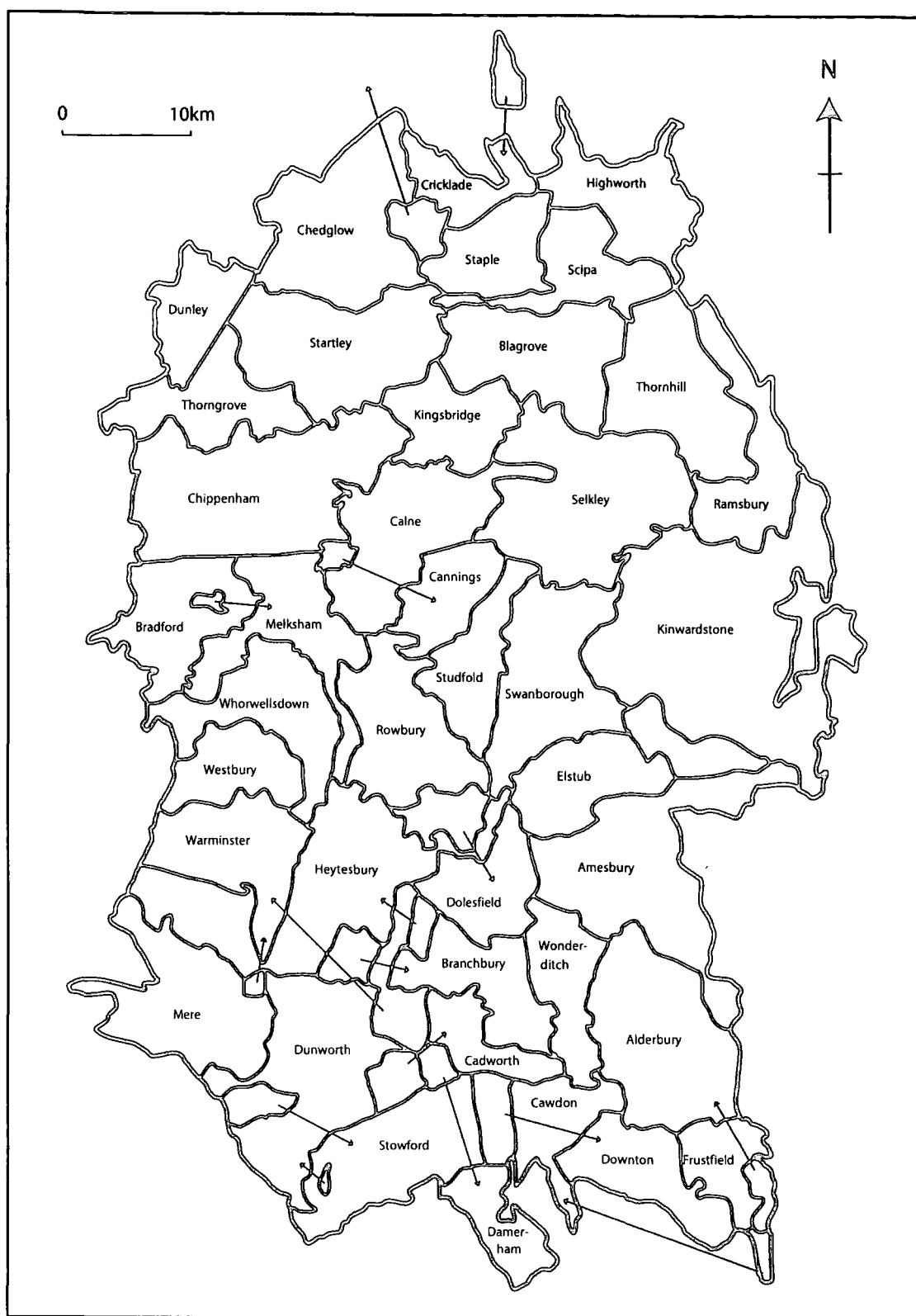


Figure 37: Provisional reconstruction map of the Domesday hundreds of Wiltshire (based on map accompanying Thorn 1989).

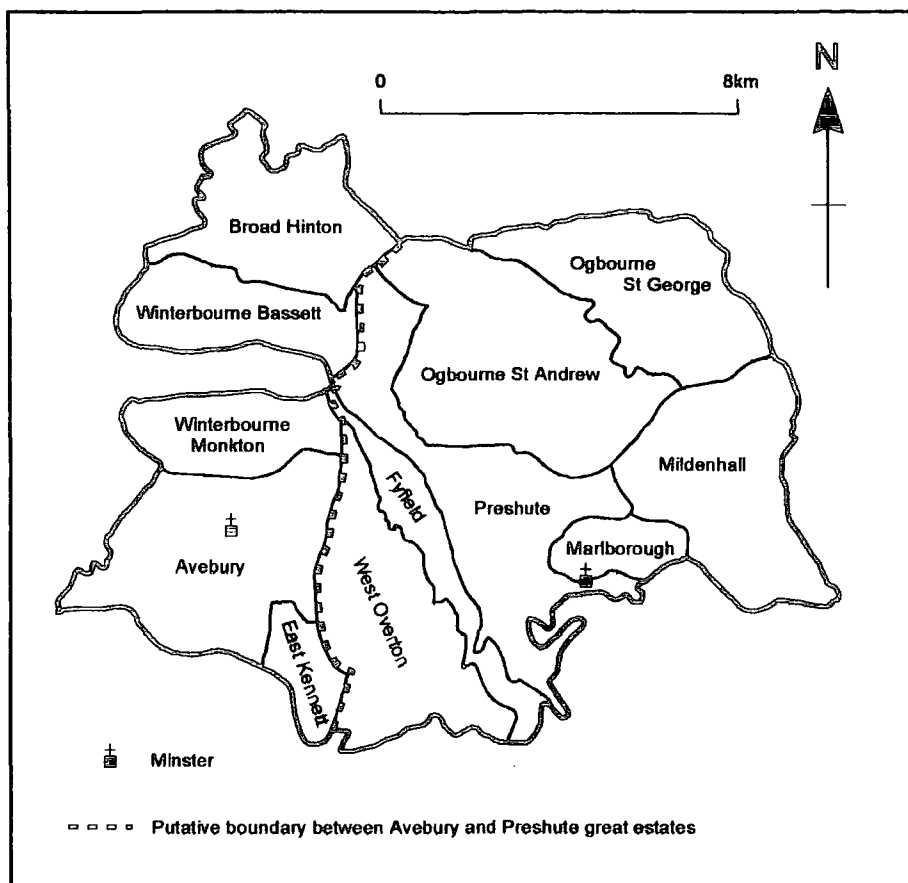


Figure 38: The Domesday hundred of Selkley, showing its likely origins in two Middle Saxon great estates centred on Avebury and Preshute.



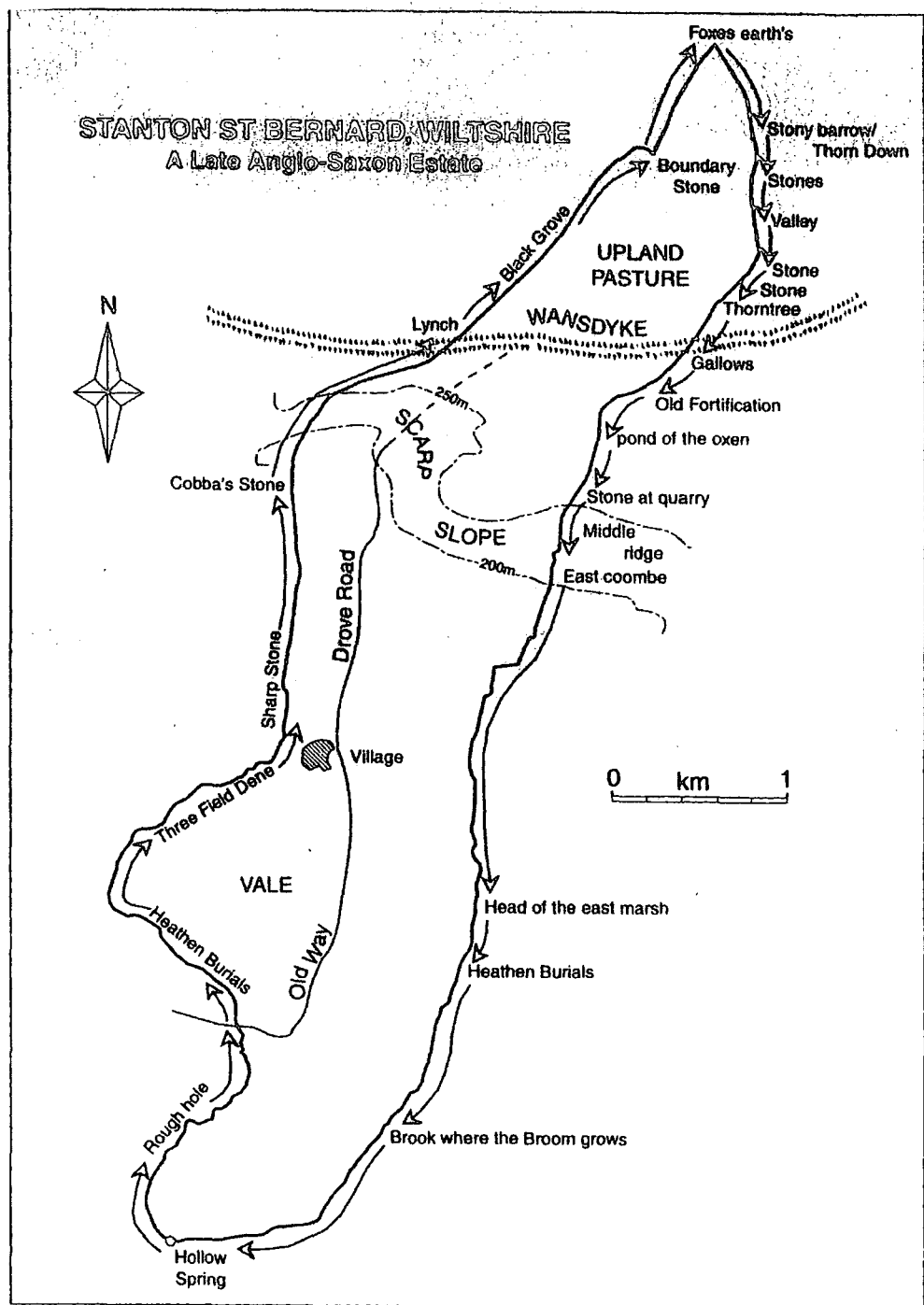


Figure 39: The bounds of the charter of AD 957 describing the Late Saxon estate at Stanton St Bernard (Reynolds 1999).

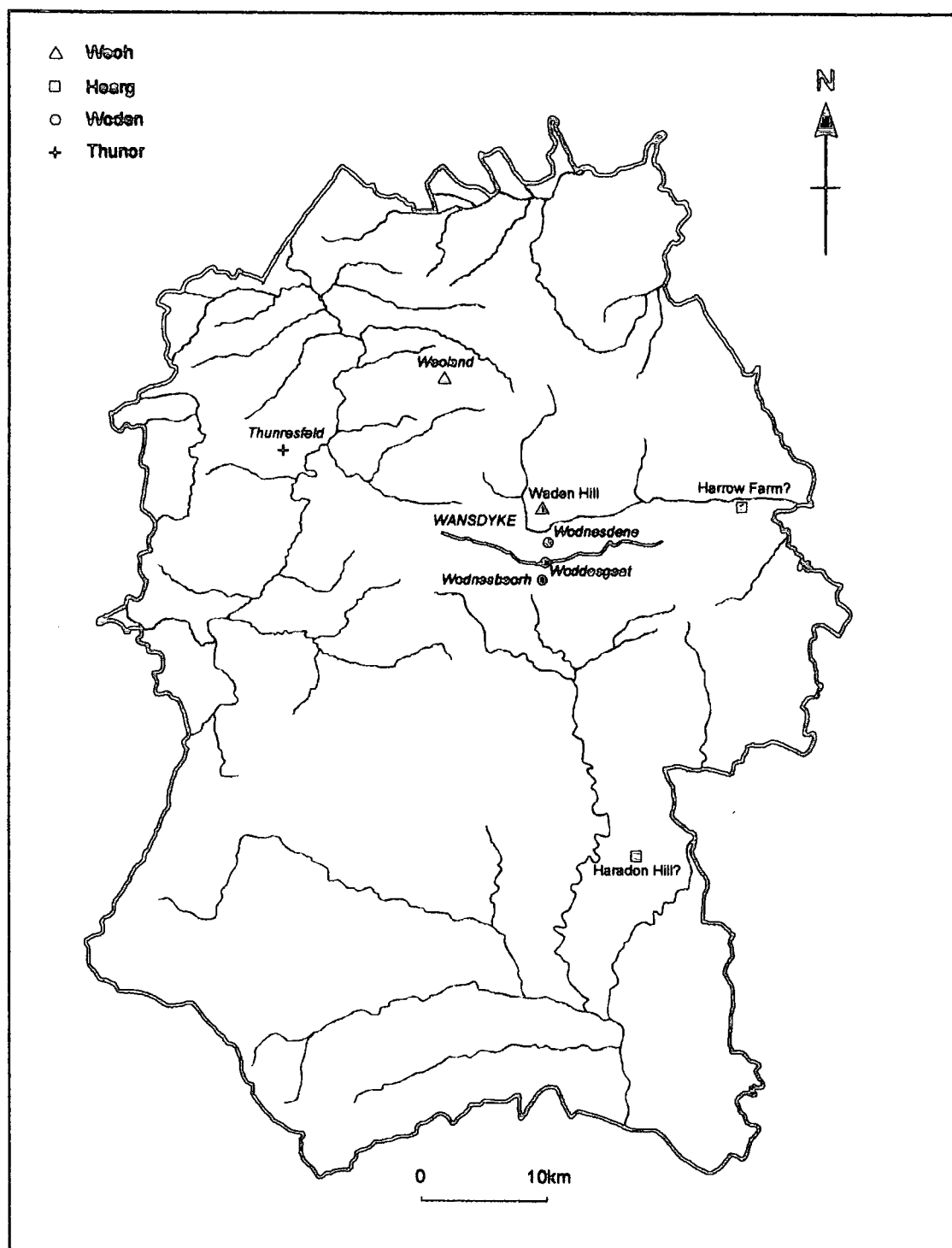


Figure 40: Pagan Anglo-Saxon place-names in Wiltshire. After Gelling 1997 and Gover *et al.* 1939.

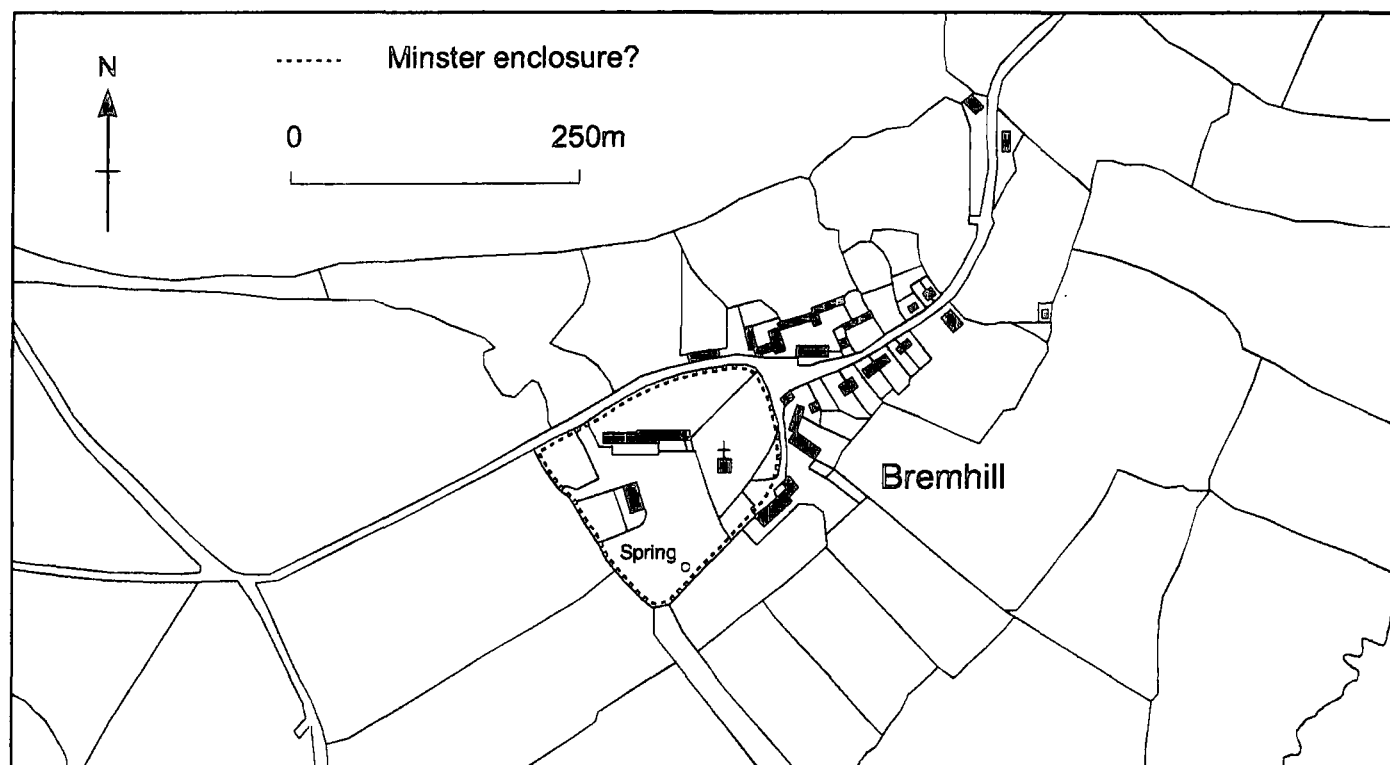
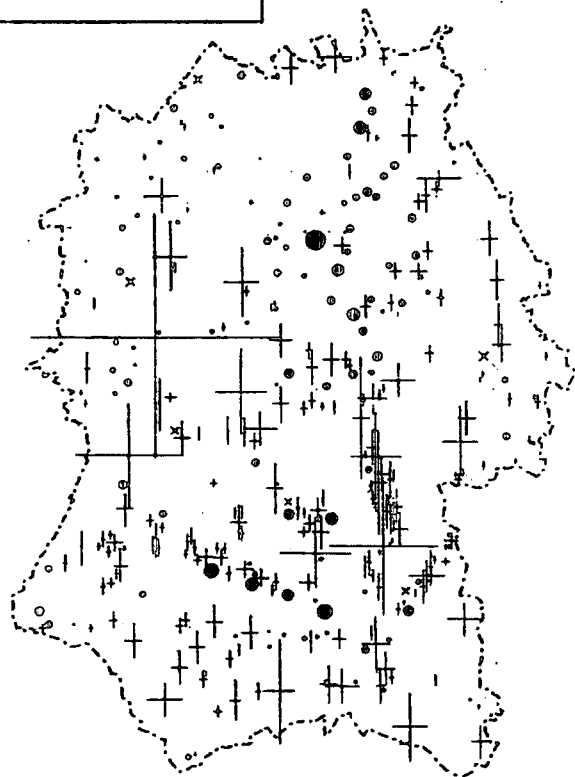


Figure 41: Plan of Bremhill showing its regular village plan and the putative Anglo-Saxon minster enclosure. (Based on OS First Edition 6 inch: 1 mile map).

# WILTSHIRE DOMESDAY PASTURE

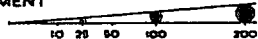
10 MILES



— ONE DOMESDAY LEAGUE OR 12 DOMESDAY FURLONGS

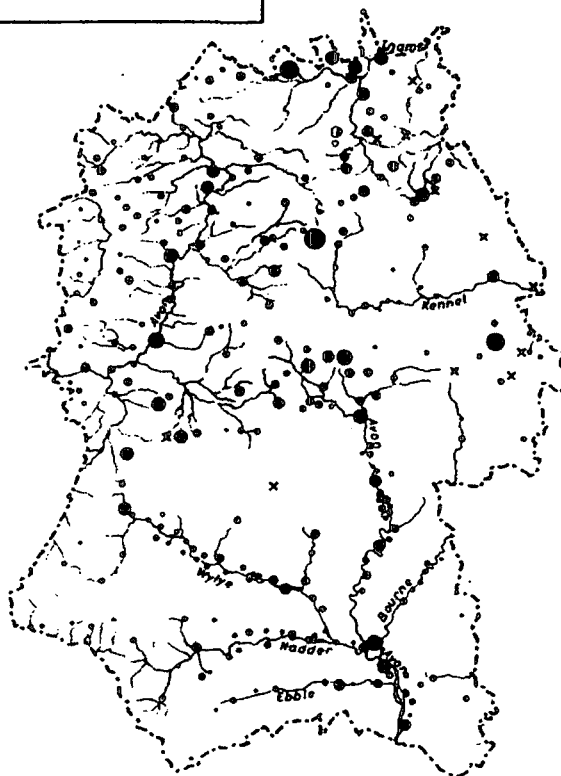
THE AREA OF EACH CIRCLE IS PROPORTIONAL  
TO THE NUMBER OF ACRES OF PASTURE IN  
EACH SETTLEMENT

x OTHER MENTION



# WILTSHIRE DOMESDAY MEADOW

10 MILES



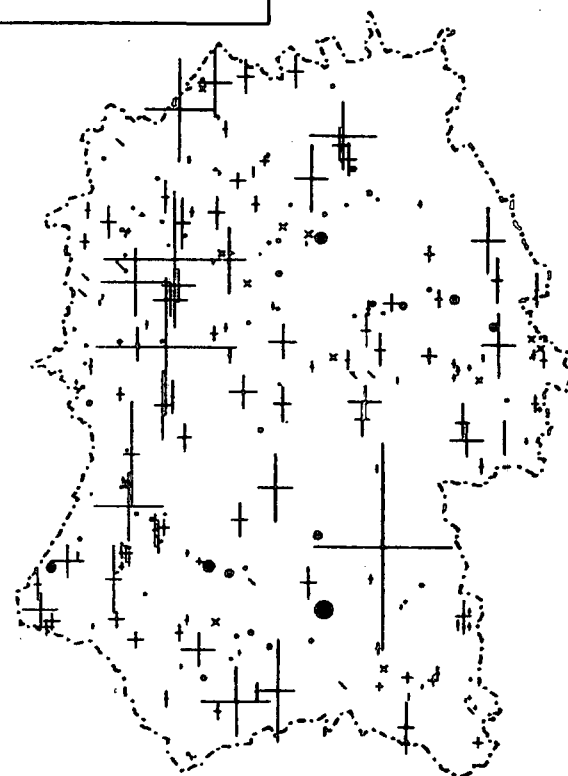
THE AREA OF EACH CIRCLE IS PROPORTIONAL TO THE  
NUMBER OF ACRES OF MEADOW IN EACH SETTLEMENT



x OTHER MENTION OF MEADOW

# WILTSHIRE DOMESDAY WOODLAND

10 MILES

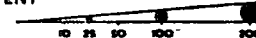


— ONE DOMESDAY LEAGUE OR 12 DOMESDAY FURLONGS

THE AREA OF EACH CIRCLE IS PROPORTIONAL  
TO THE NUMBER OF ACRES OF WOODLAND IN  
EACH SETTLEMENT

x OTHER MENTION

\ UNDERWOOD



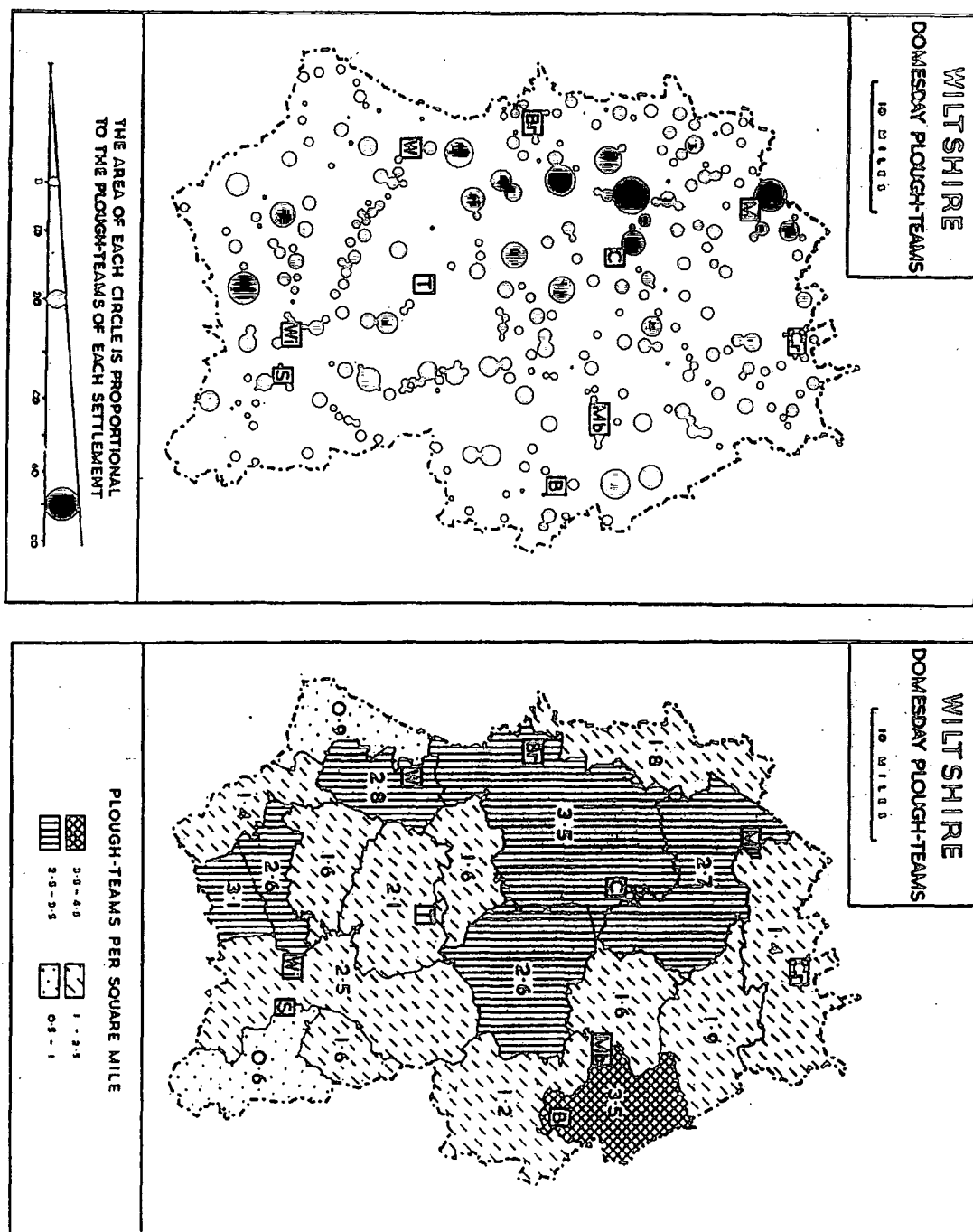


Figure 42: Domesday pasture, meadow, woodland and plough-teams in Wiltshire (Welldon Finn 1967).

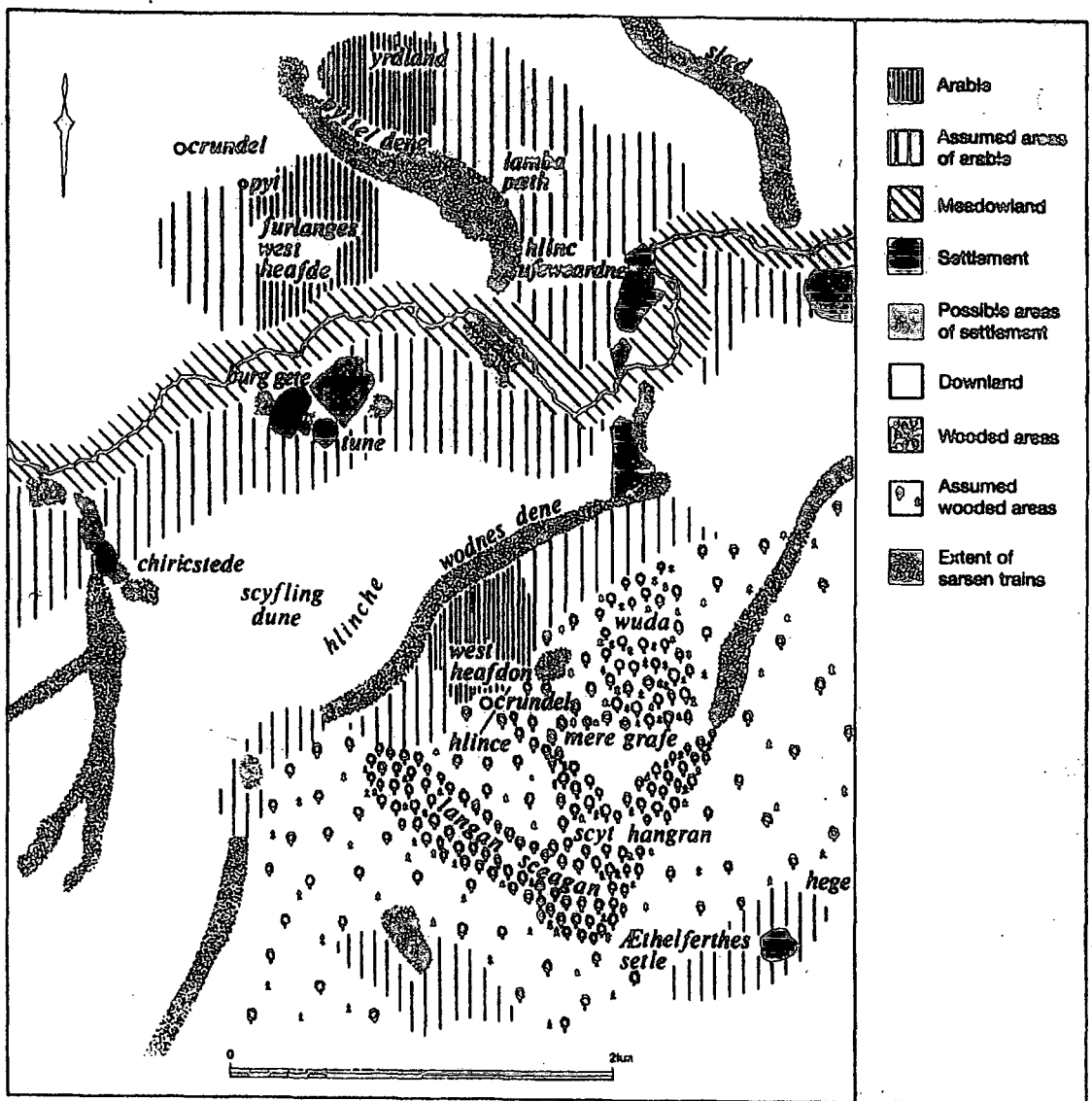


Figure 43: Reconstruction map of the tenth-century landscape of the Kennet valley, showing boundary features mentioned in the East Overton charter of 939 and the Kennett charter of 972 (Fowler 2000a).

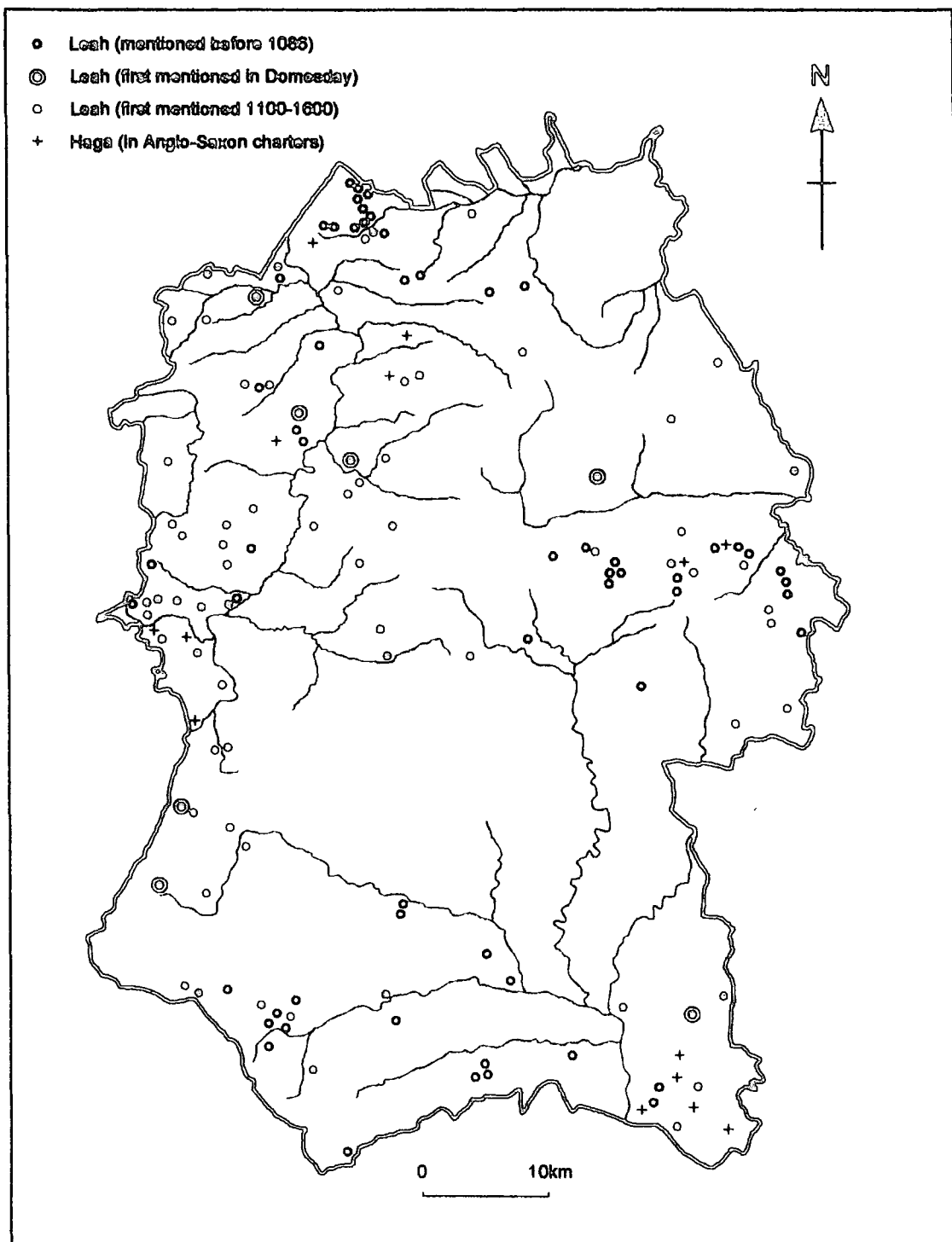


Figure 44: Distribution map showing the distribution of *leah* and *haga* names in Wiltshire. (Based on Gover *et al.* 1939, Costen 1994 and Hooke 1998).

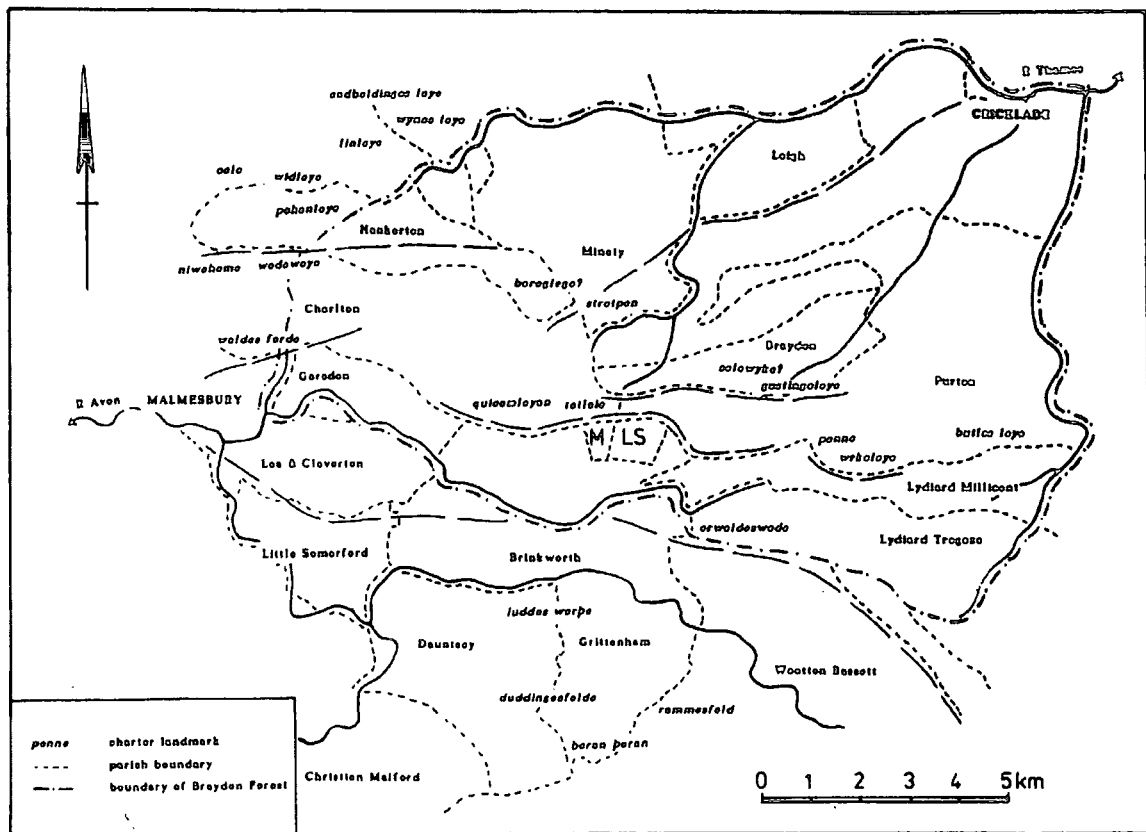


Figure 45: Reconstruction map of Anglo-Saxon charter boundary features in Braydon Forest (Hooke 1994).



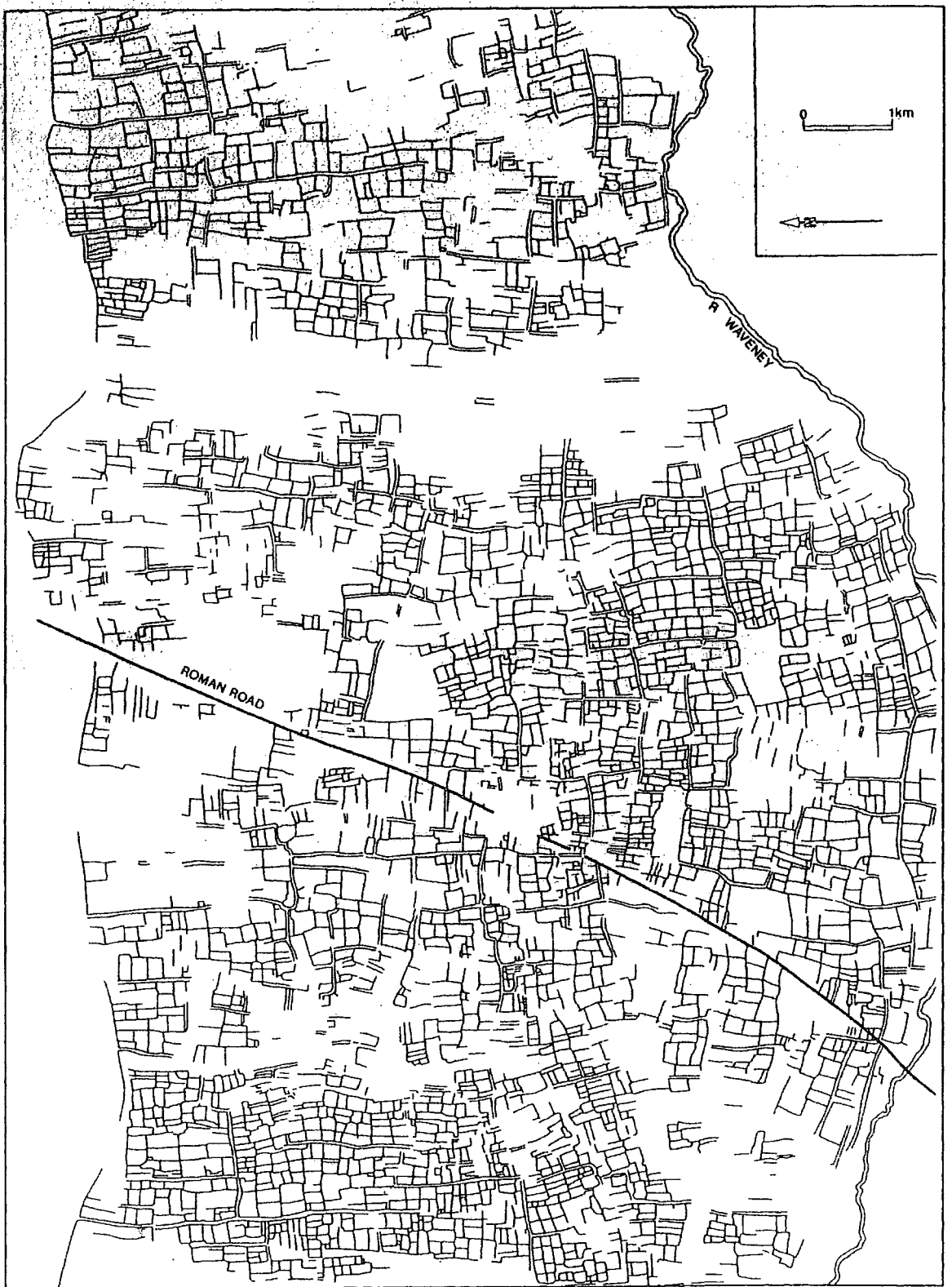


Figure 46: The 'Scole-Dickleburgh' field system in south Norfolk (Williamson 2003).

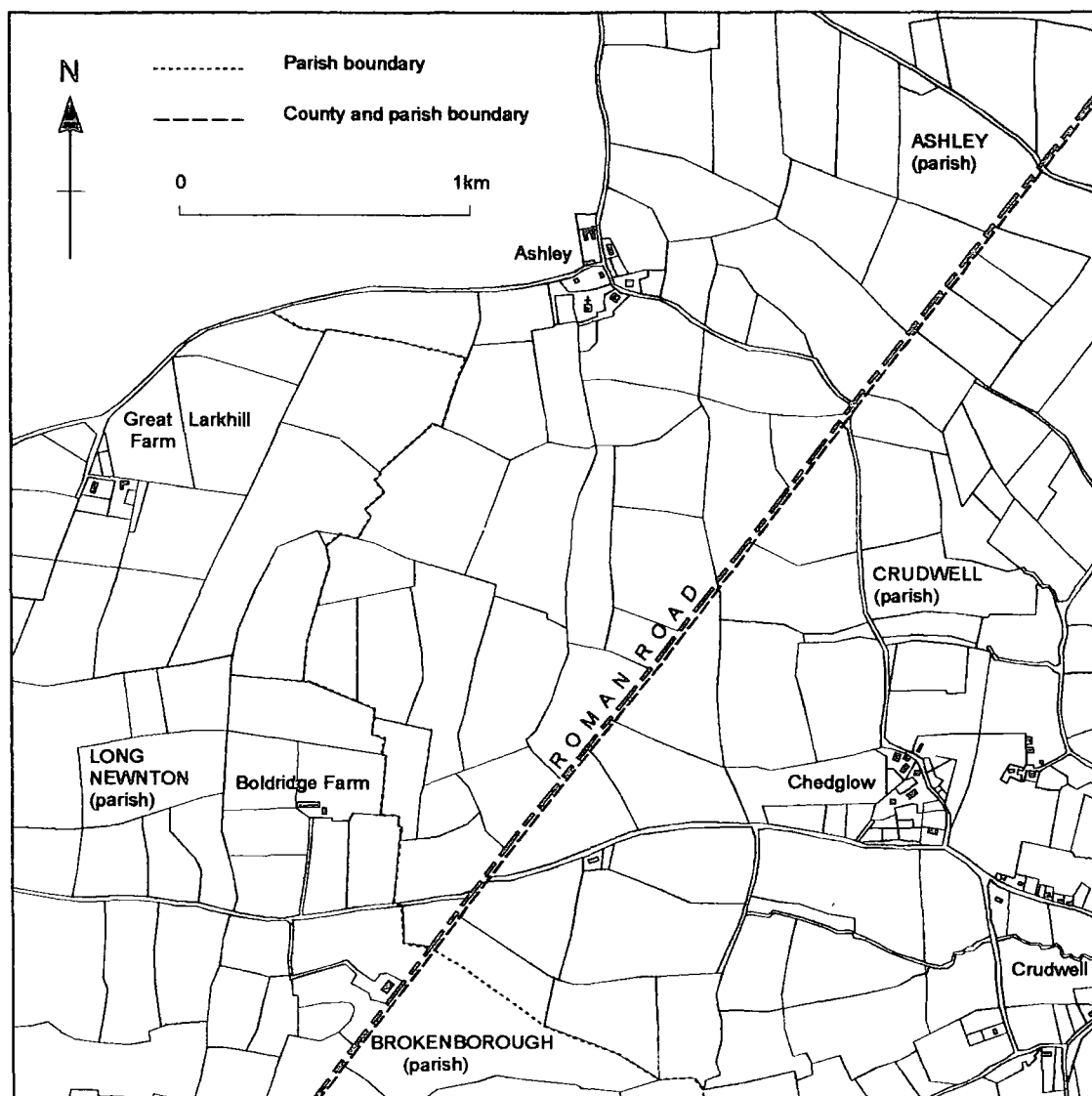


Figure 47: Map of rectilinear field boundaries on the Wiltshire/Gloucestershire border, some of which underlie the Roman Fosse Way. (Based on OS Explorer 1:25000 map).

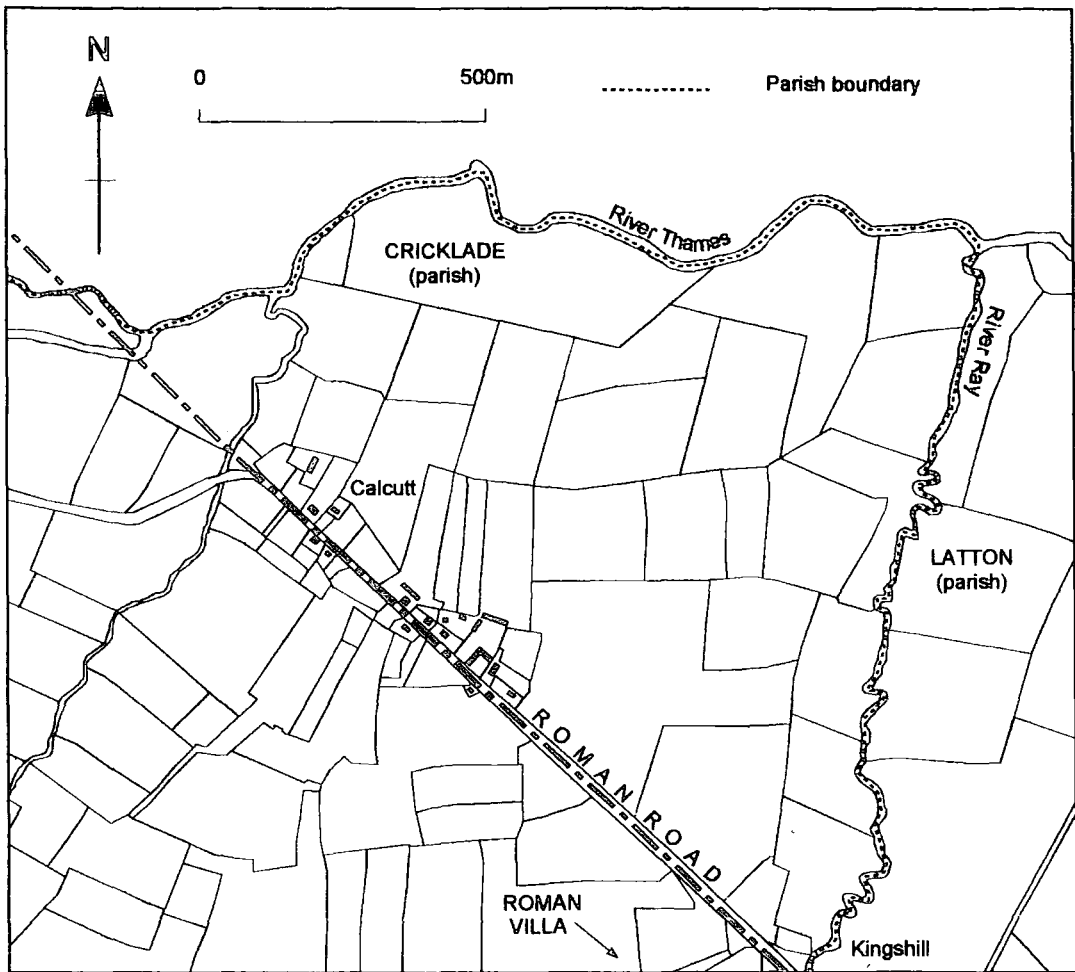
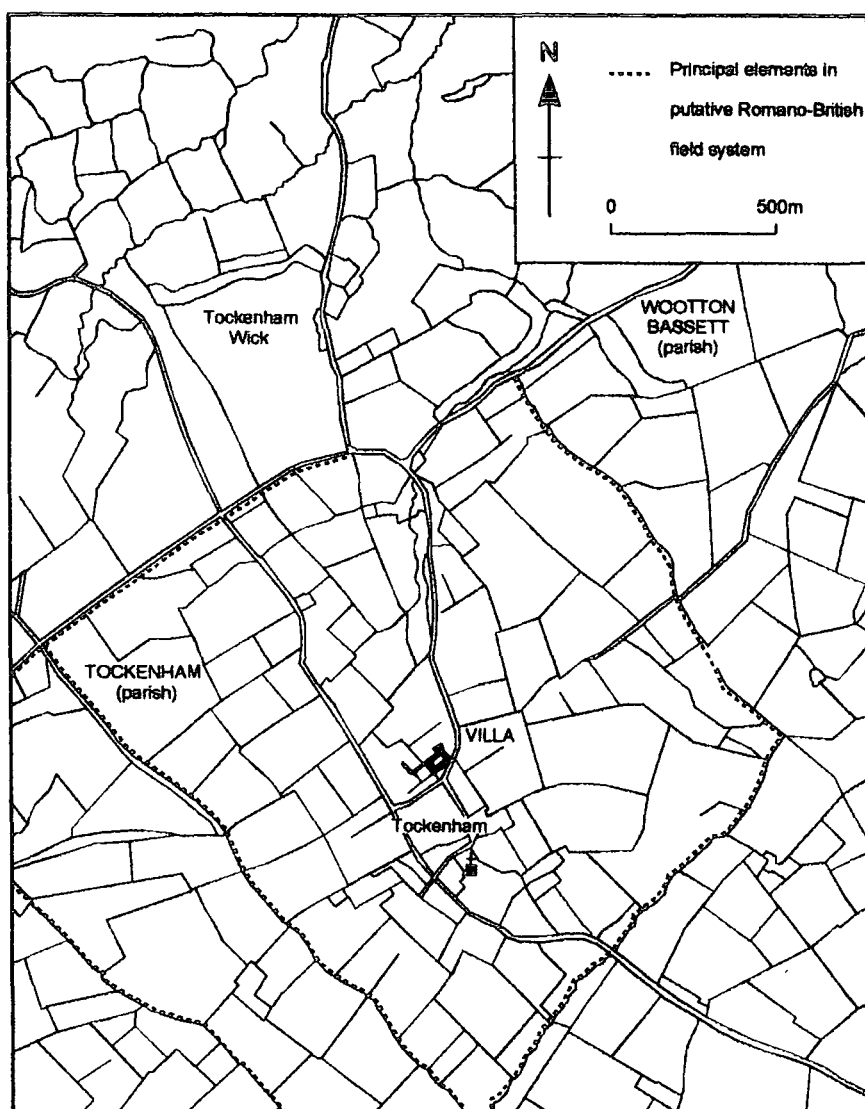


Figure 48: Map of rectilinear field boundaries at Calcutt in Cricklade, some of which underlie the Roman Ermin Street. (Based on OS First Edition 6 inch: 1 mile map).



**Figure 49: Map showing the nineteenth-century rectilinear field boundaries and putative Romano-British field system surrounding the Roman villa at Tockenham. (After Harding and Lewis 1997).**

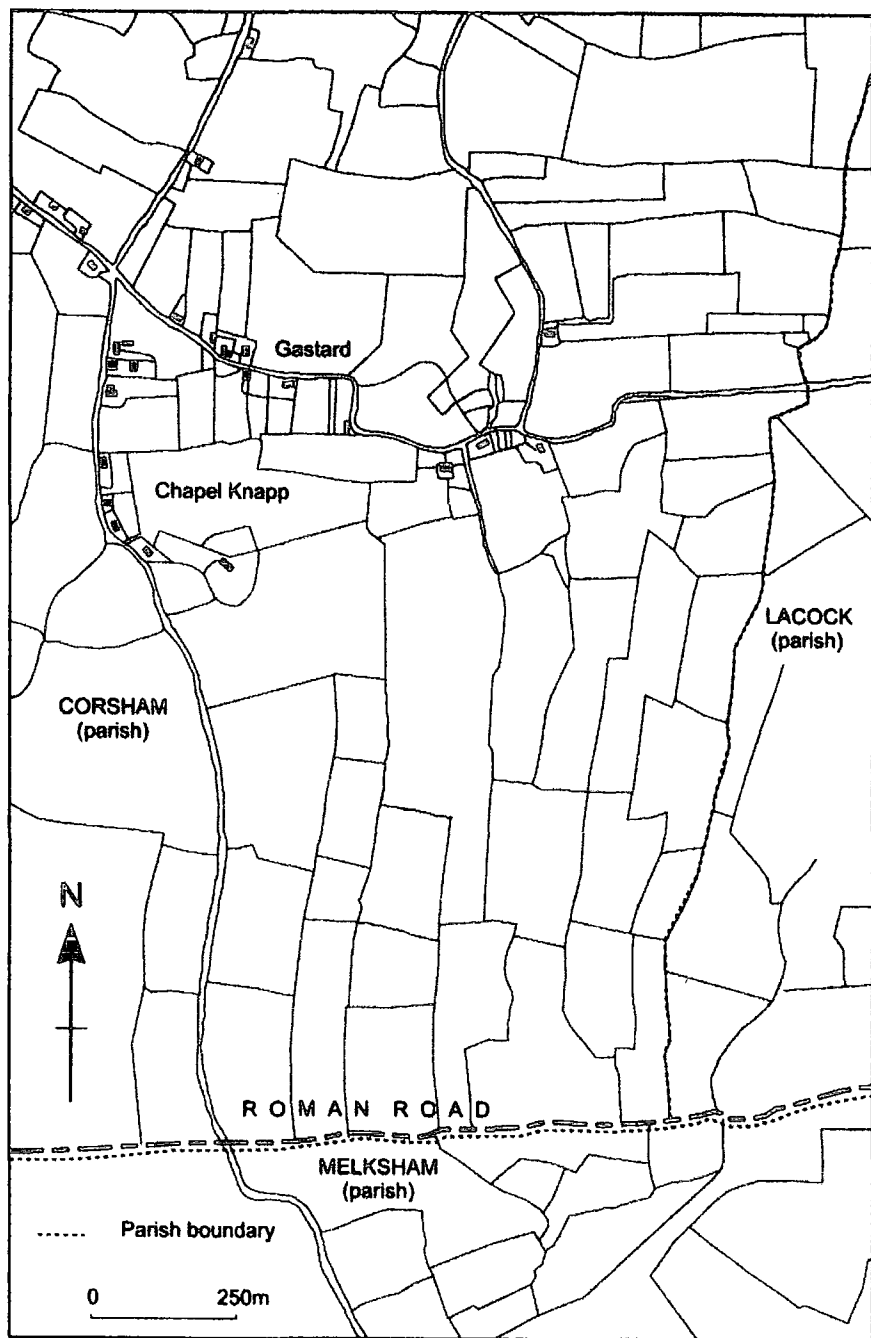


Figure 50: Map of rectilinear 'brickwork' field boundaries at Gastard in Corsham, showing their relationship to the Bath-Mildenhall Roman road. (Based on OS First Edition 6 inch: 1 mile map).

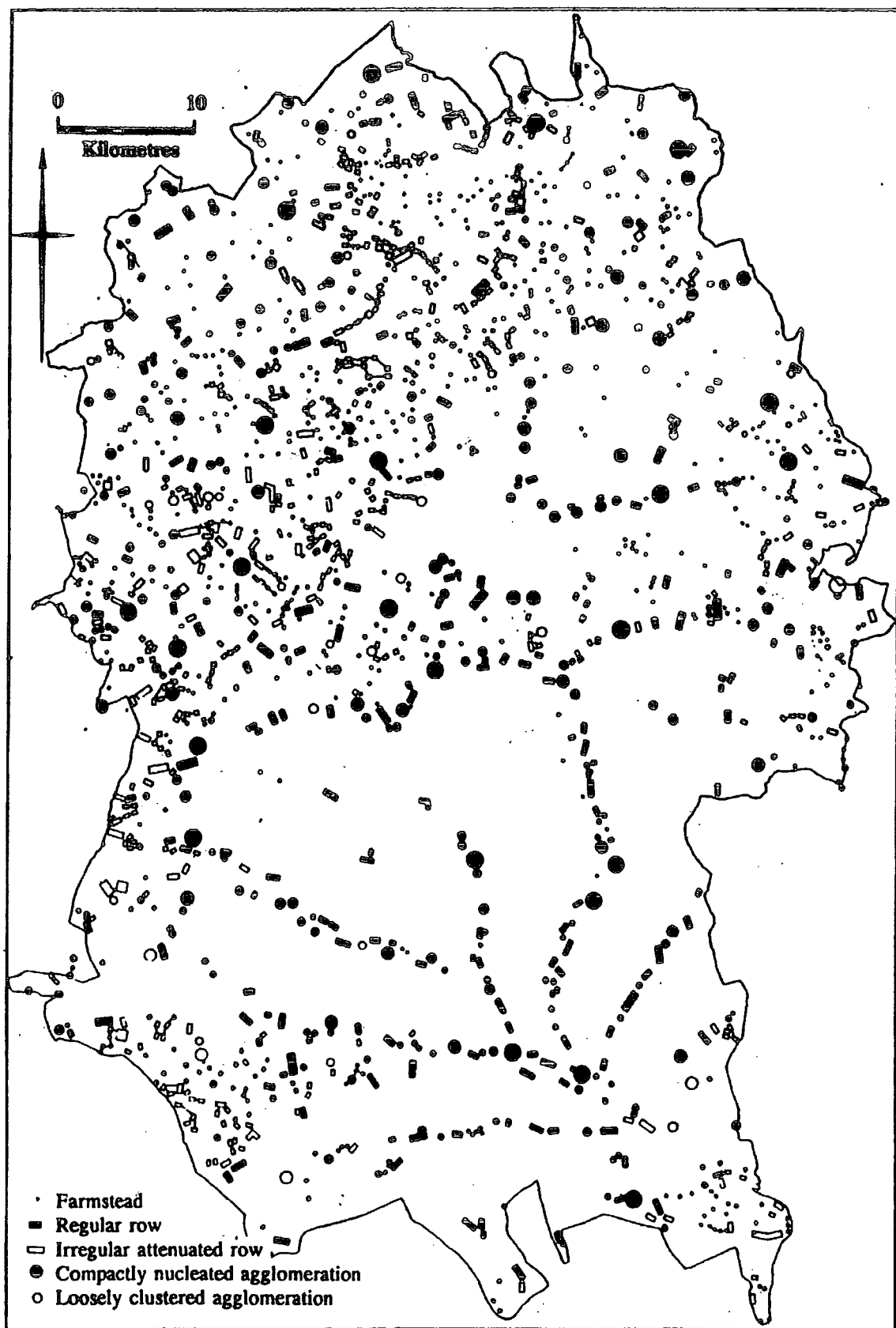


Figure 51 - The settlement pattern of Wiltshire in 1773, as classified by Carenza Lewis, using Andrews and Dury's map of the county (Lewis 1994).

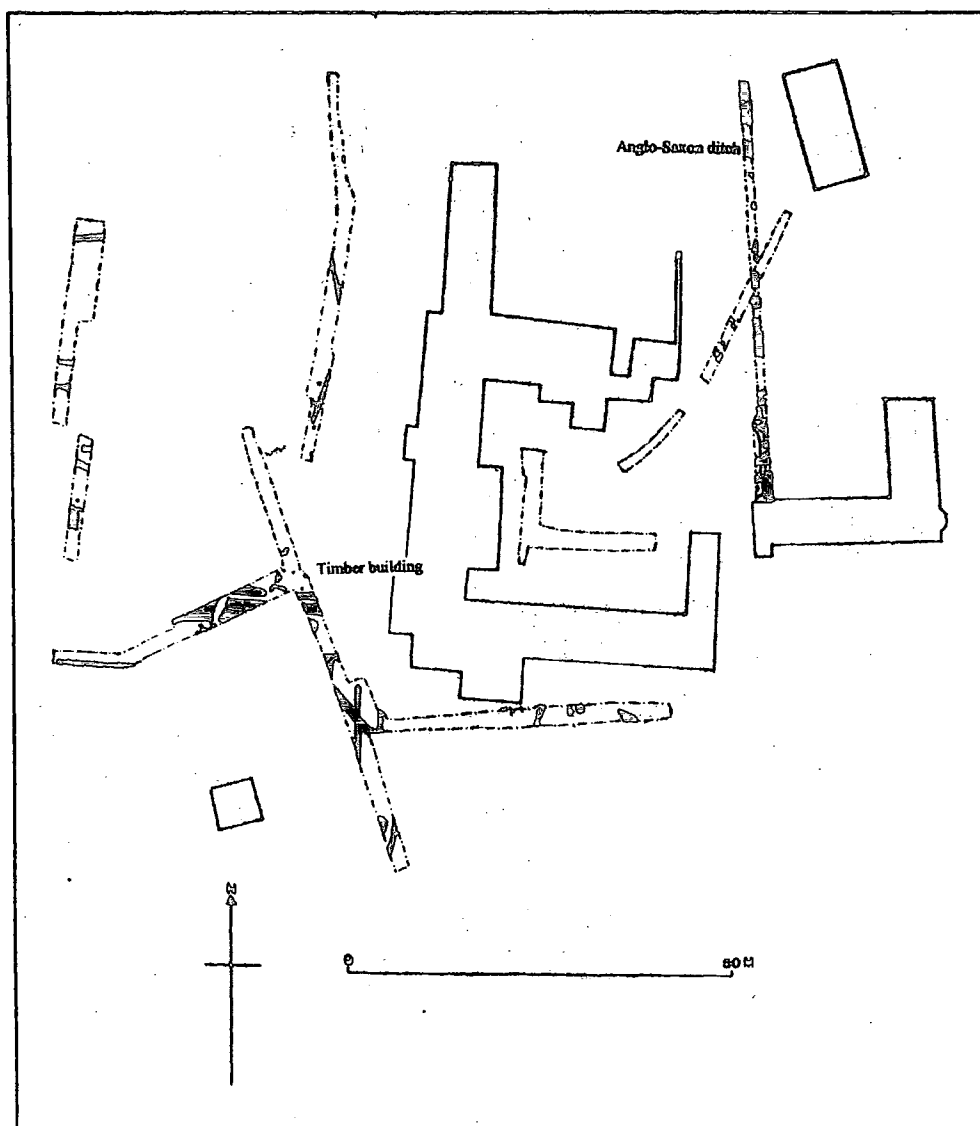


Figure 52: Plan of Anglo-Saxon and medieval features excavated by Wessex Archaeology at West Kennett Farm in Avebury parish (Pollard and Reynolds 2002).

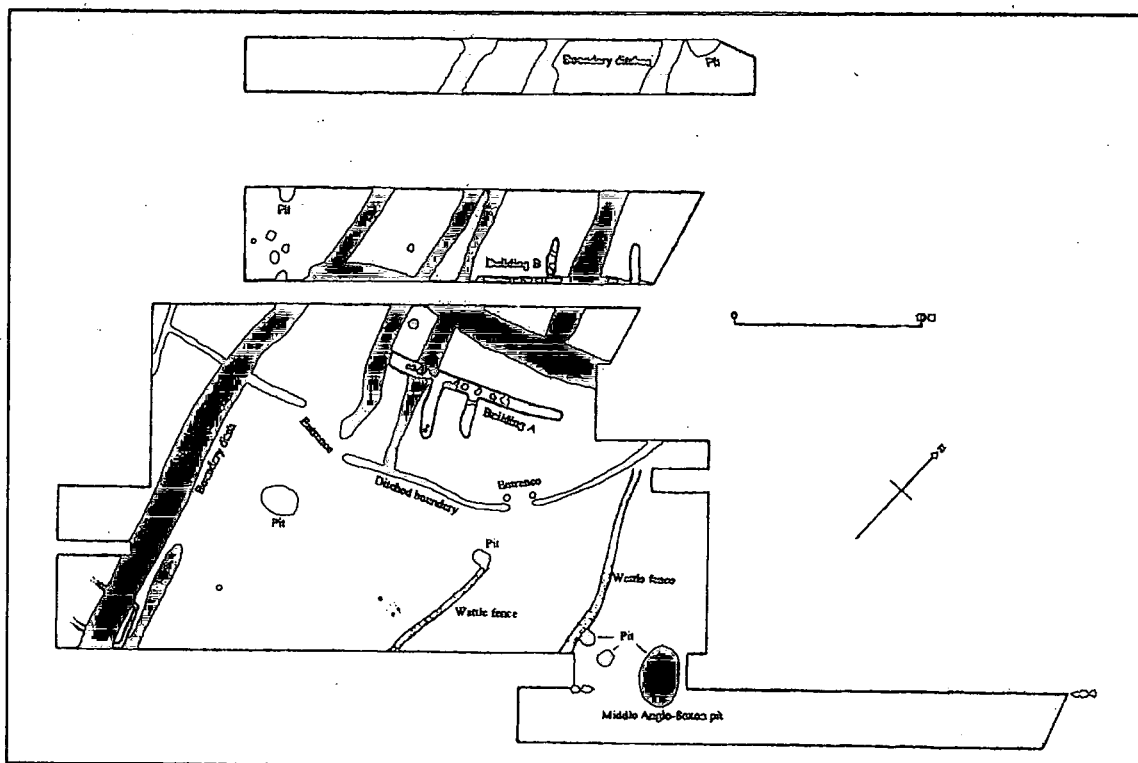


Figure 53: Plan of the excavated Anglo-Saxon settlement features at the School site in Avebury village (Pollard and Reynolds 2002).



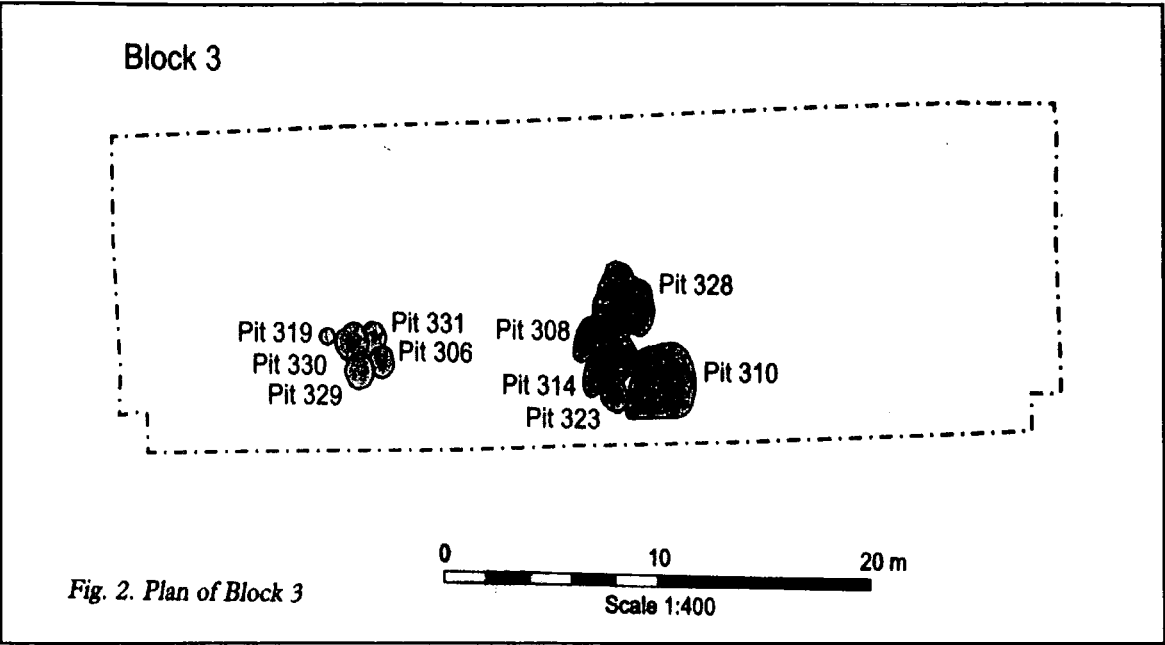


Figure 54: Plan of the excavated Anglo-Saxon pits on the Matthew Estate in Tidworth parish (Godden *et al.* 2002).

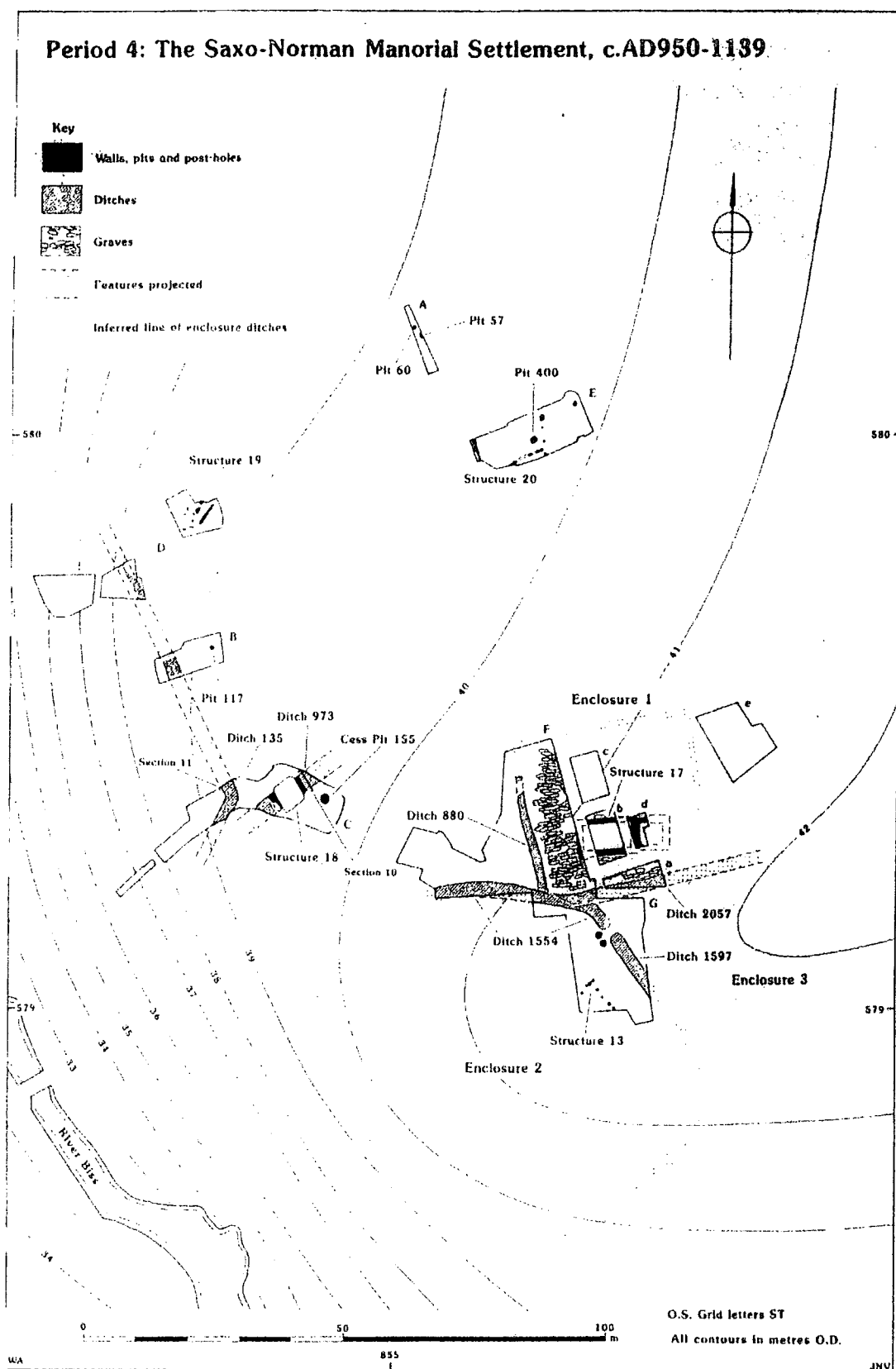


Figure 55: Plan of the Saxo-Norman phase of the excavated settlement at Trowbridge (Graham and Davies 1993).

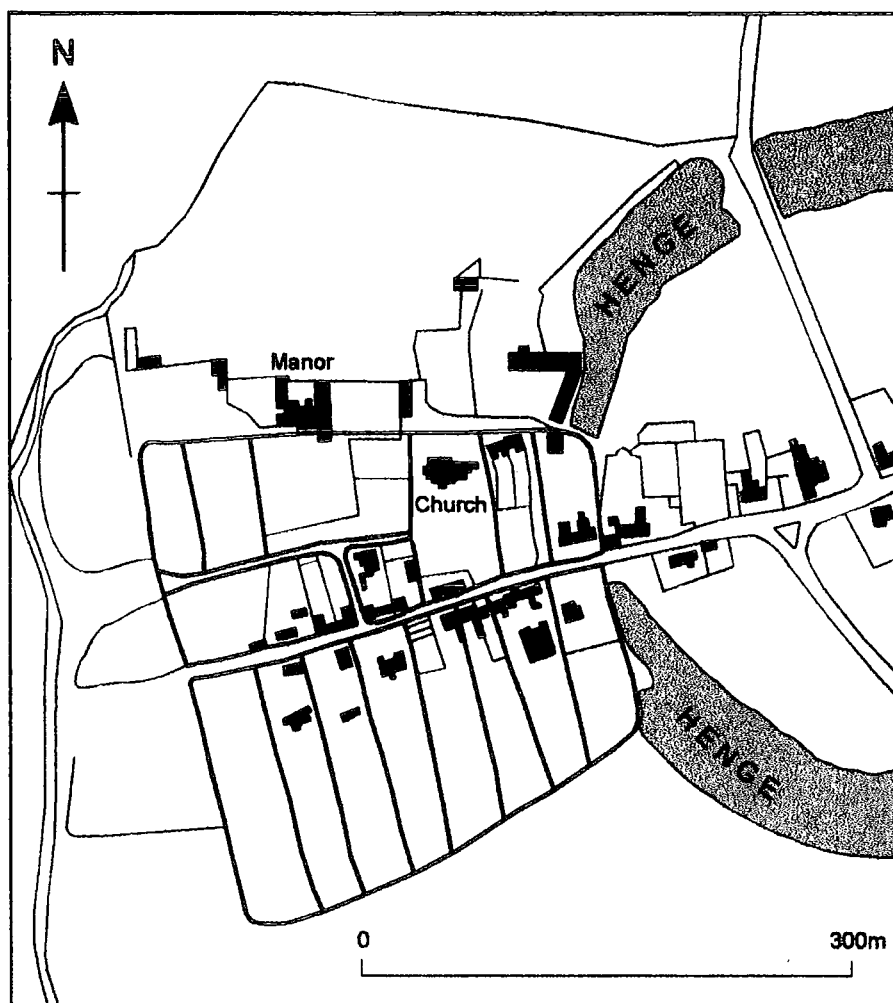


Figure 56: Plan of Avebury, showing the proposed Late Saxon regular village layout. (After Reynolds 2001).

